

1 **Supplementary Material**

2 A gene expression atlas of embryonic
3 neurogenesis in *Drosophila* reveals complex
4 spatiotemporal regulation of lncRNAs.

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31 1. Supplementary Materials and Methods

32 1.1 Fly strains and husbandry

33 *Drosophila melanogaster* lines used in this study include

34 <i>yellow-white</i>	$y^1 w^{1118}$	(source: BSC# 6598)
35 <i>IC::GFP</i>	$y^1 w^{1118} ; P\{3xind_1.4::GFP\}$	(this study)
36 <i>IC::dsRed</i>	$y^1 w^{1118} ; P\{3xind_1.4::dsRed\}$	(this study)
37 <i>VC::dsRed</i>	$y^1 w^{1118} ; P\{2xvnd_743::dsRED\}$	(Karaiskos et al. 2017)
38 <i>vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	$y^1 w^{1118} ; M\{3xvnd-lexA:Cit\}^{attP_ZH51C} ; P\{vnd:FNLDD\}$	(Krueger et al.,
39 unpublished)		
40 <i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	$y^1 w^{1118} ; M\{3xrho-lexA:Cit\}^{attP_ZH51C} ; P\{vnd:FNLDD\}$	(Krueger et al.,
41 unpublished)		
42		

43 The *IC::GFP* and *IC::dsRed* lines were created by standard P-element transgenesis (Rubin & Spradling
 44 | 1982) in a $y^1 w^{1118}$ background. The *ind* enhancer (*ind_1.4*) (Markstein et al. 2004) was cloned using
 45 | primers (ngctagcgtcgacGCTTCAAAGCTCCGGGAAACG & nctcgagTCTGGGCCTTCGGTCCGAAAATG)
 46 | flanked with NheI and Sall restriction sites (F primer) and with XhoI (R primer). PCR product was T/A
 47 | cloned into pCRII-Duo and concatemerized using the compatibly cohesive sites XhoI and Sall. 3x *ind_1.4*
 48 | constructs were directionally subcloned into the P-element vectors pH-Stinger or pRed-HStinger (Barolo
 49 | et al. 2004) using NheI and XhoI.

50 | Fly stocks were maintained at 25°C, ~60% relative humidity on standard fly food with 12hr light/dark
 51 | cycles according to standard procedures. 2-hr embryo collections were done on apple juice agar plates
 52 | with yeast paste after 3 x 1hr pre-lays in the morning, embryos were then aged for an appropriate amount
 53 | of time at 25°C and ~60% relative humidity before dechoriation.

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55 1.2 DIV-SortSeq

56 This protocol incorporates portions from (Hrvatin et al. 2014). All steps after dechoriation were
 57 | performed on ice, using ice-cold DEPC-treated solutions. Primary and secondary antibodies used in this
 58 | study are listed in Table S1. RNase-free BSA was obtained from Gemini Bioproducts and is critical for
 59 | isolation of high-quality RNA.

60 Embryos were collected, dechoriated, and dissociated into single-cell suspension in 15ml PBS, pH 7.5
 61 | using 8-12 strokes with the loose pestle of a glass dounce homogenizer. Large debris was removed via
 62 | filtration with 2 x 90°-rotated sheets of Miracloth into a 15ml conical vial, followed by centrifugation at
 63 | 40xg, 4°C, 3 min. The supernatant was transferred to a 15ml conical vial, cells were pelleted at 1000xg,
 64 | 4°C, 3 min, washed with 1ml PBS, and fixed with 4% formaldehyde at 4°C, 15min. Cross-linking was
 65 | stopped with Quench Buffer (2.5M Glycine in PBS). Fixed cells were washed twice with 1ml ice-cold PBS,
 66 | and stored at 4°C overnight in 1ml RNA/later™ (Thermo, AM7020). Cells were rehydrated via dilution in
 67 | 9ml ice-cold PBS, centrifugation at 1000 xg, 10min, and washed twice in 1ml ice-cold PBS. Fixed cell
 68 | suspensions were immunostained under RNase-free conditions with primary antibodies with agitation at

69 4°C, 1.5-2h in 250µl Stain Buffer (1% BSA (w/v), 0.1% saponin, 1:200 RNase inhibitor in RNase-free
70 PBS). After washing 3x 5 min in 1ml Wash Buffer (0.2% BSA, 0.1% saponin in PBS), cells were incubated
71 with conjugated secondary antibodies with agitation at 4°C, 45 min-1h in 250µl Stain Buffer. After washing
72 3x 5 min in 1ml Wash Buffer, cells were resuspended in 1ml Sort Buffer (0.5% BSA, 2mM EDTA, 1:500
73 RNase inhibitor in PBS) and filtered with a 70µm cell strainer. Filtered cells were subjected to FACS
74 purification on the FACSARIA II (BD Biosciences) and sorted cells collected in Collection Buffer (2% BSA,
75 1:100 RNase inhibitor in PBS).

76 FACS-purified cells were pelleted and resuspended in 200µl Digestion Buffer (5M NaCl, 1M Tris-HCl pH
77 8.0, 200mM EDTA, 10% SDS, 3.2U Proteinase K, 1:100 RNase inhibitor) and incubated at 50°C, 15min
78 (Proteinase K digestion) followed by 80°C, 15min (reversal of formaldehyde cross-links). Samples were
79 transferred to ice and resuspended in 600µl TRIzol™ LS Reagent (Thermo, 10296028). RNA was isolated
80 using the DirectZol™ RNA MicroPrep Kit (Zymo Research, R2060) according to the manufacturer's
81 instructions. RNA concentration was measured using the Qubit™ RNA HS Assay kit (Thermo, Q32852)
82 and RNA quality determined using the Agilent RNA 6000 Pico Kit (Agilent, 5067-1513). All RNA-seq
83 libraries were constructed using the NuGEN Ovation *Drosophila* RNA-Seq System with 10 ng – 100 ng
84 total RNA input. Library concentration was quantified using the Qubit™ dsDNA HS Assay (Thermo,
85 Q32854) and quality was determined on a BioAnalyzer™ using Agilent High Sensitivity DNA Kits (Agilent,
86 5067-4626). All libraries were sequenced on the Illumina HiSeq4000 at a mean depth of 62.5 million 75bp
87 paired-end reads per sample. RNA-seq datasets generated for this study are detailed in Tables S5 and
88 S6. *A detailed, step-wise protocol is available upon request.*

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90 1.3 Nuclear-cytoplasmic fractionation

91 The cell fractionation procedure incorporates portions from (Pawlicki & Steitz 2008; Bhatt et al. 2012;
92 Rosner & Hengstschräger 2012; Shechner et al. 2015). All steps were performed on ice, using ice-cold
93 DEPC-treated solutions, and all centrifugation steps were performed at 4°C. Embryos were processed to
94 single-cell suspension as described above for *DIV*-SortSeq, then pelleted and resuspended in Cyto
95 Extract Buffer (20mM Tris pH 7.6, 0.1mM EDTA, 2mM MgCl₂). After hypotonic swelling, cells were gently
96 lysed by addition of 0.6% CHAPS for isolation of the cytoplasmic fraction. Nuclei were pelleted at 500xg
97 for 5min, and the supernatant retained, and an appropriate volume of TRIzol™ LS Reagent was added
98 (cytoplasmic fraction).

99 Nuclei were washed with Nuclei Wash Buffer (20mM Tris pH 7.6, 0.1mM EDTA, 2mM MgCl₂, 0.6%
100 CHAPS), resuspended in Nuclei Resuspension Buffer (10mM Tris, pH 7.6, 150mM NaCl, 0.15% NP-40)
101 and pelleted at 12,000xg, 10min in Sucrose Buffer (10mM Tris, pH 7.5, 150mM NaCl, 24% sucrose). After
102 washing (1mM EDTA in PBS), nuclei pellet was resuspended in TRIzol™ Reagent. RNA was isolated and
103 concentration and quality determined as described for above for *DIV*-SortSeq.

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105 *1.4 Quantitative RT-PCR (qPCR)*

106 50ng of total RNA was reverse-transcribed with the QuantiTect Reverse Transcription kit (Qiagen,
107 205310) in a total volume of 20 μ l, according to the manufacturer's instructions. For each gene, 0.2 μ l
108 cDNA was used for input into qPCR using SensiFAST™ SYBR® No-ROX Kit (Bioline, 98020) and 5 μ M
109 forward and reverse primers in a total volume of 20 μ l. qPCR primer sequences are listed in Table S2.
110 qPCR thermal cycling and fluorescent data acquisition was performed using the BioRad CFX96 Touch™
111 Real-Time PCR Detection System. Expression fold changes were calculated via the $\Delta\Delta C_T$ method
112 (Vandesompele et al. 2002; Schmittgen & Livak 2008), normalized to the mean C_T of two reference
113 genes: *α -tubulin* and *actin 42A*.

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115 *1.5 RNA probe design and synthesis for RNA in situ hybridization.*

116 Where available, cDNA clones were obtained from the *Drosophila* Gene Collection or *Drosophila*
117 Genomics Resource Center (Stapleton et al. 2002), detailed in Table S3. Constructs were linearized via
118 restriction digestion, and subjected to *in vitro* transcription using appropriate RNA Polymerases (Roche),
119 using ribonucleotide mixtures containing dUTP-DIG, -FITC, or -Biotin (Roche).
120 Where cDNA clones were not available, PCR primers were designed to amplify a region within the
121 transcribed locus from genomic DNA. Primer sequences are detailed in Table S4. A T7 promoter
122 sequence appended to the reverse primer allowed *in vitro* transcription directly from the PCR product.
123 After template digest by DNaseI, RNA probes were sheared at 65°C for 3-20 min in carbonation buffer
124 (120mM Na₂CO₃, 80mM NaHCO₃, pH 10.2), length of carbonation depended on probe length. RNA
125 probes were precipitated at -20°C overnight and resuspended in Hyb-A Buffer (50% formamide, 5X SSC,
126 0.1% Tween-20).

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128 **2. Supplementary Tables**

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132 *Table S1: Primary and secondary antibodies used in this study*

<i>Target</i>	<i>Supplier</i>	<i>Catalog #</i>	<i>Application</i>	<i>Antibody Type</i>	<i>Conjugate</i>	<i>Dilution</i>
<i>RFP</i>	Thermo	710530	<i>Primary</i>	Rabbit polyclonal	N/A	1:500
<i>GFP</i>	Thermo	G10362	<i>Primary</i>	Rabbit polyclonal	N/A	1:500
<i>Pros</i>	DSHB	MR1A	<i>Primary</i>	Mouse monoclonal	N/A	1:20
<i>Elav</i>	DSHB	9F8A9	<i>Primary</i>	Mouse monoclonal	N/A	1:500
<i>Repo</i>	DSHB	8D12	<i>Primary</i>	Mouse monoclonal	N/A	1:20
<i>Rabbit IgG</i>	Thermo	A21428	<i>Secondary</i>	Goat polyclonal	<i>Alexa Fluor 555</i>	1:500
<i>Mouse IgG</i>	Thermo	A32727	<i>Secondary</i>	Goat polyclonal	<i>Alexa Fluor 555</i>	1:500

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137 *Table S2: qPCR primer sequences*

<i>Target</i>	<i>Forward primer</i>	<i>Reverse primer</i>	<i>Size (bp)</i>
<i>α-Tubulin</i>	TGTCGCGTGTGAAACACTTC	AGCAGGCGTTTCCAATCTG	585
<i>Actin 42A</i>	GCGTCGGTCAATTCAATCTT	AAGCTGCAACCTCTTCGTCA	292
<i>Prospero</i>	CGGCATGGCTCCTACTTCTT	TAGCGCACCCAGAAGAACAT	78
<i>Worniu</i>	ATGGATAAACTCAAGTACAGCCG	AAGTCCACTGGTCCTTCATCA	107
<i>Elav</i>	ACGCTCCTGCCACAGAAAAA	CGTCGCCGTATTTTCGCTC	211
<i>Lim3</i>	GATGGAGGATCGTAAGCTGATCT	GTAGGCCGTTTTTCAGGGTCTC	154
<i>Repo</i>	CTCCGCCAAGTAGTTCCTCC	AGGCAGTAAAGGTGGTTCTCG	216
<i>Gcm</i>	ACAAGGCCAGAAGGAAGCAG	CAAGCCTGGATTTCCAAGCGA	76

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142 *Table S3: List of commercially-available cDNA clones for RNA probe synthesis*

<i>RNA target</i>	<i>DGRC Reference #</i>
<i>ind</i>	RT01026
<i>vnd</i>	PCSP6029
<i>pros</i>	LD37627
<i>elav</i>	LD33076-IR
<i>repo</i>	GH05443-dg
<i>CR30009</i>	RE30084
<i>CR32730</i>	RE54940
<i>CR32111</i>	RE52337

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145 *Table S4: PCR primer sequences for RNA probe synthesis*

<i>Target</i>	<i>Forward primer</i>	<i>T7 promoter + Reverse primer</i>	<i>Size (bp)</i>
<i>CR46003</i>	TGTGTCGCACAGGATGTGT	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGTGCTGGCGGGGAAATTATGT	908
<i>cherub</i>	CGAGGAACCTTCGGTGCATA	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGGCTTGGGTGATTTTCGAGGGA	1511
<i>CR44024</i>	GTGTCGTGTCGGGTAAGTGT	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAAGTGGCCTGTCTCAGAACG	1268
<i>CR32111</i>	GTATGCGCTCGAACTCGGTAA	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGGCCGGCATGAGCAAACACAAA	1232

