### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **Supplementary Figure Legends**

#### Figure S1: A novel mouse model for CIN: Cre-inducible Mps1 Knock-in (CiMKi)

(A) Genomic PCR of targeted ES cells confirming presence of the CiMKi allele. Shown here specifically is the CiMKi-T649A ES clone that was used for blastocyst injection. (B) Confirmation of correct integration of the CiMKi alleles by Southern blot. Shown here specifically is the CiMKi-T649A ES clone that was used for blastocyst injection. Lower schematic shows EcoRV restriction sites used for Southern blot, indicated 5' of exon 15 and in exon 20. (C) Targeted sequencing confirming presence of Mps1 mutations in mouse ear genomic DNA. (D) RT-PCR followed by targeted sequencing of cDNA from *CiMKi* MEF lines 56 hours after 4-OHT addition shows hetero- or homozygous expression of both D637A  $(A \rightarrow C)$  or T649A  $(A \rightarrow G)$  alleles. (E) Western blot of Mps1 protein expression in CiMKi; Rosa26-CreER<sup>T2</sup> MEFs 56 hours after 4-OHT addition. Intensity is normalized over  $\alpha$ tubulin. (F) Examples and quantification of Mad1 localization on kinetochores as a proxy for Mps1 activity in CiMKi; Rosa26-CreER<sup>T2</sup> MEFs 72 hours after 4-OHT addition. Cells were blocked in mitosis by nocodazole and MG132 for 30 minutes. Graph shows quantifications of kinetochore signals as ratios over ACA signals. Data represents mean  $\pm$  SD of at least 20 cells per condition. (G) Examples and quantification of diploid and aneuploid cells on metaphase spreads (DAPI) of CiMKi; R26CreER<sup>T2</sup> primary MEFS 56 hours after 4-OHT addition. MEFS were blocked in mitosis by 4 hours treatment with nocodazole. Ploidy was assessed by counting the number of chromosomes per cell, percentage of diploid cells is given. (H) RT-PCR followed by targeted sequencing on cDNA from *CiMKi*;*R26CreER*<sup>T2</sup> small intestine tissue one week after tamoxifen injection confirms effective recombination and expression of the mutant alleles. Hetero- or homozygous expressions of both D637A (A $\rightarrow$ C) or T649A (A $\rightarrow$ G) alleles are shown.

### Figure S2: CIN leads to spontaneous tumorigenesis in the intestine

(A) Relative bodyweight of  $CiMKi;R26CreER^{T2}$  mice after three consecutive days of intraperitoneal tamoxifen injection. Lines represent change in bodyweight per group as fraction of their weight at the start of the experiment (mean  $\pm$  SD). (B) Relative body weight in male (left) and female (right) *CiMKi;VillinCre* mice of all genotypes. Increase in weight is shown as percentage from start of the experiment (4 weeks) to end (8 months). Data is shown as mean percentage increase  $\pm$  SD.

# Figure S3. CIN differently affects small intestine and colon tumor formation in *Apc<sup>min/+</sup>* mice

(A) Quantification of small intestine adenomas on H&E sections of *CiMKi*; *Apc<sup>Min/+</sup>*; *VillinCre* mice. Each mouse is represented by an individual dot (n=4-15 mice per group), data represents mean  $\pm$  SD, asterisk indicate significance (one-tailed t-test, comparing each group to WT/WT, p<0.001 (\*\*\*)). Open dots represent mice euthanatized at 6-8 weeks of age, closed dots represent mice euthanatized at 12 weeks of age. (B) Average size of small intestine adenoma for each mouse was measured by taking the diameter of the lesion on H&E slides of  $CiMKi;Apc^{Min/+};VillinCre$  mice. Data represents mean  $\pm$  SD. (C) Total tumor burden in small intestine as the sum of all tumor diameters per mouse. Data represents mean  $\pm$  SD, asterisk indicate significance (one-tailed t-test, p<0.001 (\*\*\*). (D) Quantification of colon adenomas on H&E sections of CiMKi;ApcMin/+;VillinCre mice. Each mouse is represented by an individual dot (n=4-15 mice per group), data represents mean  $\pm$  SD, asterisk indicate significance (one-tailed t-test, comparing each group to wild-type, p<0.001 (\*\*\*), p<0.05 (\*)). Open dots represent mice euthanatized at 6-8 weeks of age, closed dots represent mice euthanatized at 12 weeks of age. (E) Average size of colon adenoma for each mouse was measured by taking the diameter of the lesion on H&E slides of CiMKi; Apc<sup>Min/+</sup>; VillinCre mice. Data represents mean  $\pm$  SD. (F) Total tumor burden in colon as the sum of all tumor diameters per mouse. Data represents mean  $\pm$  SD, asterisk indicate significance (one-tailed ttest, p<0.001 (\*\*\*), p<0.05 (\*)). (G) Colon tumor incidence in  $CiMKi;Apc^{Min/+};VillinCre$  mice of the indicated genotypes. (H) Targeted sequencing confirming absence of wild-type Apcgenomic DNA in tumor organoids.  $Apc^{Min/+}$  mouse ear genomic DNA is given as reference.

