GNPS Dashboard: Collaborative Analysis of Mass Spectrometry Data in the Web Browser

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55 Abstract (3 sentences, no more than 70 words)

56 Access to web-based platforms has enabled scientists to perform research remotely. A critical
57 aspect of mass spectrometry data analysis is the inspection, analysis, and visualization of the raw
58 data to validate data quality and confirm statistical observations. We developed the GNPS
59 Dashboard, a web-based data visualization tool, to facilitate synchronous collaborative
60 inspection, visualization, and analysis of private and public mass spectrometry data remotely.

62 Maintext (1500 words max)

Web-based computing has changed our digital lives. The recent disruptions to office and

laboratory workspaces resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, including campus closures,

telework, and stay-at-home orders, all increased the need for the development of novel online

approaches to scientific research. In particular, the responses to these needs revealed that near-

real-time synchronous interactive web applications used simultaneously by more than one person

in the same analysis environment (similar to collaborative text editing in Google Docs or Microsoft

Office 365), would enable a level of collaborative research that was simply not possible in

traditional work environments.

One of the key analytical chemistry techniques applied to the life sciences is mass

spectrometry (MS). Although there are numerous software solutions for analysis of MS data, most

require the installation of specific software packages, advanced knowledge in command-line

based execution, expert knowledge of where data can be found, downloading of data with file

transfer protocols to a local drive, and conversion of data into compatible formats[1–3]. Notably,

many MS data analysis software packages suffer from incompatibility with different data formats

and poor interoperability. The limited accessibility of analysis software poses a significant barrier

for MS data inspection by both experts and non-experts, which prevents collaborators, reviewers,

and readers of scientific publications from inspecting the raw MS data to reproduce and verify

interpretation or discuss data while inspecting it. Although current web-based visualizations of MS

data are available for single spectrum visualization[4–7], there are no open browser visualization

solutions for full MS datasets. With the rapid growth in MS data availability[6,8–10] and the potential

to leverage large MS datasets to develop novel hypotheses, it is becoming increasingly important

for the scientific community to have open and transparent solutions to share, inspect, and

reproduce MS data and its analysis.

We developed the GNPS Dashboard, a centralized web resource (https://gnps-
lcms.ucsd.edu), to facilitate the visualization of liquid and gas chromatography-mass
spectrometry (LC-MS and GC-MS) data for quality inspection, visualization, sharing, collaborative
examination, and hands-on teaching of MS concepts using private and publicly available MS data,
including files stored in the MS data repositories GNPS/MassIVE[6], MetaboLights[9],
ProteomeXchange[11], and Metabolomics Workbench[8] (**Fig. 1,** Link to Instructions). All publicly
shared MS files from compatible repositories can be viewed, selected, and compared in the GNPS
dataset explorer (https://gnps-explorer.ucsd.edu/). Files not deposited in public MS repositories
can be visualized through a drag-and-drop option for file transfer. Although .mzXML, .mzML[12],
.CDF, and Thermo .raw file formats are compatible with GNPS Dashboard and can be directly
uploaded for analysis (**SI Use Case 9**), GNPS's quickstart interface (https://gnps-
quickstart.ucsd.edu/conversion) or Proteowizard[13] should be used to convert files to a compatible
format. Via deep linking from the GNPS platform, GNPS Dashboard serves as a data explorer
and central hub for further data analysis from Classical Molecular Networking[6] (**SI Use Case 9**)
and Feature-based Molecular Networking[14] (**SI Use Cases 1 and 8**), MSHub GC-MS
deconvolution[15], *in silico* spectrum annotation via SIRIUS and CSI:FingerID[16] (**SI Use Case 10**),
and MASST[17] (**SI Use Case 5**).