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148 Table S5: Summary of RNA-seq datasets – DIV-SortSeq

Sample name	Fly line	Target protein	Cell Type	Enriched/depleted	Time point	Replicate	# reads (M)
4-6h_Ind-neg_1	IC::dsRed	dsRed	Intermediate column	Depleted	4-6h	1	89.9
4-6h_Ind-neg_2	IC::dsRed	dsRed	Intermediate column	Depleted	4-6h	2	140.1
4-6h_Ind-pos_1	IC::dsRed	dsRed	Intermediate column	Enriched	4-6h	1	76.2
4-6h_Ind-pos_2	IC::dsRed	dsRed	Intermediate column	Enriched	4-6h	2	81.6
4-6h_Vnd-neg_1	VC::dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Depleted	4-6h	1	62.6
4-6h_Vnd-neg_2	VC::dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Depleted	4-6h	2	64.3
4-6h_Vnd-pos_1	VC::dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Enriched	4-6h	1	61.4
4-6h_Vnd-pos_2	VC::dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Enriched	4-6h	2	65.6
4-6h_Pro-s-neg_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Depleted	4-6h	1	59.8
4-6h_Pro-s-neg_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Depleted	4-6h	2	79.1
4-6h_Pro-s-pos_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Enriched	4-6h	1	61.9
4-6h_Pro-s-pos_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Enriched	4-6h	2	59.1
6-8h_Ind-neg_1	IC::GFP	GFP	Intermediate column	Depleted	6-8h	1	61
6-8h_Ind-neg_2	IC::GFP	GFP	Intermediate column	Depleted	6-8h	2	59.9
6-8h_Ind-pos_1	IC::GFP	GFP	Intermediate column	Enriched	6-8h	1	57
6-8h_Ind-pos_2	IC::GFP	GFP	Intermediate column	Enriched	6-8h	2	70.9
6-8h_Vnd-neg_1	VC::dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Depleted	6-8h	1	73.2
6-8h_Vnd-neg_2	VC::dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Depleted	6-8h	2	61
6-8h_Vnd-pos_1	VC::dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Enriched	6-8h	1	61.6
6-8h_Vnd-pos_2	VC::dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Enriched	6-8h	2	73.9
6-8h_Pro-s-neg_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Depleted	6-8h	1	64.5
6-8h_Pro-s-neg_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Depleted	6-8h	2	76.6
6-8h_Pro-s-pos_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Enriched	6-8h	1	54.3
6-8h_Pro-s-pos_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Enriched	6-8h	2	58.8
6-8h_Elav-neg_1	IC::GFP	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	6-8h	1	62.2
6-8h_Elav-neg_2	yw	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	6-8h	2	57.2
6-8h_Elav-pos_1	IC::GFP	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	6-8h	1	53.8
6-8h_Elav-pos_2	yw	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	6-8h	2	70.4
6-8h_Repo-neg_1	IC::GFP	Repo	Glia	Depleted	6-8h	1	59.6
6-8h_Repo-neg_2	IC::GFP	Repo	Glia	Depleted	6-8h	2	71.4
6-8h_Repo-pos_1	IC::GFP	Repo	Glia	Enriched	6-8h	1	66.6
6-8h_Repo-pos_2	IC::GFP	Repo	Glia	Enriched	6-8h	2	56.8
8-10h_Elav-neg_1	yw	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	8-10h	1	74.5
8-10h_Elav-neg_2	yw	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	8-10h	2	44.1
8-10h_Elav-pos_1	yw	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	8-10h	1	69.9
8-10h_Elav-pos_2	yw	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	8-10h	2	62.9
8-10h_Repo-neg_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Depleted	8-10h	1	61.5
8-10h_Repo-neg_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Depleted	8-10h	2	60.9
8-10h_Repo-pos_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Enriched	8-10h	1	61.4

8-10h_Repo-pos_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Enriched	8-10h	2	65.6
18-22h_Elav-neg_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	18-22h	1	68.6
18-22h_Elav-neg_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	18-22h	2	61.9
18-22h_Elav-pos_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	18-22h	1	66
18-22h_Elav-pos_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	18-22h	2	63.9
18-22h_Repo-neg_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Depleted	18-22h	1	58.3
18-22h_Repo-neg_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Depleted	18-22h	2	63.4
18-22h_Repo-pos_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Enriched	18-22h	1	70.5
18-22h_Repo-pos_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Enriched	18-22h	2	75.9

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151 *Table S6: Summary of RNA-seq datasets – Fractionation-Seq*

Sample name	Fly line	Fraction	Time point	Replicate	Number of reads (M)
Cyto_18-22h_1	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Cytoplasmic	18-22h	1	163.2
Cyto_18-22h_2	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Cytoplasmic	18-22h	2	179.1
Cyto_6-8h_1	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Cytoplasmic	6-8h	1	189.3
Cyto_6-8h_2	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Cytoplasmic	6-8h	2	179.3
Nuc_18-22h_1	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Nuclear	18-22h	1	203
Nuc_18-22h_2	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Nuclear	18-22h	2	176.1
Nuc_6-8h_1	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Nuclear	6-8h	1	193.9
Nuc_6-8h_2	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Nuclear	6-8h	2	193.7
Whole_18-22h_1	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Whole embryo	18-22h	1	183.2
Whole_18-22h_2	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Whole embryo	18-22h	2	180.7
Whole_6-8h_1	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Whole embryo	6-8h	1	197.4
Whole_6-8h_2	<i>rho</i> -lexA/VC:FNLDD	Whole embryo	6-8h	2	196.1

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154 2.1 Table S7: All protein-coding 'computed genes' correlated ($r > 0.9$) with neurogenic marker genes in
155 DIV-SortSeq expression data

<i>Flybase ID</i>	<i>Annotation ID</i>						
		FBgn0025626	CG4281	FBgn0032512	CG9305	FBgn0030223	CG2111
FBgn0036725	CG18265	FBgn0035213	CG2199	FBgn0037644	CG11964	FBgn0051030	CG31030
FBgn0034009	CG8155	FBgn0031403	CG15387	FBgn0040385	CG12496	FBgn0035903	CG6765
FBgn0036008	CG3408	FBgn0043456	CG4747	FBgn0033802	CG17724	FBgn0030595	CG14406
FBgn0030017	CG2278	FBgn0052428	CG32428	FBgn0039733	CG11504	FBgn0033983	CG10253
FBgn0264449	CG43867	FBgn0031062	CG14230	FBgn0037504	CG1142	FBgn0031955	CG14535
FBgn0051235	CG31235	FBgn0035315	CG8960	FBgn0036522	CG7372	FBgn0033497	CG12912
FBgn0037166	CG11426	FBgn0032050	CG13096	FBgn0035402	CG12082	FBgn0034154	CG5267
FBgn0032752	CG10702	FBgn0038552	CG18012	FBgn0031769	CG9135	FBgn0033872	CG6329
FBgn0038114	CG11670	FBgn0031764	CG9107	FBgn0038551	CG7357	FBgn0030588	CG9521
FBgn0037206	CG12768	FBgn0035878	CG7182	FBgn0032348	CG4751	FBgn0085382	CG34353
FBgn0032485	CG9426	FBgn0034073	CG8414	FBgn0035987	CG3689	FBgn0085218	CG34189
FBgn0038321	CG6218	FBgn0033766	CG8771	FBgn0037918	CG6791	FBgn0030594	CG9509
FBgn0038720	CG6231	FBgn0037958	CG6962	FBgn0035872	CG7185	FBgn0034459	CG16716
FBgn0033283	CG11635	FBgn0034447	CG7744	FBgn0031529	CG9662	FBgn0259823	CG42404
FBgn0043806	CG32032	FBgn0035842	CG7504	FBgn0031492	CG3542	FBgn0032800	CG10137
FBgn0033287	CG8701	FBgn0038272	CG7265	FBgn0086855	CG17078	FBgn0038926	CG13409
FBgn0031540	CG3238	FBgn0039544	CG12877	FBgn0033990	CG10265	FBgn0039064	CG4467
FBgn0031961	CG7102	FBgn0033615	CG7741	FBgn0032454	CG5787	FBgn0259163	CG42268
FBgn0040984	CG4440	FBgn0030122	CG16892	FBgn0037622	CG8202	FBgn0259994	CG42492
FBgn0026876	CG11403	FBgn0051365	CG31365	FBgn0032751	CG17343	FBgn0039030	CG6660
FBgn0035689	CG7376	FBgn0052318	CG32318	FBgn0266917	CG16941	FBgn0036579	CG5027
FBgn0025388	CG12179	FBgn0039566	CG4849	FBgn0034114	CG4282	FBgn0029708	CG3556
FBgn0036503	CG13454	FBgn0037746	CG8478	FBgn0034750	CG3732	FBgn0030586	CG12539
FBgn0040809	CG13465	FBgn0030813	CG4949	FBgn0030738	CG9915	FBgn0038596	CG14312
FBgn0032489	CG15480	FBgn0029825	CG12728	FBgn0035235	CG7879	FBgn0263072	CG43347
FBgn0041702	CG15107	FBgn0038768	CG4936	FBgn0028474	CG4119	FBgn0037525	CG17816
FBgn0034403	CG18190	FBgn0037149	CG14561	FBgn0085451	CG34422	FBgn0030742	CG9919
FBgn0031070	CG12702	FBgn0037372	CG2091	FBgn0030293	CG1737	FBgn0265084	CG44195
FBgn0250754	CG42232	FBgn0030915	CG6179	FBgn0050020	CG30020	FBgn0030592	CG9514
FBgn0261538	CG42662	FBgn0027514	CG1024	FBgn0029941	CG1677	FBgn0262476	CG43066
FBgn0034514	CG13427	FBgn0031947	CG7154	FBgn0033021	CG10417	FBgn0035033	CG3548
FBgn0036670	CG13029	FBgn0030660	CG8097	FBgn0027503	CG11970	FBgn0040351	CG11638
FBgn0031252	CG13690	FBgn0036565	CG5235	FBgn0032388	CG6686	FBgn0028647	CG11902
FBgn0040346	CG3704	FBgn0024364	CG11417	FBgn0038546	CG7379	FBgn0031313	CG5080
FBgn0039013	CG4813	FBgn0036994	CG5199	FBgn0035481	CG12605	FBgn0039915	CG1732
FBgn0037633	CG9839	FBgn0033527	CG11777	FBgn0260451	CG14042	FBgn0029896	CG3168
FBgn0028506	CG4455	FBgn0039743	CG7946	FBgn0035677	CG13293	FBgn0039024	CG4721
FBgn0037844	CG4570	FBgn0262719	CG43163	FBgn0036202	CG6024	FBgn0032897	CG9336
FBgn0037924	CG14712	FBgn0036886	CG9300	FBgn0035643	CG13287	FBgn0034128	CG4409
FBgn0035464	CG12006	FBgn0034264	CG10933	FBgn0034184	CG9646	FBgn0034417	CG15117
FBgn0027602	CG8611	FBgn0025627	CG4194	FBgn0052105	CG32105	FBgn0031816	CG16947
FBgn0037051	CG10565	FBgn0032682	CG10176	FBgn0031257	CG4133	FBgn0030261	CG15203
FBgn0052756	CG32756	FBgn0031001	CG7884	FBgn0037050	CG10566	FBgn0033446	CG1648
FBgn0036710	CG6479	FBgn0037213	CG12581	FBgn0025712	CG13920	FBgn0052354	CG32354
FBgn0039735	CG7911	FBgn0038660	CG14291	FBgn0027550	CG6495	FBgn0031627	CG15630
FBgn0023515	CG14814	FBgn0034933	CG3735	FBgn0031762	CG9098	FBgn0036927	CG7433
FBgn0033160	CG11107	FBgn0030855	CG5800	FBgn0035246	CG13928	FBgn0034618	CG9485
FBgn0033169	CG11123	FBgn0035414	CG14965	FBgn0039808	CG12071	FBgn0083972	CG34136
FBgn0029672	CG2875	FBgn0036214	CG7264	FBgn0030508	CG15760	FBgn0031589	CG3714
FBgn0025633	CG13366	FBgn0030317	CG1561	FBgn0033960	CG10151	FBgn0036760	CG5567
FBgn0050183	CG30183	FBgn0036660	CG13025	FBgn0030596	CG12398	FBgn0032899	CG9338
FBgn0030768	CG9723	FBgn0031597	CG17612	FBgn0052085	CG32085		
		FBgn0036483	CG12316	FBgn0030012	CG18262		