# Figure S4: Colonic crypts retain proliferating CIN cells more readily than small intestinal crypts

(A, B) Proliferative index in colon (A) and small intestine (B) of 4-week old  $CiMKi;Apc^{Min/+};VillinCre$  mice as determined on Ki-67 stained FFPE slides by calculating the percentage of Ki-67 positive cells within the proliferative compartment. Data represents mean  $\pm$  SD, n=3-4 mice per genotype. (C, D) Number of Ki-67 positive cells in proliferative compartment I colon (C) and small intestine (D) of 4-week old  $CiMKi;Apc^{Min/+};VillinCre$  mice. Data represents mean  $\pm$  SD, n=3-4 mice per genotype. Asterisk indicate significance (one-tailed t-test, p<0.01 (\*\*), p<0.05 (\*)).







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D





### **Supplementary Movie Legends**

## Movies S1: Increased missegregation rates in *CiMKi;Rosa26-CreER<sup>T2</sup>* MEFs.

(A) Time lapse imaging of  $CiMKi^{WT/WT}$ ;  $R26CreER^{T2}$  immortalised MEFs expressing H2BmNeon, 56 hours after 4-OHT addition. (B) As A, but for  $CiMKi^{KD/KD}$ ;  $R26CreER^{T2}$ .

# Movies S2: Increase in missegregation rates in *CiMKi;Apc<sup>Min/+</sup>;Villin-Cre* colon tumor organoids.

(A) Time lapse imaging of  $CiMKi^{WT/WT}$ ;  $Apc^{Min/+}$ ; Villin-Cre colon tumor organoids. Colour dept-coding (purple is bottom of organoid, red is top) was used to identify the position of the cells, left panel) and maximum projections are depicted in the right panel. (B) As A, but for  $CiMKi^{TA/TA}$ ;  $Apc^{Min/+}$ ; Villin-Cre colon tumor organoids.

Gene	Forward primer	Reverse nrimer	Expecte	Sequence primer	Mutation
Gene	r or war a primer	neverse primer	d band	Sequence primer	sequence
			size		sequence
CiMKi	CCAAATGGCTAG	GGTGAGGTTGTT	Mutant	NA	NA
Cumu	GGGAGCCACTGA	TCCAACTGGTAG	250 hn	1111	1111
	ТС	ТССЛАСТООТАО	230 bp		
CiMKi	GTGTCCTCACCC		~1000 hn	CGGATTTTATTTG	Τ649Δ
(mutation)	TGAAAATG	TGGGCTGTAGA	~1000 bp	AAGGTATTG	$\Lambda C \Lambda \Lambda / G C \Lambda$
(indiation)	ΙΟΛΛΛΙΟ	G		AAGGIAIIG	
		U			D03/A
			4001		TIGGA/CI
<i>CiMKi</i> cDNA	CCTAGAAGACG	GICICIGATIGC	~400 bp	GATAAGATCATCC	1649A
(mutation)	CCGATAGCC	TTCTGGGGC		GCCTCTATG	ACAA/GCA
					D637A
					TTGG <mark>A/C</mark> T
$Apc^{Min/+}$	CCGGAGTAAGCA	CTGTCGTCTGCC	~400 bp	CATGACTGTTCTTTC	GACAGAAG
	GAGACACAAG	ACACAATG		ACC	TTT/A
Rosa26-	GGCAGGAAGCA	CCTGATCCTGGC	~825 bp	NA	NA
$CreER^{T2}$	CTTGCTCTCCC	AATTTCG	_		
(mutant)					
Rosa26-	GGCAGGAAGCA	GGAGCGGGAGA	~650 bp	NA	NA
CreER <sup>T2</sup> (wild-	CTTGCTCTCCC	AATGGATATG			
type)					
Villin-	CAAGCCTGGCTC	CCTGATCCTGGC	~220 bp	NA	NA
$Cre(ER^{T2})$	GACGGCC	AATTTCG	-		

