## Supplemental information for:

## Integrative x-ray structure and molecular modeling for the rationalization of procaspase-8 inhibitor potency and selectivity

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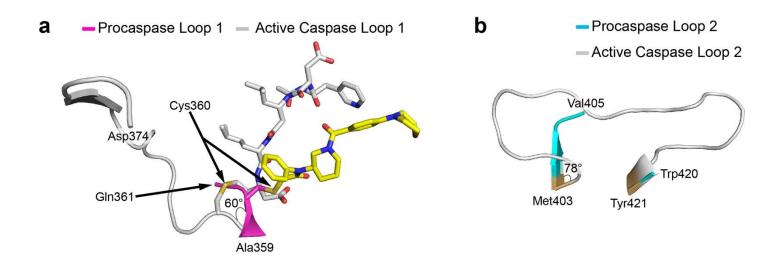
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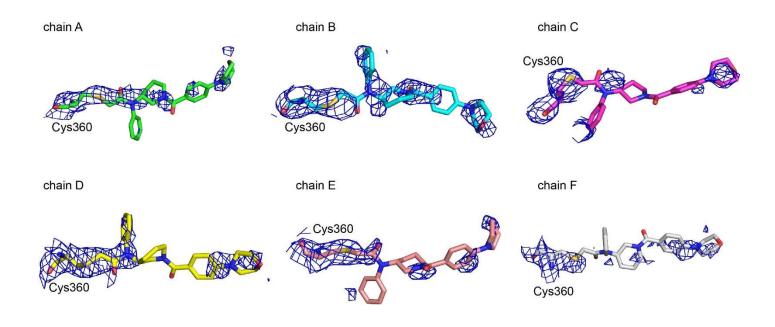
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**Supplementary Table 1.** X-ray data collection and structure refinement statistics of procaspase-8 in complex with **63-***R*.

Structure	6PX9
Space group	P 3 <sub>1</sub>
Cell dimensions	
a, b, c; Å	101.3, 101.3, 175.5
α, β, γ; ο	90, 90, 120
Data Processing	
Resolution, Å (outer shell)	50.0-2.88 (2.93-2.88)
Completeness, %	99.5 (99.5)
Unique reflections	45,476 (2,243)
Redundancy	4.5 (4.4)
R <sub>meas</sub> (%) <sup>a</sup>	33.6 (150)
R <sub>merge</sub> (%) <sup>b</sup>	29.7 (132)
R <sub>p.i.m.</sub> (%) <sup>c</sup>	15.6 (70.5)
Average I / Average σ (I)	8.1 (1.7)
CC <sub>1/2</sub>	67.9 (17.4)
Refinement	
Resolution, Å (outer shell)	50.0-2.88 (2.94-2.88)
No. reflections (test set)d	45,343 (2,253)
R <sub>cryst</sub> (%) <sup>e</sup>	28.9 (44.2)
Rfree (%)	36.6 (49.4)
Protein atoms / Waters	9,845 / 4 / 30
CV coordinate error (Å) <sup>f</sup>	0.90
RMSD bonds (Å) / angles °	0.003 / 0.677
B-values protein/waters/ligands (Ų)	44 / 39 / 43
Ramachandran Statistics (%)	
Preferred	89.2
Allowed	10.8
Outliers	0



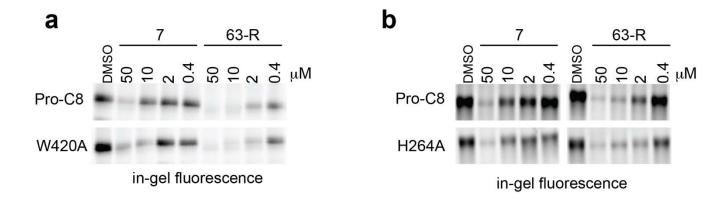
**Supplementary Fig. 1**. Overlay of pro- and active caspase-8 loops 1 and 2. **a** Cartoon representation of the N-terminal end of loop 1 where the catalytic Cys360 of active caspase-8 repositions 60° from Cys360 in the procaspase-8 structure (carbons are magenta, grey, yellow, and green for procaspase-8, active caspase-8, **63-**  $\mathbf{R}$ , and active caspase-8 peptide inhibitor respectively, with blue nitrogens, and red oxygens). **b** Cartoon representation of loop 2 where procaspase-8 is cyan and active caspase-8 is grey. Met403 is shifted 78° in the activated caspase-8, changing the secondary structure of loop 2 from the β-sheet seen in procaspase-8 into a disordered loop.