3. Supplementary Notes

3.1 Column interpretation for File S4: PhyloCSF

Intervals	Intervals of the input transcript
Strand	Strand
TranscriptName	Name from the input bed file
TrUCSCview	Link to show the entire transcript in UCSC browser
ORFintervals	Intervals of the ORF (not including the stop codon)
ORFstart	0-based transcript coordinate of first base of ORF
ORFend	0-based transcript coordinate of last base of ORF
NumCodons	Number of codons in the ORF
PhyloCSF	Raw PhyloCSF score of the ORF
RelBL	Fraction of branch length of the phylogenetic tree spanned by species present in the alignment of this ORF
ScorePerCodon	PhyloCSF divided by NumCodons
PhyloCSFPsi	Length adjusted score, a log likelihood, in decibans
Pval	Probability a region of this length, none-of-which has ever been coding, has this score or higher
CorrectedPvalTr	p-val with Holm-Bonferroni correction for number of ORFs in this transcript
CorrectedPvalAll	p-val with Holm-Bonferroni correction for total number of ORFs
FDR	Benjamini & Hochberg false discovery rate.
LocalFDR	Local FDR (Efron et al. 2001).
AntiScorePerCodon	Score on opposite strand in frame that shares 3rd codon position
ScoreDiff	ScorePerCodon - AntiScorePerCodon
GC	GC content of ORF
CpGratio	Number of CpGs in ORF divided by the expected number based on C and G content
CodAlignView	Link to view ORF alignment in CodAlignView, the Codon Alignment Viewer, with 10-codon context on each side
OrfUCSCview	Link to show the ORF in UCSC browser

4. Supplementary Figures

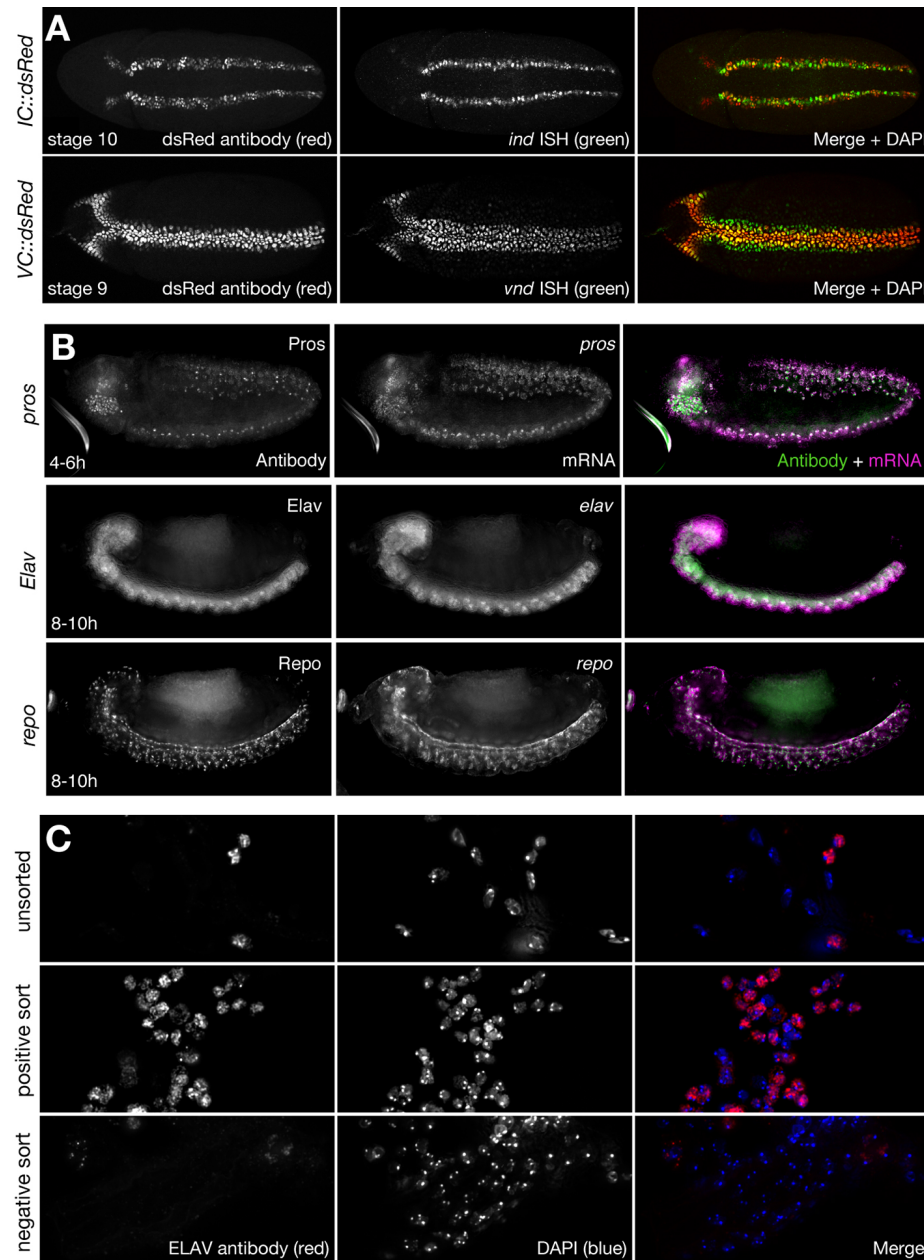


Fig. S1: Neurogenic cell populations can be faithfully marked and purified

(A) Visualization of fluorescent reporter expression in *VC::dsRed* (top panel) and *IC::dsRed* (bottom panel) transgenic embryos. Tissue reporter shown on left and in red by antibody stain, expression of the tissue marker is shown in the middle and in green by *in situ* hybridization. Shown are whole mount embryos, ventral views anterior left. (B) Multiplex whole mount immunohistochemistry (green) and RNA-FISH (magenta) show faithfulness of the antibody sorting markers for neuroblasts (Pros; top panel) at 4-6h, and neurons (Elav; middle panel) and glia (Repo; bottom panel) at 8-10h. (C) Immunohistochemical staining of endogenous Elav protein in cells of dissociated embryos pre- and post-FACS.

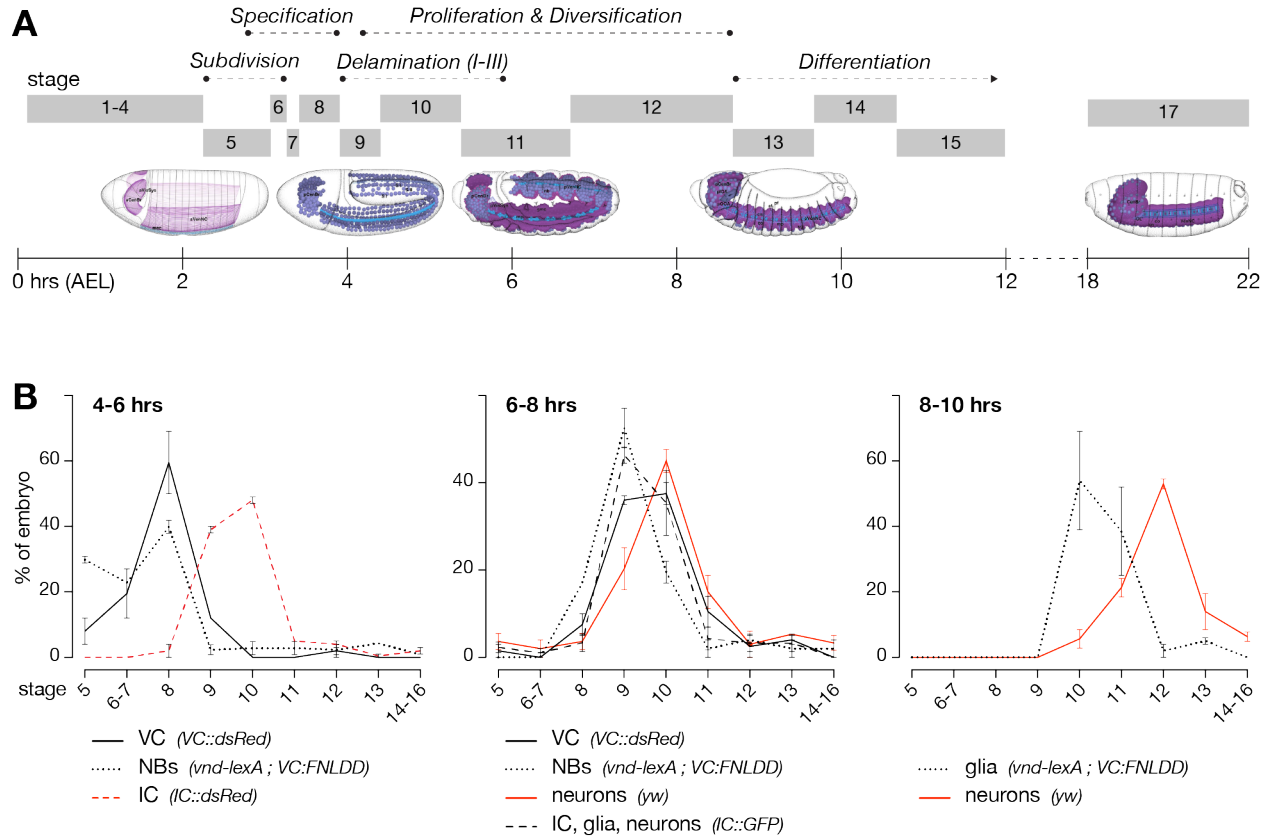


Fig. S2: Timed embryo collections encompass major neurogenic events

(A) Overview of *Drosophila* embryonic neurogenesis, timing and stages. Embryo images show stages of neurogenesis schematically and were obtained from the *Atlas of Drosophila Development* by Volker Hartstein (CSHL Press, 1992, used with permission). (B) Staging of representative samples corresponding to timed embryo collections ($n = 2-3$ collections per line). Staging according to (Campos-Ortega & Hartenstein 1985). Cell type markers targeted for *DIV-MARIS* indicated for each fly line.