Table 1: Primers for genotyping and cDNA analysis

## **Extended Methods**

## Cloning of CiMKi targeting vectors

CiMKi alleles were cloned into the pAC targeting vector (based on pFlexible(Van Der Weyden et al., 2005)) (kind gift from Jos Jonkers). Three fragments were ligated separately into the vector as follows:

1) Conditional fragment into HindIII-PacI (between loxP sites)

- 2) 5' Recombination arm into PmeI-AscI (upstream of 5' loxP site)
- 3) 3' Recombination arm, including either point mutation, into SbfI-NotI (downstream of 3' loxP site).

Details for the three fragments:

## 1) Conditional fragment

The conditional fragment was obtained by assembling three separate PCR products by ligation

into pCDNA3 (see details below):

#1=*HindIII*-(last part of)intron16-*XhoI* (~600 bp)

## #2=XhoI-exon17-exon18-exon19-exon20-exon21-exon22-BamHI (~1000 bp)

#3=BamHI-intron22(polyAsignal)-PacI (~600 bp)

This resulted in the following complete sequence of the conditional fragment (exon17-22 part

(PCR product #2) in bold):

GTGATCTGAAGCCTGCTAACTTTGTGATAGTGGATGGAATGCTAAAGCTAATTGATT TTGGGATTGCAAACCAAATGCAGCCAGACAACAAGCATTGTTAAAGATTCTCAG GTTGGCACAGTTAACTATATGGCCCCAGAAGCAATCAGAGACATGTCTTCTTCAAG AGAAAATTCGAAAATCAGAACCAAGGTAAGTCCCAGAAGTGATGTCTGGTCCTTGG GGTGCATTTTGTACTACATGACTTATGGGAGGACGCCATTTCAGCACATCATCAATC AGGTCTCTAAACTGCACGCCATAATCAACCCTGCTCATGAGATTGAATTTCCCGAGA TTTCGGAAAAAGATCTTCGAGACGTGCTAAAGTGCTGTTTAGTGAGGAACCCTAAA GAGAGGATATCTATCCCTGAGCTCCTCACACATCCGTATGTTCAAATTCAGCCCCAT CCAGGCAGCCAAATGGCTAGGGGGGGGGCCACTGATGAAATGAAATATGTGTTGGGTCA ACTTGTTGGTCTGAATTCTCCTAACTCCATCTTGAAAAACTGCAAAAACTTTGTATGA ACGTTATAATTGTGGTGAAGGTCAAGATTCTTCGTCATCCAAGACTTTTGACAAAAA GAGAGAAAGAAAGTGATGCACAGCTACGTACAAACCAAGAACACTAGATTGTTTCC TCTGCCATACTCTTGAATCTCTGAGGAAATCTACCAGTTGGAAACAACCTCACCTGG AGCTGTAAAGTTAACCACTCATAGCACTGTGTATATTAAATTATAGAGTTGTGCTTT TCTTTTATGCTTTTCTGTAAATCTGCTAATGTTTTACGTTTGGAACAGTGAATGATA **GCTGGAATGTTGAAGAGCTCTGTAAATAAAGCGTCACCACAGTTCC**AGAACTGTACA GTGGTCAGTTTCTTCAATCAAATGTGTTCTTGGCATGATAGCAAAATTTTTAGAAAAACG GGATTAAGAATAGACCGTAGTAAATAAAGTTTAACAATTAAATTTCCAAAGGATTTAGG CTGAGTTCGAGGCCAGCCTGGTCTACAGAGTGAGTTCCAGGACAGCCAGGGCTACACAG AGGATAGCCAAGGCTATACAGACACTTTCTCCCCACCACCATCCTGCCCTCAAAAAAATT GTAAATAAATTTCCTAATTGTGTACAGCCATGATACCATCTATAGTATTTGGTCTGCAAG TGGCTTTTTCAGTTCTCCCTTTGACTCTTCAAAGTACATATGGGGGTTTGGTGTTCTAAATA TTGTGCTGGAGTTTGTGATTTAATGTCTATAGTTAATACATGCCATTATTGAG*TTAATTAA* 