**Supplementary Fig. 2**. Simulated-annealing omit map density contoured at  $1.0\sigma$  of catalytic Cys360 bound to inhibitor **63-***R* in all 6 subunits. Atoms colored as Supplementary Fig. 1.

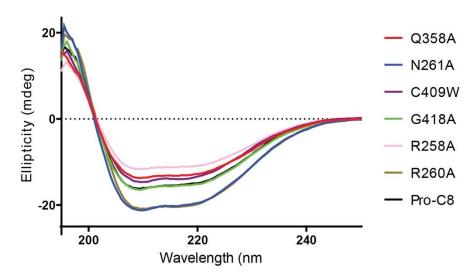
**Supplementary Table 2.** Modification of procaspase-8 crystals by **63-***R*. Crystals from procaspase-8 cocrystallized with **63-***R* were harvested, reduced, alkylated, subjected to trypsin digest and analyzed by LC-MS/MS. Underline marks the **63-***R*-modified cysteine.

Protein	Cysteine	Fragment #	Peptide	M+H calculated (m/z)	M+H observed (m/z)	Charge
CASP8	C360	63-R	K.VFFIQA <u>C</u> QGDNYQK.G	1034.99	1034.99	+2

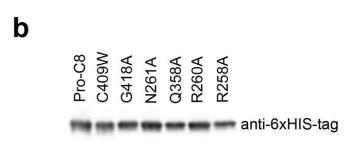


**Supplementary Fig. 3.** Competitive ABPP gels of the W420A and H264A mutated forms of procaspase-8. **a** Recombinant procaspase-8 (D384A and D394A), and mutant procaspase-8 proteins (W420A) were added to HEK 293T soluble lysates to a final protein concentration of 500 nM. The protein-containing lysates were then treated with **7** or **63-R** at the indicated concentrations or vehicle (DMSO) for 1h, followed by labeling with **61** (10  $\mu$ M) for 1h, "click" conjugation to rhodamine-azide, and analysis by SDS-PAGE and in-gel fluorescence. **b** As in 'a' but with the H264A mutant of procaspase-8. Due to observed instability of the H264A protein upon multiple freeze thaw cycles, the protein was assayed in *E coli* lysates after overexpression without freezing and without further purification.

a

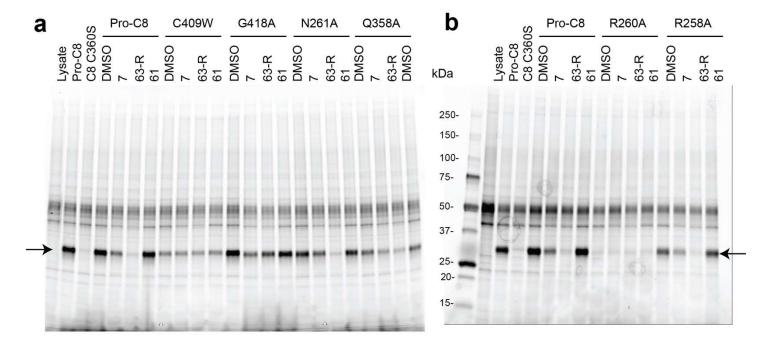


	Alpha	Beta		
	Helix	Sheet	Turn	Other
Pro-C8	15.9%	38.3%	13.9%	33.4%
R260A	15.3%	42.5%	14.9%	29.3%
Q358A	15.0%	42.5%	13.9%	30.6%
G418A	15.1%	38.5%	11.1%	36.5%
C409W	14.6%	40.2%	12.0%	34.0%
R258A	15.9%	36.9%	13.5%	34.8%
N261A	15.4%	42.5%	13.4%	30.1%