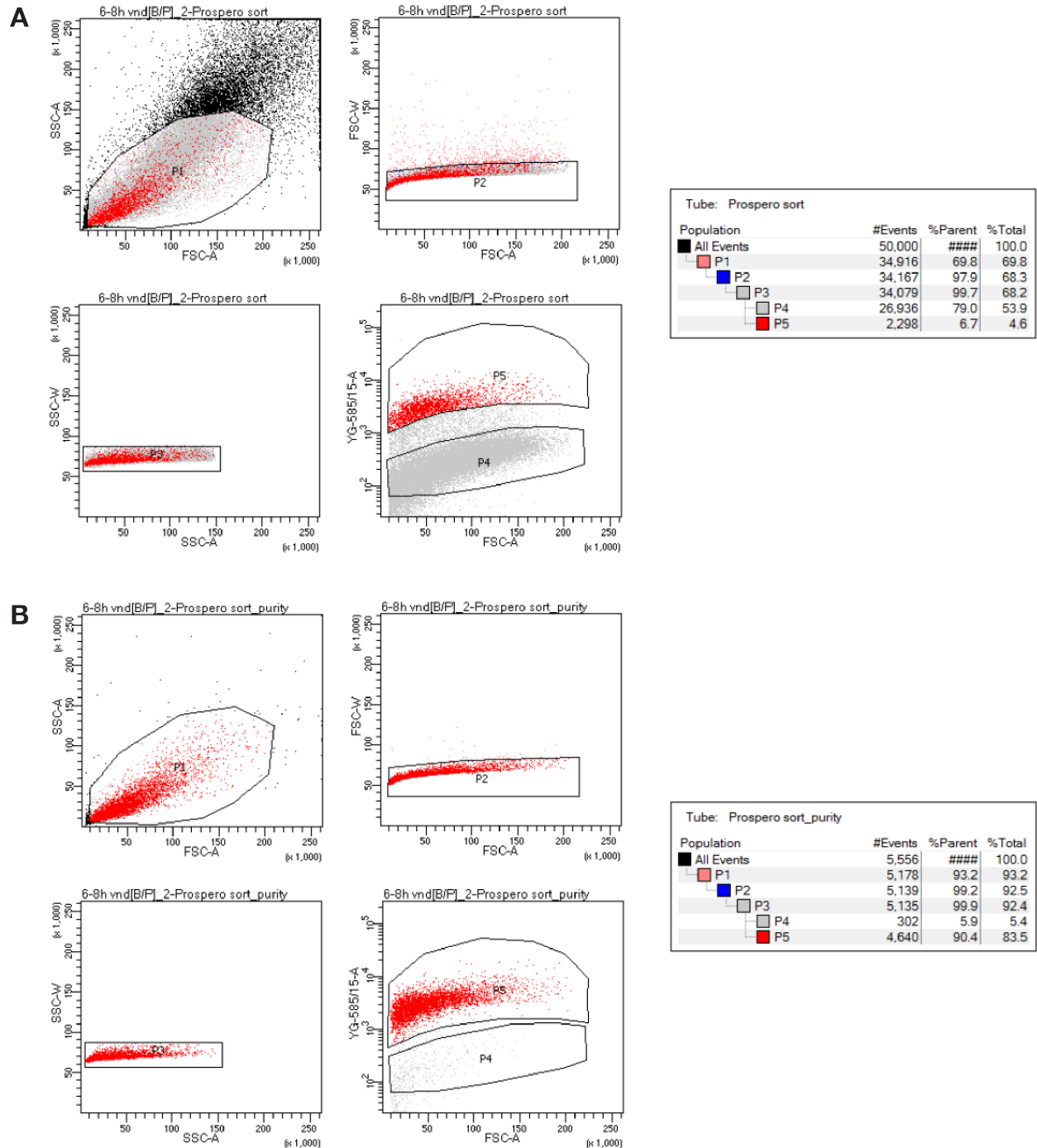
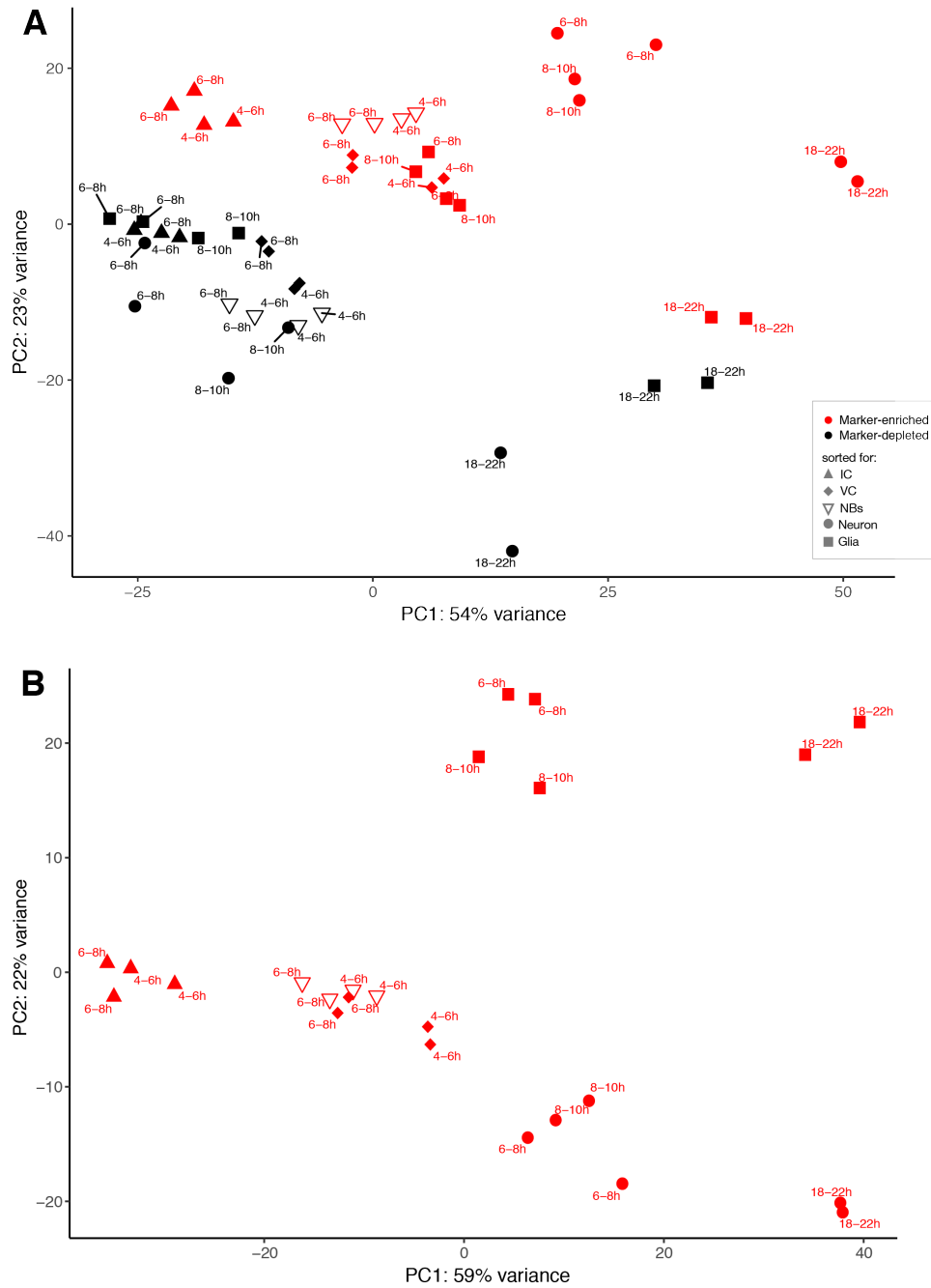
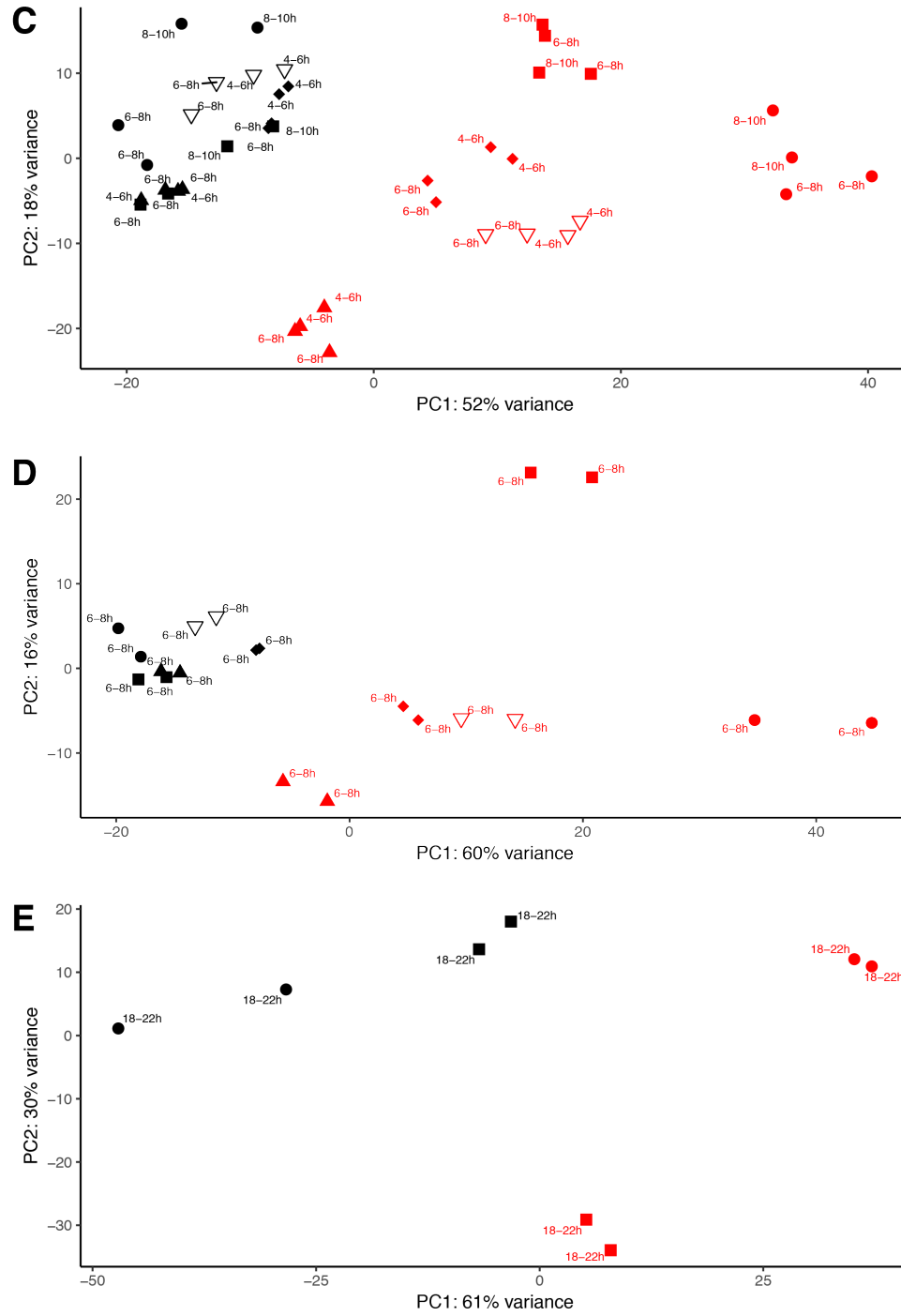


Fig. S3: FACS gating strategy yields high purity of sorted populations

(A) Example FACS gating strategy for sorting of marker-positive (P5; 6.7%) and marker-negative cells (P4; 79%). (B) Re-sort of marker-positive sorted cells shows enrichment of marker-positive (P5; 90.4%) and depletion of marker-negative cells (P4; 5.9%).





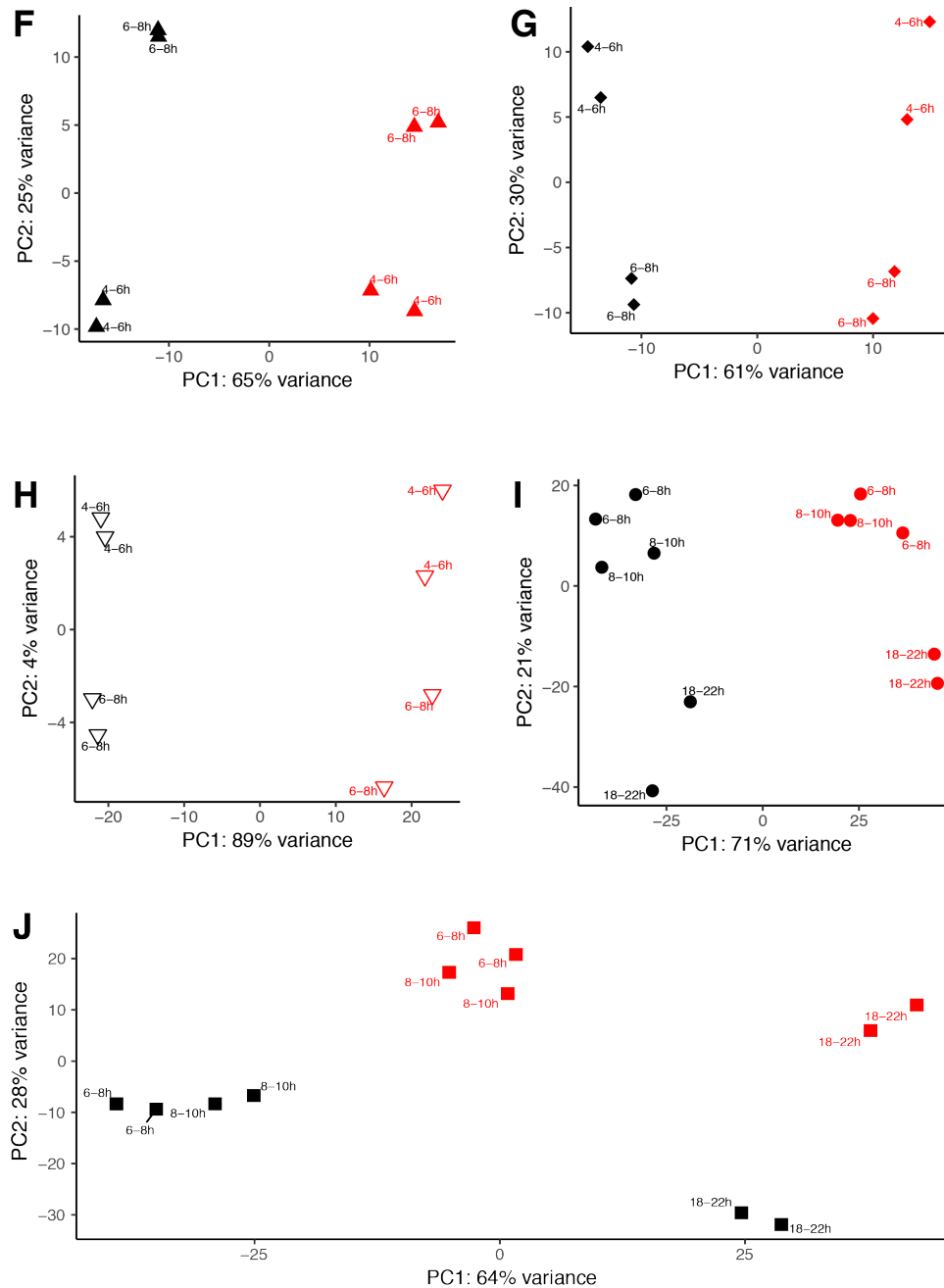


Fig. S4: Principal component analyses separate spatiotemporal transcriptomes according to tissue and developmental age

Principal Component Analysis (PCA) with multiple permutations of datasets generated by *DIV*-SortSeq. Marker-enriched datasets depicted in red, marker-depleted datasets in black. (A) All datasets. (B) Only marker-positive datasets. (C). Only early (4-6, 6-8, 8-10h) datasets. (D) Only 6-8h datasets. (E). Only 18-22h datasets. (F). Only datasets sorted for *ind* expression. (G). All datasets sorted for *vnd* expression. (H) All datasets sorted for *pros* expression. (I) All datasets sorted for *elav* expression. (J) All datasets sorted on *repo* expression.