Product #1 was obtained by standard PCR using genomic DNA from 129/Ola-derived IB10 ES

cells (kind gift from Hans Clevers). Primers used (Italic is overhang, in Capitals/Italic the

restriction sites):

#1 Forward: *cggcgAAGCTT*ATGGCCAGTTTTTCAG

#1 Reverse: cgccgCTCGAGCTTCAAAATAAAATCCGTC

Product #2 was obtained by standard PCR using mouse cDNA (Imagenes, Germany, BC

058851, ID: 30023533). Primers used (Italic is overhang, in Capitals/Italic the restriction

sites):

#2 Forward: *ccggcCTCGAGgcgctactctggtg*GTATTGTTCATAGTG

#2 Reverse: ccgcgGGATCCgcgctactctggtgCTGGAACTGTGGTGAC

Product #3 was obtained by standard PCR using genomic DNA from 129/Ola-derived IB10 ES cells (kind gift from Hans Clevers). Primers used (*Italic* is overhang, in *Capitals/Italic* the restriction sites:

#3 Forward: ccgccGGATCCAACTGTACAGTGGTC

#3 Reverse: ccgccgTTAATTAACTCAATAATGGCATG

First, products #1 and #2 were ligated by standard methods into pCDNA3 simultaneously. XhoI site was removed using site-directed mutagenesis. Primers used:

(XhoI)loop Forward: GACGGATTTTATTTTGAAGGTATTGTTCATAGTGATC

(XhoI)loop Reverse: GATCACTATGAACAATACCTTCAAAAATAAAATCCGTC

Second, product #3 was ligated into the pCDNA containing #1 and #2. BamHI site was removed using site-directed mutagenesis. Primers used:

(BamHI)loop Forward: GCGTCACCACAGTTCCAGAACTGTACAGTGGTCAG

(BamHI)loop Reverse: CTGACCACTGTACAGTTCTGGAACTGTGGTGACGC

This resulted is completion of the conditional fragment. Third, the conditional fragment was digested from pCDNA and ligated into pAC16 (using *HindIII and PacI restriction sites*).

### 2) 5' Recombination arm

The 5' recombination arm fragment was obtained by standard PCR using genomic DNA (from 129/Ola-derived IB10 ES cells (kind gift from Hans Clevers). Primers used (*Italic* is overhang, in *Capitals/Italic* the restriction sites):