The GNPS Dashboard enables rapid inspection of Total Ion Chromatograms (TIC), 2D
retention time versus *m/z* heat map for global inspection of all signals, Extracted Ion
Chromatograms (XIC) (**SI Use Cases 1, 2, 12, and 15**), and tandem mass spectra (MS/MS) (**SI
Use Case 13**) for inspection/visualization of individual compounds, as well as quantitative
comparison of the peak abundances of two groups as box-plots (**Fig. 2 and SI Use Case 7)**.
Publication-quality figures of each display item are automatically generated for download in
scalable vector graphic (.svg) format. Further, the GNPS Dashboard can aid peer review of
scientific manuscripts (**SI Use Case 17**) and inspecting public quantitative proteomics data to
validate published results (**SI Use Cases 6 and 13**). Beyond visualization and analysis of MS
data, the GNPS Dashboard has been shown to support the development of other bioinformatics
tools (**SI Use Case 14**) that may not have their own web-enabled user interfaces.

The GNPS Dashboard encodes the full state of the visualization interface in an easily-
shareable link, which empowers users to share the exact same visualization with others (e.g.,
including pan/zoom configurations), thus reducing miscommunication and improving data
transparency, for example during (remote) meetings with collaborators (**SI Use Case 3**). Every
visualization and analysis result can be shared via a URL that will re-launch the original data
visualization on their device along with the history of the analysis (enabling users to rewind and

step forward each discrete analysis step, up to 1000 steps per session). Users can share these
links with collaborators and embed them in publications, presentations, or social media posts (e.g.
Example Tweet and **SI Use Case 4**). As with the shared link, a final visualization can also be
shared as a Quick Response (QR) code. Anyone with a link or QR code can build upon the
analysis and re-share their additions (**SI Use Case 3**). Links and QR codes will remain valid,
accessible, and embeddable in publications and presentations for data that has been archived in
a public repository.

To further and uniquely enhance remote collaborations or classroom teaching, the GNPS
Dashboard includes leader-follower synchronization (real-time updates from one user) and fully
collaborative synchronization (real-time updates from multiple users). The leader-follower mode
enables followers to mirror a leader's analysis in real-time. The followers can then disconnect the
synchronization at any time to continue the analysis from where the leader left off without needing
to reload the data. Synchronization modes facilitate collaborations and remote as well as in-
person teaching. The GNPS Dashboard leader-follower paradigm has already been used in
remote classroom teaching by at least five institutions, including undergraduate institutions, with
up to 50 students per classroom (**SI Use Case 5**). The fully collaborative synchronization enables
multi-user simultaneous shaping of the visualization and data exploration in a manner similar to
online synchronous collaborative document editing (**SI Use Case 18**). For example, users can
initiate a collaborative session with two or more people on any web-accessible device and can
edit simultaneously with this link (GNPS Collab Start Link and Instructions). In these
synchronization and standard analysis modes, not only is the final state of the analysis saved but
so is every discrete action, enabling users to follow advancement or review past evolution of data
analysis. A snapshot and history of the collaborative work can be created and shared.

While the GNPS Dashboard is accessible as a free public web service, it is possible to
locally install the GNPS Dashboard to function with local data sources, making collaborative
analysis and sharing possible, privately, within an institution when necessary (*e.g.* government
agencies and clinical laboratories). Although only recently introduced, the GNPS Dashboard has
already supported the visualization of 8,144 mass spectrometry files from a worldwide user base
(October 2020 - April 2021). We envision that over time new features will be added to the GNPS
Dashboard to support new mass spectrometry data types (*e.g.*, ion mobility) and visualizations,
in collaboration with the mass spectrometry community.

Overall, the GNPS Dashboard facilitates the visualization and exploration of mass
spectrometry data online, which significantly lowers the barriers to entry for data analysis, and
introduces new modes of collaborative data analysis. Tying the capabilities of the GNPS

Dashboard together with public data repositories will improve public data analysis, promote re-
analysis, encourage data transparency and sharing, and strengthen the reproducibility of data
analysis.

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Figure 1: Overview of the GNPS Dashboard in the Data/Analysis Ecosystem. The GNPS Dashboard
has been integrated into the web-accessible mass spectrometry ecosystem. The top and left panels show
how the GNPS Dashboard can ingress datasets from public metabolomics resources: MetaboLights,
Metabolomics Workbench, and GNPS/MassIVE, proteomics resources: PRIDE and MassIVE, private user
uploads, and private GNPS analysis tasks. The bottom panel shows that directly out of the GNPS
Dashboard, users can launch downstream analysis on their data. Finally, the right panel shows how the
GNPS Dashboard and its visualizations can interact with the wider community with reproducible URL or
QR code link outs from any analysis and teaching/synchronous collaboration modes for real-time
interactivity.