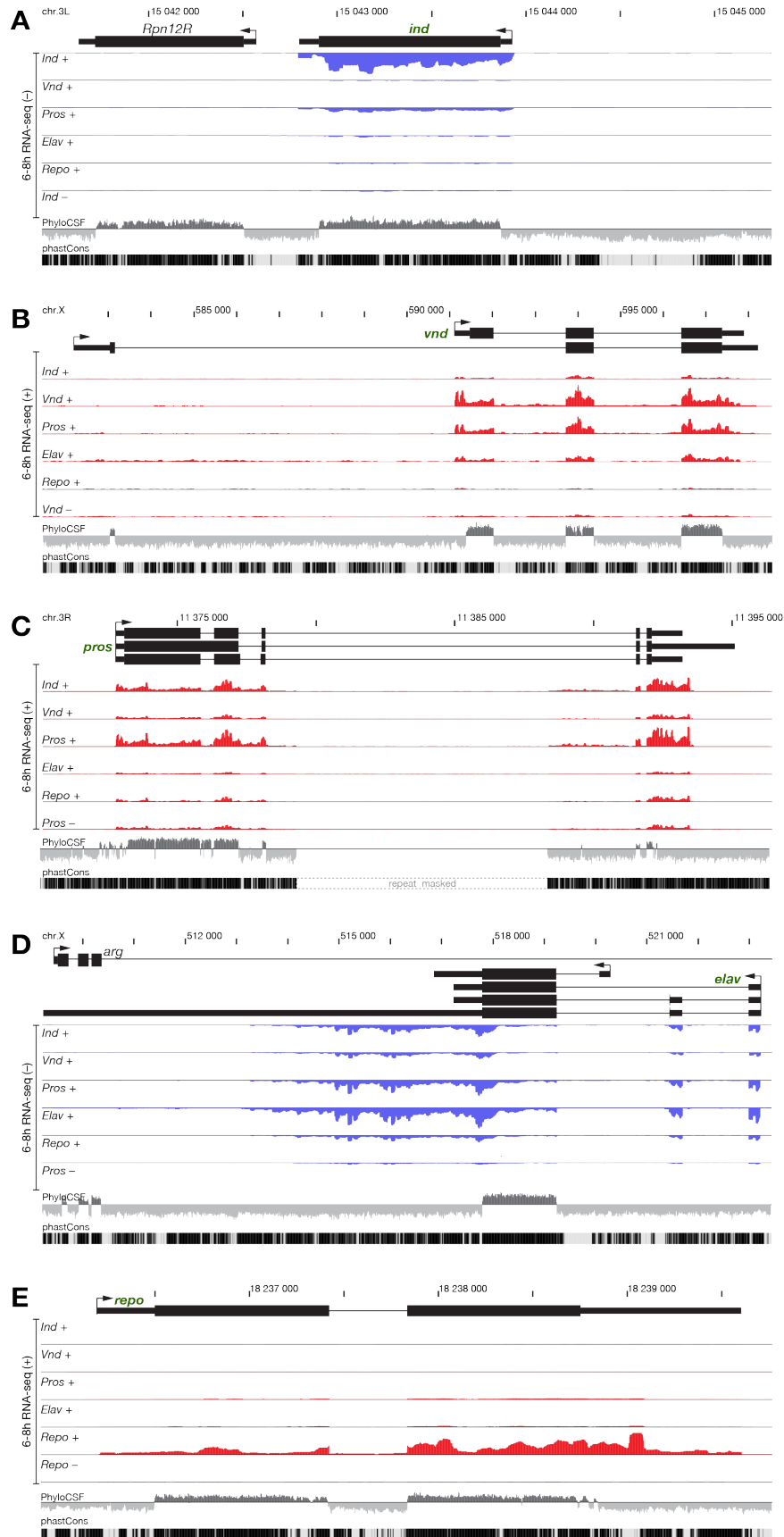


Fig. S5: Cell type specific transcriptomes at neurogenic marker genes

(A-E) Genome browser data of cell type specific transcriptomes around marker gene loci. Shown are annotated transcripts (top), RNA-seq coverage on the plus- (red) or minus-strand (blue) in the indicated sorts at 6-8hrs AEL, as well as coding potential as measured by PhyloCSF scores (all frames overlaid), and conservation amongst *Drosophilids* (phastCons). (A) *ind* locus. (B) *vnd* locus. (C) *pros* locus. (D) *elav* locus. (E) *repo* locus.

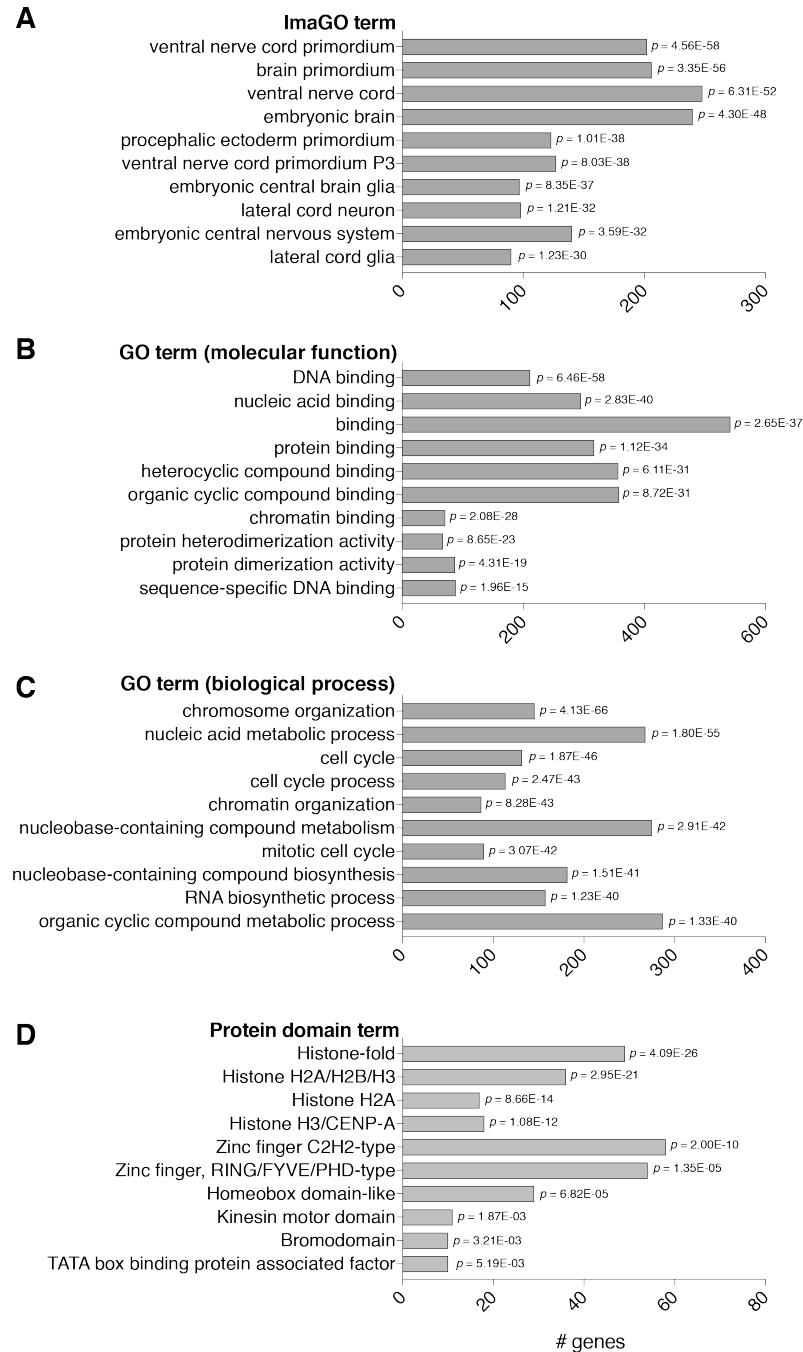


Fig. S6: Annotations of regulated protein-coding genes predict expression and function

Analysis of features of 794 protein-coding genes correlated with known neurogenic genes (Pearson correlation, $r > 0.9$) with Flymine [Lyne:2007jd]. (A) Top lmaGO terms. (B) Top GO terms (molecular function). (C) Top GO terms (biological process). (D) Top protein domain terms. Detailed analysis of all genes can be found in File S2.

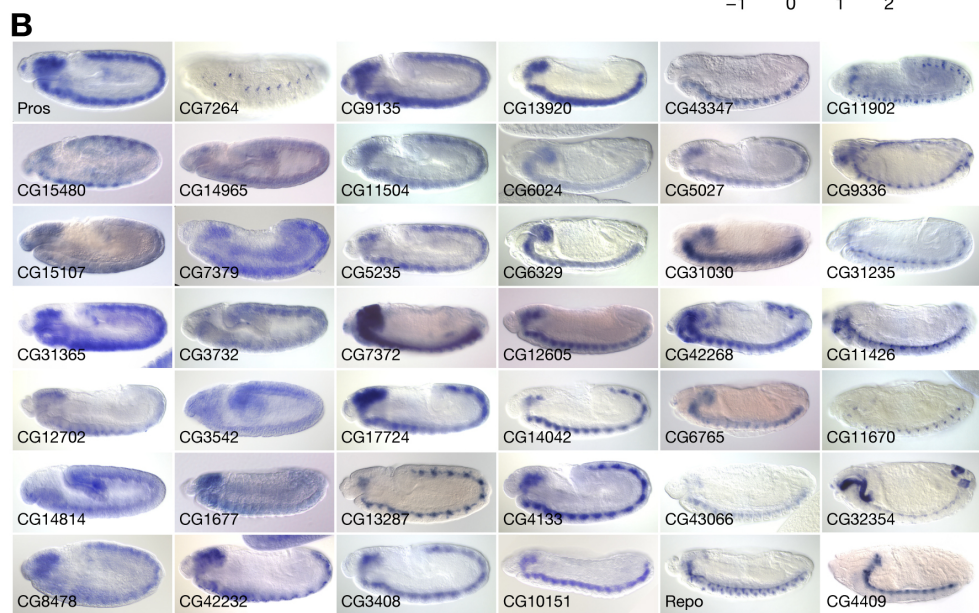
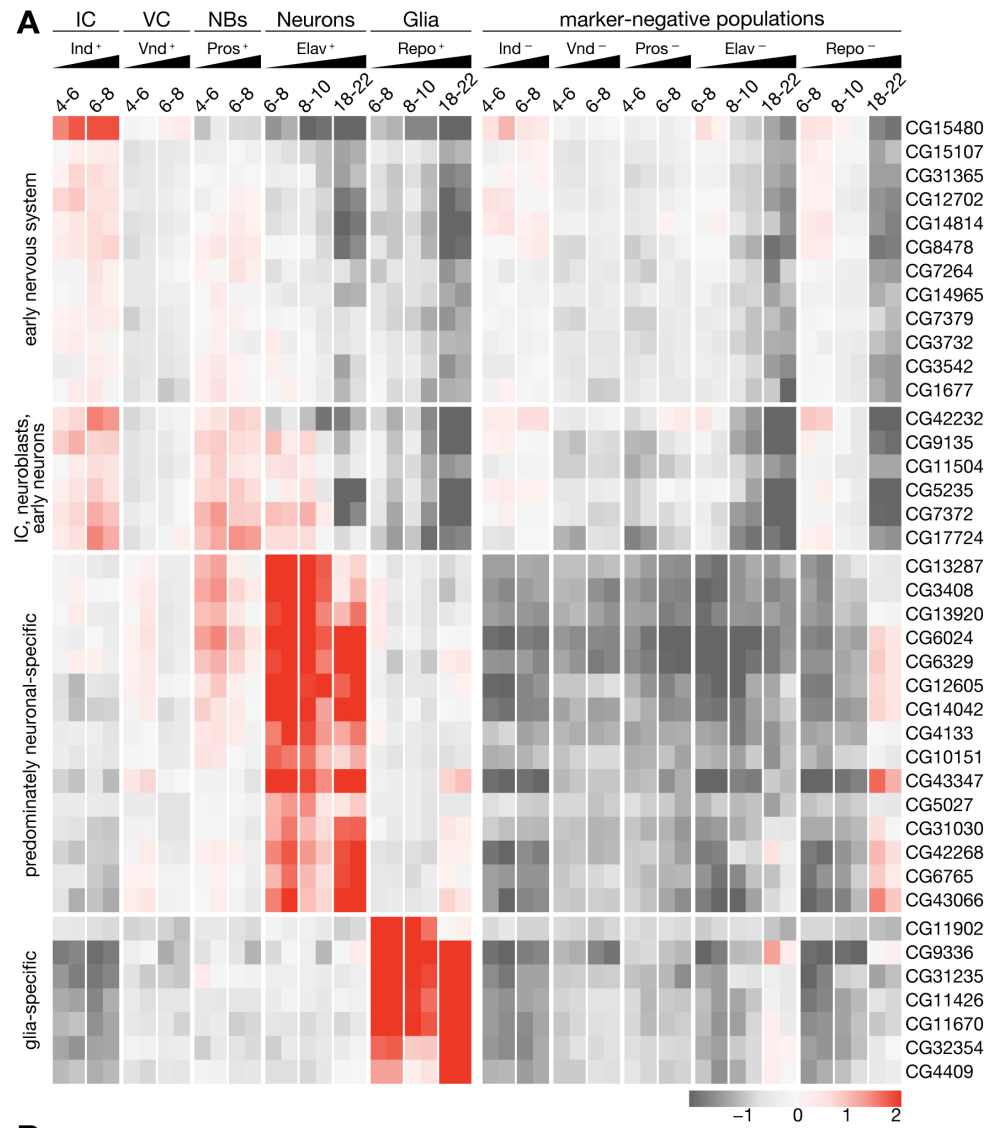
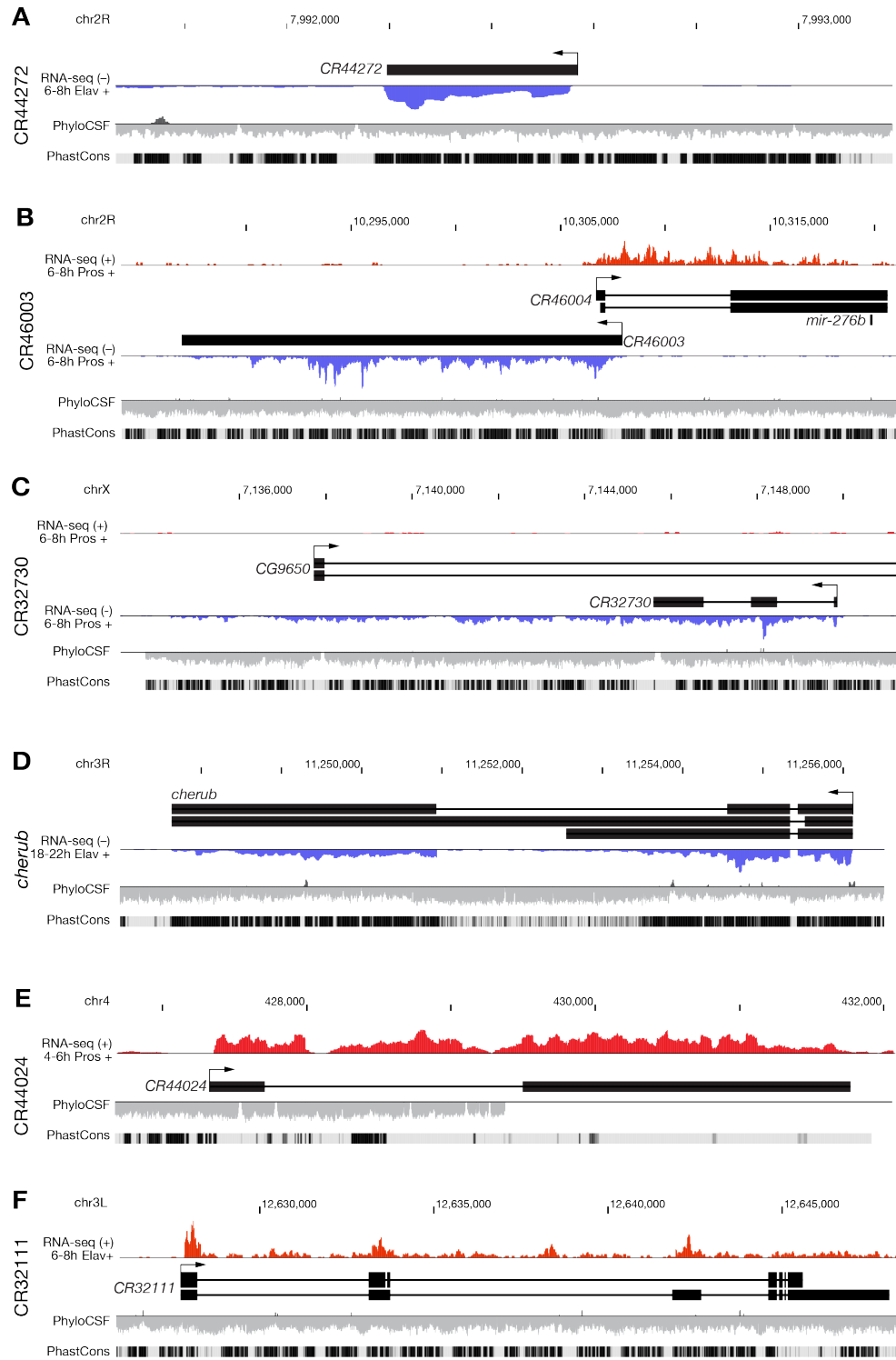