5'arm Forward: ctagcgGTTTAAACTCGAAGGCCTCAACCTCACAGAGATCTTTC 5'arm Reverse: atcttaGGCGCGCGGGGCCCTCTCCTCCTCCTATCTGTAGGATG This resulted in the following complete sequence of the 5' recombination arm: (*PmeI*-(lastpartof)intron14-**exon15**-intron15-**exon16**-(firstpartof)intron16-*ApaI-AscI* (~2kb): *GTTTAAAC*TCGAAGGCCTCAACCTCACAGAGATCTTTCTGCTTCTGCCTCTCCTGAGTG CTGTGGATAGCTTATCTGTTGTTGTGCCCCACCTTGTACTTAATATCAAGATGAGATGTT TGGCTGTTCGGTGATACTAGCTCTGGTGACTAAAACTGAATAGGACCTTTATTCCTTTGCT CTGGCTATTTTATTAACTTATAGCAAGTAATTGGAAAGCATCCCATCAGACCCATTTGTA ATAGGCTGCTGCTATGGCTTTGGTGCAGGGCCCTGGCTTTAATCTCTTAACATAAAAACC ATAAGCAAAAGACAAAATAGGTAGGAGTGTATATTTCCACATGGAGCATGTCTTCCCAT AAATATTTTCCTTTTCACGCTCCCCTTATTAGATTTTCAGTTATGAGCATAAGGAAGAAGG GTGCATGCATGTTCTAGGCACTGAGTGATGGGTGTGCTGGAAGCTGTAAACTGCGTGGG GGCCTCTTCCTCAGTGCTTTAAGAAATTGATTCATAGGAACATCATTGCTCCTGCCAACCT AACTCAACTGTGACTTGCGCTGCTTTCCACAAATGAATGTAGTGATGGCTTACAATTACT GTGATTTTTAAAAATATTCCCTATCAGAGAAATGAATTGGTTGATAGTAGGCACAATGAA AAGGTGGGAGTTGGTGGGGGGGGGGGGGTCTAGGAAGTGAACTGTCAAATCACAGCCTTAG TCATCCTTATCGTCTTCGAATGTCTTTTCCCTTGATGTTTTCTCCCTGGATAAGAAAGGCAT CCCTAGAATTTTGTGGATATAGCAACATCATATTTAAGTTGGTTTTCTTAGACACTGATGT AGAAAACCTTTGAATTATTTGAATGTCCATTGTTATAGGGGGCTGGAAATGGATACTTAGC TTCTCATGTTGGTATTTCTTTAGGAATATCCTCAGCCTGAGACTGTTAGTGTTAAATGGAA AGGTACTGCTCCAGTTTTCAGAGGGAGACATGTCCTAAGCTCTTTCTCCACTTTTTATGTA AGAAGACGCCGATAGCCAAACTATTGAGAGCTACCGCAACGAGATAGCGTTTTTGA **ACAAACTACAGCAACACAGTGATAAGATCATCCGCCTCTATGATTA**GTATGAATTCA TTTTTATTTTAAAAAATAAAAGTTTGTTCTTGCCATAATTCTTAGGCAAAGAGTAAATCCTT AATGACATAATGTGGGCATTTATTGTTTTGTTGTGTCTGTTTATCTTTAATTGCAGTGAAA TCACCGAGCAGTACATCTACATGGTAATGGAATGTGGAAACATTGACCTAAATAGT TGGCTTAAAAAGAAAAAATCCATCAATCCATGGGAACGCAAGAGCTACTGGAAAAA **CATGTTGGAGGCAGTACACATAATCCATCAGCATG**GTATTTTCATATCTCTTCATACA CGTAAAGTTAAAATAGTTGTTAATTGTGCCATTTTAGAAACATACCCTTAACTGGAAGTT CATTAGAGGTGAAGGCACTCTTAAGAGTGGTTATACACAGGCTACAGAACAACAAG CACAGGATGTAGAACAGAAATGGCCACATGTACAATGTAAACTTACCCTCCTCTGGTACC TGGGGATTCCTATCTTCAAGTCCTGAGGATTTGGACATCCTACAGATAGGAGGAGAGGG CCCGGCGCGCC

This fragment was ligated into pAC16 containing the conditional fragment (using PmeI and

AscI restriction sites, upstream of 5' loxP site).

### 3) 3' Recombination arm

The 3' recombination arm fragment was obtained by standard PCR using genomic DNA (from

129/Ola-derived IB10 ES cells (kind gift from Hans Clevers)). Primers used (Italic is overhang,

in *Capitals/Italic* the restriction sites):

3'arm Forward: *ccgccCCTGCAGG*ATGGCCAGTTTTTCAG

3'arm Reverse: *ctagcgGCGGCCGC*CTATTTGCAAATCACAAAG

This fragment was ligated into pAC16 (using SbfI and NotI restriction sites, downstream of 3'

loxP site). CiMKi point mutations were introduced using site-directed mutagenesis.