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Figure 2: Overview of the GNPS Dashboard User Interface: The GNPS Dashboard's user interface
includes data selection and data exploration visualization via 2D LC-MS heatmaps, total ion
chromatogram, extracted ion chromatogram (XIC) and tandem mass spectra as well as simple feature
finding options and manual XIC integration. Any analysis and visualization that is created within the
GNPS Dashboard can be shared as a URL or quick response (QR) code for the community to visualize,
reproduce, and improve the data analysis.
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Online Methods
The GNPS Dashboard itself is the intersection of several web and mass spectrometry
technologies and standards, including the Universal Spectrum Identifier (USI)[7], pymzML[18],
ProteoWizard[13], ThermoRawFileParser[19], Dinosaur[20], and MZmine[2]. The dashboard is built on
web technologies with a Python backend and the inclusion of mass spectrometry-specific tools to
enable automatic conversion of data and access to the data. The open source data science tools
DataShader (Holoviz) and Plotly/Dash (Plotly Inc.) are used for visualization. Finally, the
dashboard is integrated into public mass spectrometry resources with the ability to resolve,
translate, and acquire data via the mass spectrometry USI.
The run environment and deployments are handled via Docker and Docker-Compose. A
full set of dependencies and configurations are written into the accompanying source files for the
GNPS Dashboard. Detailed documentation on how to use the GNPS dashboard can be found
here (Link).
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Data availability
All data used within this manuscript and supplemental use cases is publicly available through the
MassIVE Repository (massive.ucsd.edu) and proteomeXchange (proteomexchange.org) under
the following accession numbers: MSV000086206, MSV000086834, MSV000082378,
MSV000086996, MSV000086079, MSV000082493, MSV000085618, MSV000085852,
MSV000086584, MSV000086453, MSV000085974, MSV000085376, MSV000086729,
MSV000081885, MSV000085070, MSV000086092, MSV000079843/PXD015300,
MSV000083508/PXD010154, MSV000087056, MSV000087075, MSV000083859,
MSV000087157.
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211   The processed data highlighted in each use case can be downloaded and visualized in the
212   included urls in each example in the supplemental information.
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Code availability
The GNPS Dashboard and GNPS Dataset Explorer and their source code are available through
the GNPS web environment and GitHub, enabling quick installation on local servers.
The   GNPS   Dashboard   source   code   can   be   found   on   GitHub:
https://github.com/mwang87/GNPS_LCMSDashboard under a modified UCSD BSD License.
The GNPS Dataset Explorer source code can be found on GitHub:
https://github.com/mwang87/GNPS_DatasetExplorer under an MIT License.

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Author Contributions

MW and DP conceived the project. MW developed the software for GNPS Dashboard and GNPS Dataset Explorer. MW, DP, VVP, and PCD provided guidance and supervision. MW, DP, VVP, KNM, ATA, AKJ, BP, DACJ, AWP, CMS, MT, NG, NB, and PCD tested and offered user feedback for the GNPS Dashboard. SS and EF implemented the APIs in Metabolomics Workbench to support GNPS Dashboard. TN, BB, KL facilitated making metabolomics data in Genome Portal available in GNPS Dashboard. MW, DP, VVP, KNM, ATA, AKJ, SAJ, DA, BP, DACJ, AWP, CMS, MT, AEA, RS, NB, SB, MTM, DBO, MNH, RG, MMM, IM, JH, FVC, JMD, NG, NB, RLN, and PCD wrote use cases for the GNPS Dashboard Supplemental Information. PCD provided funding for

254   the project. PCD, MW, VVP, and DP wrote the draft manuscript. All authors edited and approved
255   the final manuscript.
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Competing Interests

258   PCD is a scientific advisor of Sirenas, Galileo, Cybele, and scientific advisor and co-founder of
259   Ometa Labs LLC and Enveda with approval by the UC San Diego. MW is a founder of Ometa
260   Labs LLC. TRN is an advisor of Brightseed Bio.
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