Fig. S7: DIV-SortSeq reveals a multitude of undescribed genes expressed with neurogenic spatiotemporal specificity

(A) Heatmap of expression profiles of protein-coding genes with unknown function enriched similarly as at least one marker in Fig. 2B (Pearson correlation, $r > 0.9$). Row mean-centered expression values calculated via variance-stabilizing transformation of gene-level RNA-seq counts (scale = \log_2 ratio to row mean). (B) Colorimetric RNA *in situ* hybridization of transcripts of unknown function identified in Fig. S7A. All embryos are shown in lateral orientation. Images obtained from Berkeley *Drosophila* Genome Project (Hammonds et al. 2013; Tomancak et al. 2002; Tomancak et al. 2007).



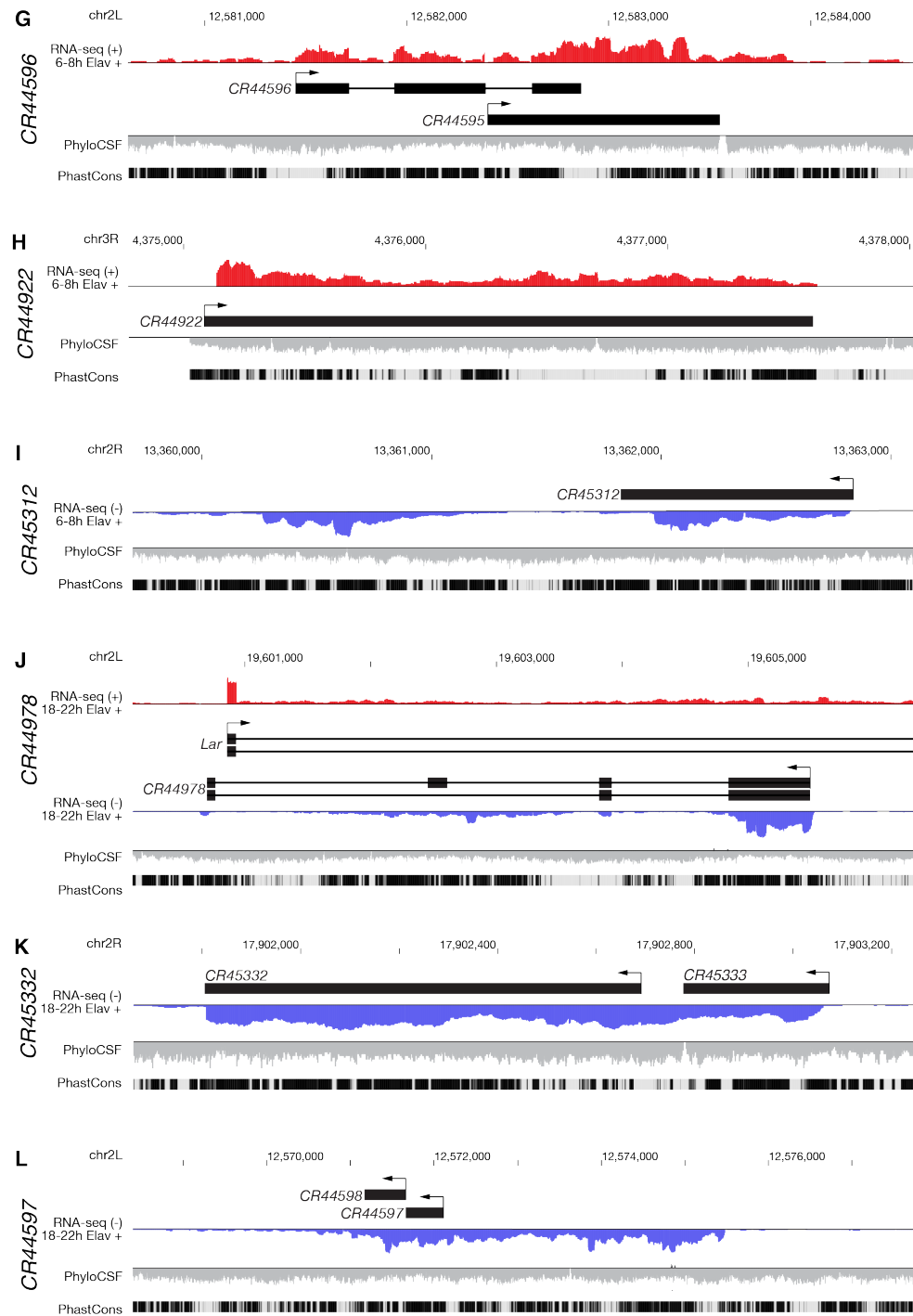


Figure S8: Cell type specific transcriptomes at neurogenic lncRNA loci

Browser images of selected lncRNA loci, display as in Figure S4. (A) *CR44272* locus. (B) *CR46003* and *CR46004* (pri-miR-276b) locus. (C) *CR32730* locus. (D) *cherub* locus. (E) *CR44024* locus. (F) *CR32111* locus. (G) *CR44596* locus. (H) *CR44922* locus. (I) *CR45312* locus. (J) *CR44978* locus. (K) *CR45332* locus. (L) *CR44596* and *CR44597* locus.

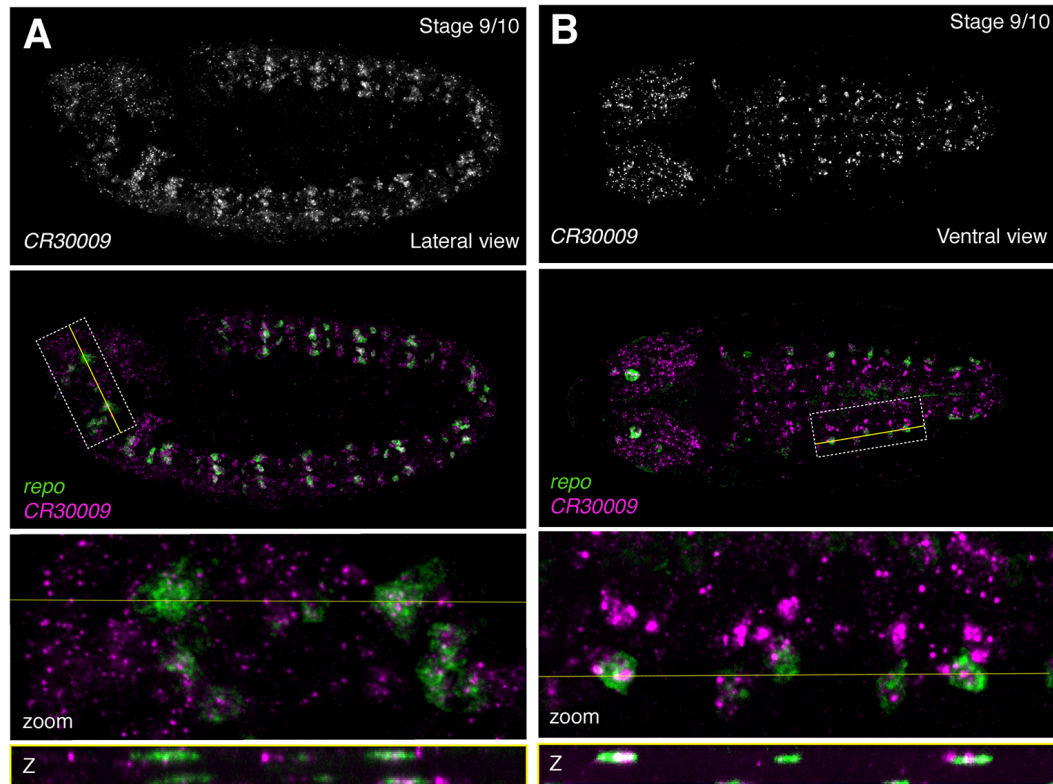


Fig. S10: The lncRNA *CR30009* is expressed in glial subsets in early embryos

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR30009* and the glial marker *repo*.

(A) Lateral view, stage 9/10. (B) Ventral view, stage 9/10. Top: *CR30009* alone. Second from top: *CR30009* (magenta) overlaid with *repo* (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.