Primers used for T649A mutation:

mMps1-T649A-F: CAAATGCAGCCAGACACA\*GCA\*AGCATTGTTAAAGATTC

mMps1-T649A-R: GAATCTTTAACAATGCTTGCTGTGTCTGGCTGCATTTG

Primers used for D637A mutation:

mMps1-D637A(KD)-F: GAATGCTAAAGCTAATT\*GCT\*TTTGGGATTGCAAAC

mMps1-D637A(KD)-R: GTTTGCAATCCCAAAAGCAATTAGCTTTAGCATTC

This resulted in the following complete sequence of the 3' recombination arm (SbfI-

(lastpartof)intron16-exon17\*-intron17-NotI (~2.2kb), containing either T649A or D637A

point mutation in exon 17):

CCTGCAGGATGGCCAGTTTTTCAGTCTCCAAAGGATTTTCTCTTTGGAGCCCGGTGTGAGA CTGCCTTTCCCTTGTCTTTTAAACAGATGTGTTCAATCTCATGCGCTTCCTCTGCTTCTCCT TCTTATTGTCTGACAGTTCTTGGTGGTGCTTTCCTGGCCTGTGCATGGCAGTGTGCAGCAC ACACTGACAGGCTAGGCCTGGAATCCTGAACAGTTCACTTCAACTCAAATCACATTGAGT GTCCTCACCCTGAAAATGATGATGATGATAATGGGACTTATTTGCTATGCATTGCTATAGAAT GGTACCTGGCCCACAACATTTGCTAAGAAAGTGTAGAATGTATAATAACTAAATATTAAT GTGTTGCCTAATTGAAAGGATAAGCCTGACCTAAAGATTATGAAATGCTTTTTGTCCCC **TGGCCATAGAATGTTTTTCTTCATCTAACAGAACGGATTTTATTTTGAAGGTATTGTTCA** CT\*TTTGGGATTGCAAACCAAATGCAGCCAGACACA\*GCA\*AGCATTGTTAAAGATT **CTCAG**GTAGGAGTTTTGCTGTCTTGGTTGTATTTTAGTGTTTTGAACCAGGGTTTTGCATC AGGGTTTTGCATAACCTAGAATGCTCTTGACTTTGATCAGTGGCCTTCAGCTCCTGATCCT GCTGCCTGTGCATCCCAGGTGTGGGGCTTATAGGTGTCAGCCCCGACACCCGACTTCAGGT AGGATTTTAATGATGGCTGGTTACTACAAGGCTTAGTTCATTTTTATCTGTTAAATATGTT GCCAATATTATATTTTTACCAACCATGTTATTCCAAAAATTTGAAGTCTTTTTAAAGAATA GAAACTATGTTTATAAAAGACCATGGTCAAAGCCATGGTCAATTTGATTTATAAAAGCAG TTCAAGATCAGACAAGTATATTTATGAATTTTGGATGATTTTTCTCATAGCTGAGGCAGGG CAGAGAGTAATTGCACCTTCATGTTCTCCACTGTCCTGTTTCTTTTCTTACTGCTTAAATT TGGGAGAAAGTTTTAAGAGAGCCTTATTGGGAATACTGAAGCGTTCCACTCAGCTACGC TGTGCCATTGTGGAGGTGTGGGGGATGGCTTCGGTAAACCACTTCTCTCCTACTGTGGGCC CTGGGAGCCAAAGTCAGATTGTGTGTGCGGCAGCAAGCTCTACAGCCCAGCTGTGCTTTGTAG TAACATTTGCTGTGGTAAATCTCATGAAGCTGAAGTAGTGAGGGGAAAACAGAGCTGAA AGGTGATGTCGACTGCACCTCGCAGGCTGTGTCCAGGGATGGAGATAAATCAGAAGATA AGTACAGATGATGAACAGTGAGTGTAGATGAGACTGAAGTTTTCTATGGCAAGGTCTTA GCAGGCCGACATTTTGTTACCTTAGAACTAAAGGATTTTGCGTATTATCTCCATGCCCAG

These fragments were ligated separately into pAC16 containing the conditional fragment and the 5' recombination arm (using *SbfI and NotI restriction sites*, downstream of 3' loxP site), to obtain the two separate complete targeting vectors containing CiMKi-T649A or CiMKi-D637A.

Fidelity of all PCR products, site-directed mutagenesis steps, and ligation steps were verified by sequencing.