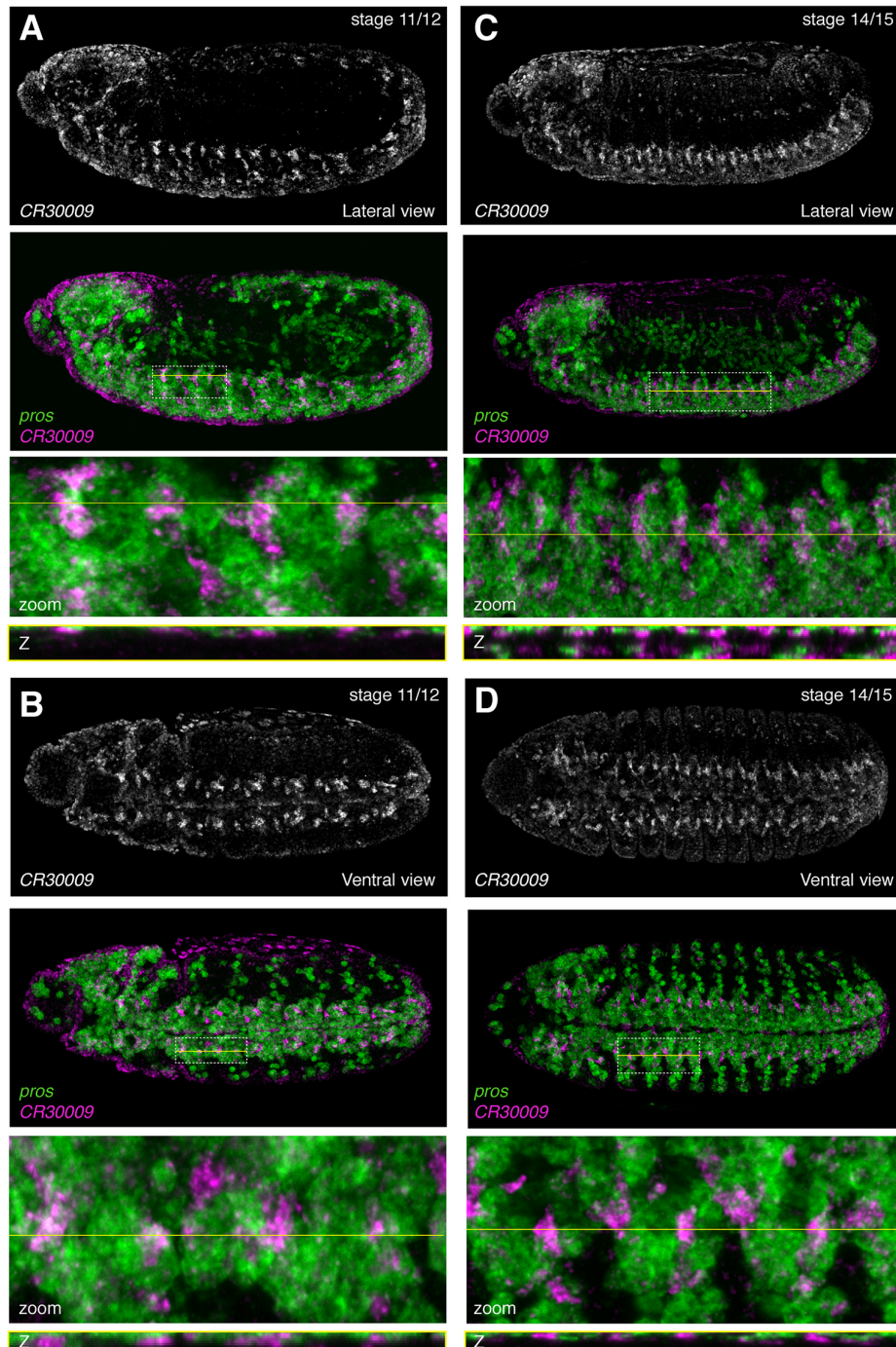


Fig. S11: The lncRNA *CR30009* is expressed in neuroblast subsets

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR30009* and the neuroblast marker *pros*. (A) Lateral view, stage 11/12. (B) Lateral view, stage 14/15. (C) Ventral view; stage 11/12. (D). Ventral view; stage 14/15. Top: *CR30009* alone. Second from top: *CR30009* (magenta) overlaid with *pros* (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.

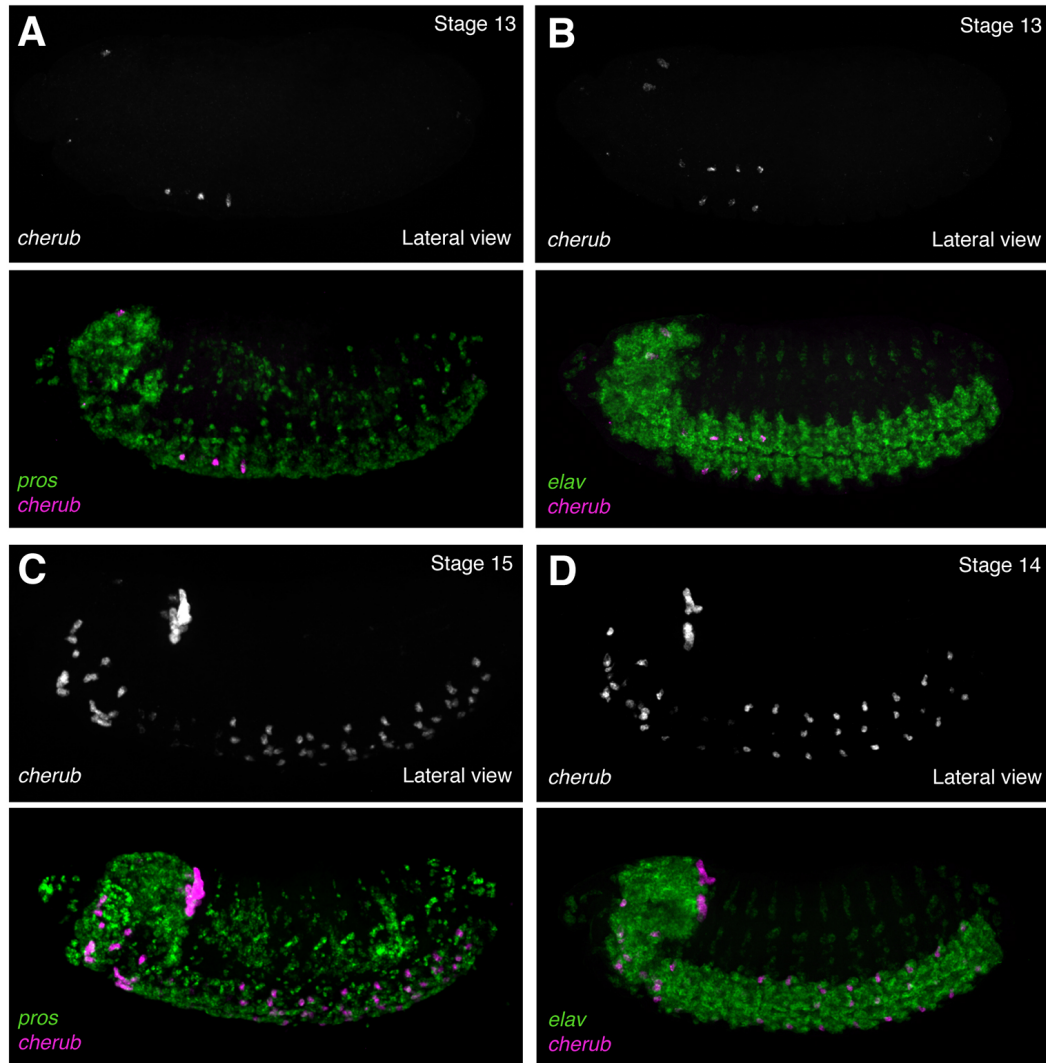


Fig S12: The lncRNA *cherub* is regulated with strict spatiotemporal specificity.

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *cherub*, the neuroblast marker *pros*, and the neuronal marker *elav*. Lateral view. (A) *cherub* with *pros*; stage 13. (B) *cherub* with *elav*; stage 13. (C) *cherub* with *pros*; stage 15. (D) *cherub* with *elav*; stage 14. Top: *cherub* alone. Second from top: *cherub* (magenta) overlaid with marker (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.

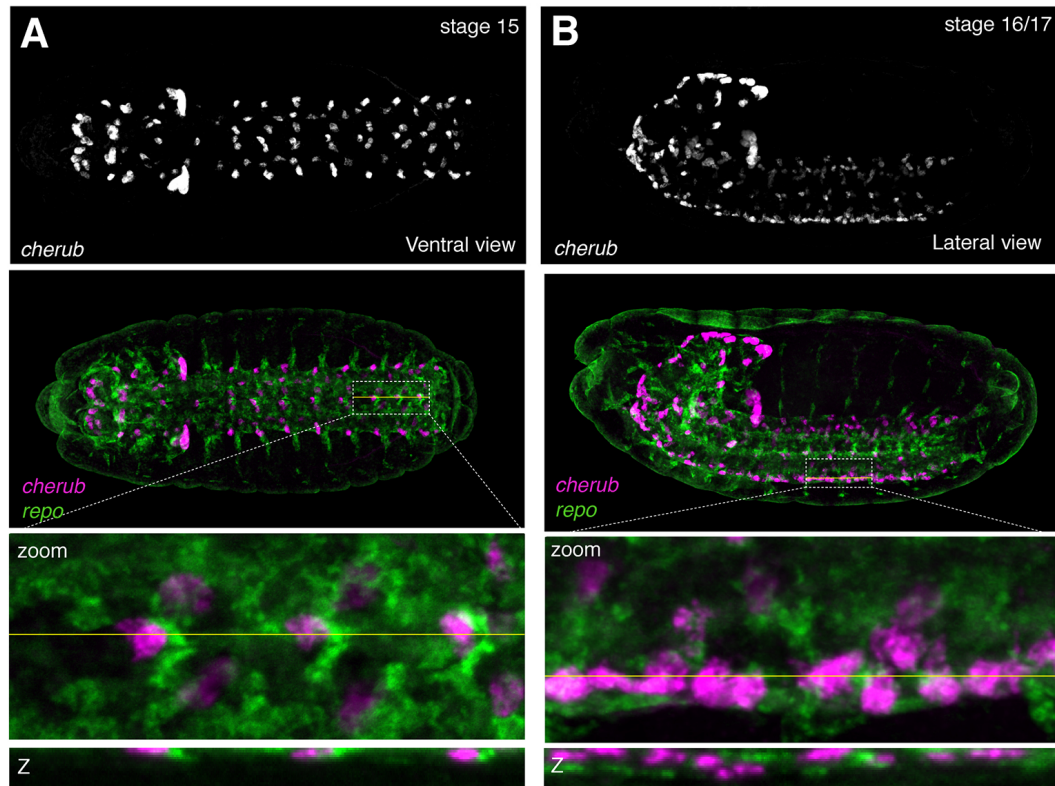


Fig S13: The lncRNA *cherub* is expressed in glial subsets in late embryos

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *cherub* and the glial marker *repo*. (A) Ventral view; stage 15. (B) Lateral view; stage 16/17. Top: *cherub* alone. Second from top: *cherub* (magenta) overlaid with *repo* (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.

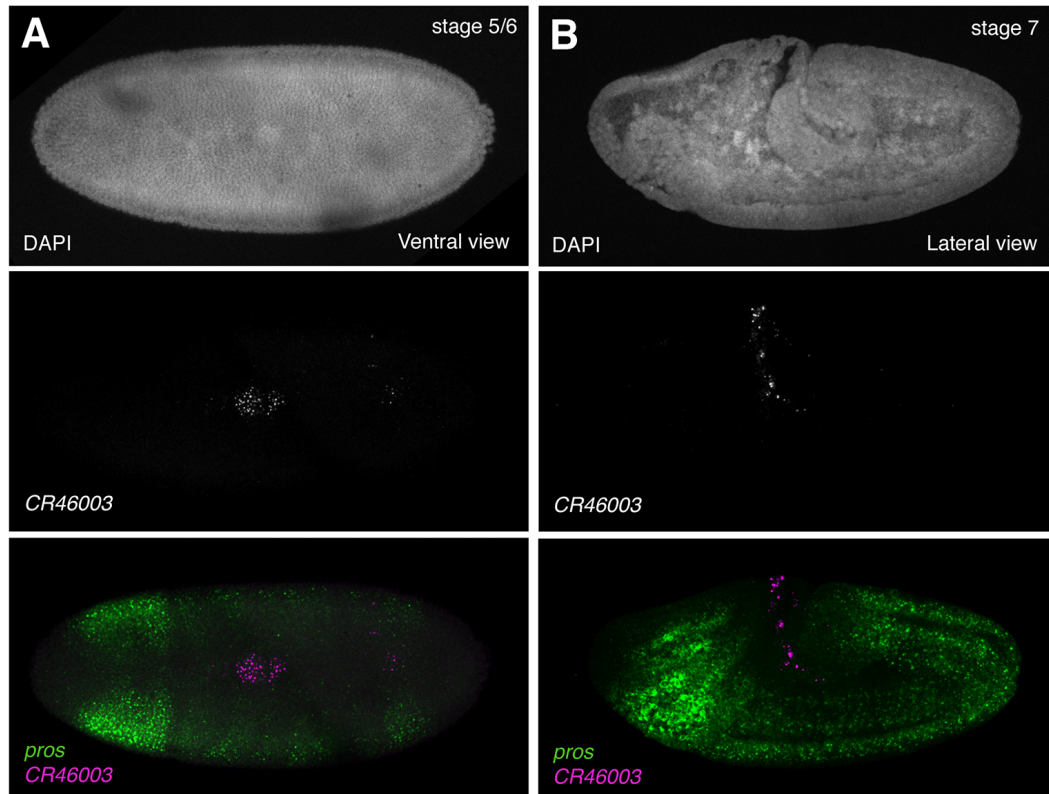


Fig S14: The lncRNA *CR46003* is expressed in very early embryos

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR46003* with the neuroblast marker *pros*. (A) Ventral view; stage 5/6. (B) Lateral view; stage 7. Top: DAPI stain. Middle: *CR46003* alone. Bottom: *CR46003* (magenta) overlaid with *pros* (green).

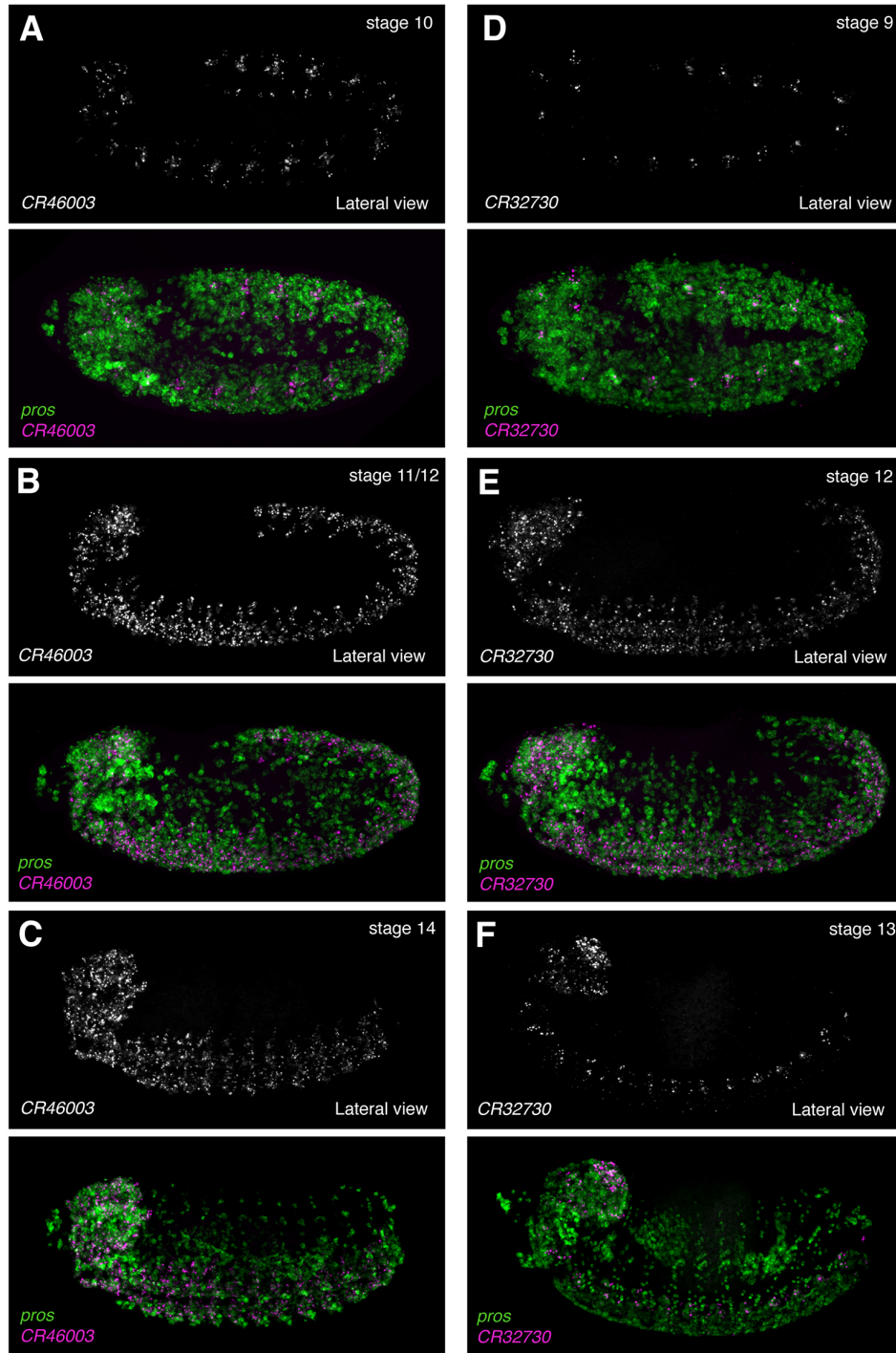


Fig S15: The lncRNAs *CR46003* and *CR32730* are expressed with similar spatiotemporal specificity.

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR46003* and *CR32730* together with the neuroblast marker *pros*. Lateral view. (A) *CR46003*; stage 10. (B) *CR46003*; stage 11/12. (C) *CR46003*; stage 14. (D) *CR32730*; stage 9. (E) *CR32730*; stage 12. (F) *CR32730*; stage 13. Top: lncRNA alone. Second from top: lncRNA (magenta) overlaid with *pros* (green).

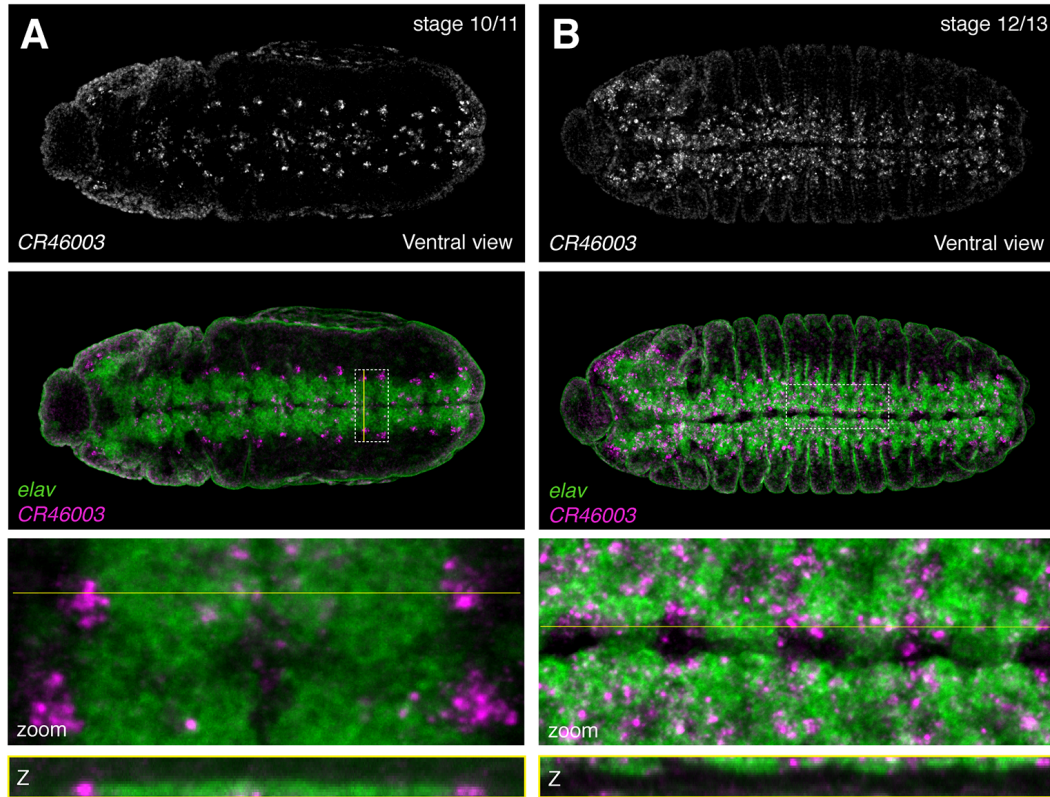


Fig S16: The lncRNA *CR46003* is expressed in neuronal subsets

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR46003* with the neuronal marker, *elav*. Ventral view. (A) Stage 10/11. (B) Stage 12/13. Top: *CR46003* alone. Second from top: *CR46003* (magenta) overlaid with *elav* (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.

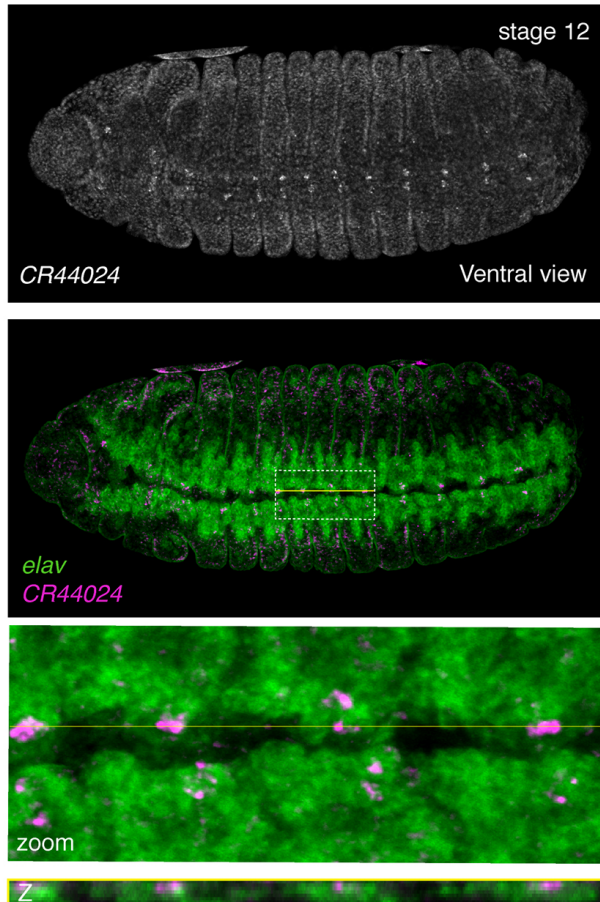


Fig S17: The lncRNA *CR44024* is expressed from stage 12 in neuronal subsets of the ventral nerve cord.

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR44024* with the neuronal marker, *elav*. Ventral view, stage 12. Top: *CR44024* alone. Second from top: *CR44024* (magenta) overlaid with *elav* (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.

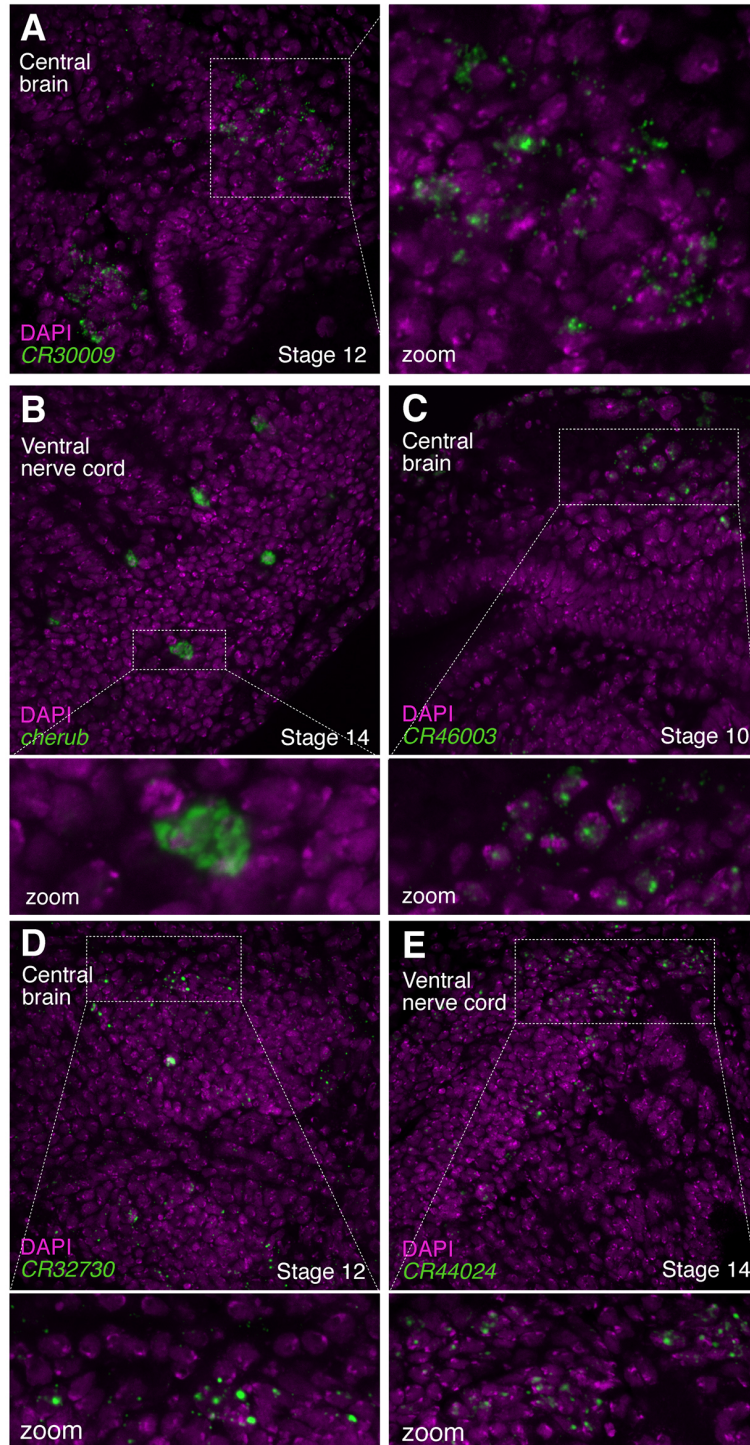


Fig S18: LncRNAs exhibit varying patterns of subcellular distribution

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against lncRNAs (green) overlaid with the nucleic acid marker, DAPI (magenta). (A) *CR30009*; central brain, stage 12. (B) *cherub*; ventral nerve cord, stage 14. (C) *CR46003*; central brain, stage 10. (D) *CR32730*; central brain, stage 12. (E) *CR44024*; ventral nerve cord, stage 14. (A) Left panel: Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI). Right panel: zoom in of ROI. (B-E) Top panel: Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI). Bottom panel: zoom in of ROI.

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