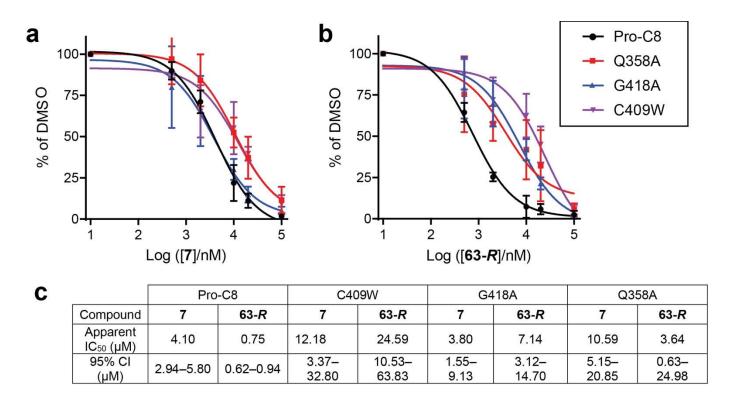


Recombinant Pro-caspase-8

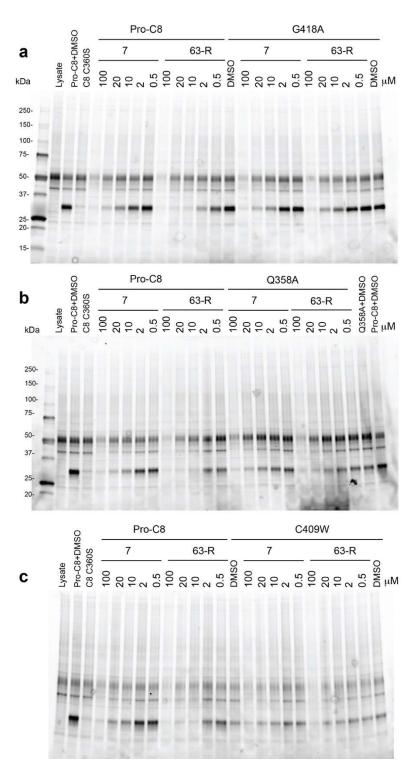
**Supplementary Fig. 4. a** Circular dichroism spectra and calculated secondary structures of caspase-8 mutant proteins. **b** Relative abundance of the indicated recombinant procaspase-8 constructs was visualized by Western blot with an anti-his antibody.



**Supplementary Fig. 5.** Representative full-length gels for single dose competitive labeling experiments quantified in Fig. 5B-I. **a** Recombinant procaspase-8 (D384A and D394A), and mutant procaspase-8 proteins (C409W, G418A, N261A, or Q358A) were added to HEK 293T soluble lysates to a final protein concentration of 500 nM. The protein-containing lysates were then treated with **7**, **63-**R, **62** (all at 10  $\mu$ M), or vehicle (DMSO) for 1h, followed by labeling with **61** (10  $\mu$ M) for 1h, "click" conjugation to rhodamine-azide, and analysis by SDS-PAGE and in-gel fluorescence. Note that the C360S-mutant of procaspase-8, which lacks the catalytic cysteine, did not label with **61**. **b** As in '**a**' but with the R260A- and R258A-mutants of procaspase-8. Arrows indicate procaspase-8 band.



**Supplementary Fig. 6**. Site-directed mutagenesis studies to identify residues that determine compound binding to procaspase-8. (**a** and **b**) Apparent IC<sub>50</sub> curves for blockade of **61** labeling of procaspase-8 (pro-C8) harboring the indicated mutations by pre-treatment with **7** (**a**) or **63-***R* (**b**). **c** Calculated apparent IC<sub>50</sub> values, including 95% confidence intervals derived from the three replicate experiments shown in **a** and **b**.



**Supplementary Fig. 7.** Representative full-length gels for IC<sub>50</sub> competitive labeling experiments quantified in Fig. 5J and Fig. 5 supplement 3. **a** Recombinant procaspase-8 (D384A and D394A), and C409W-mutant procaspase-8 were added to HEK 293T soluble lysates to a final protein concentration of 500 nM. The protein-containing lysates were then treated with **7**, **63-**R, **62** at the indicated concentrations, or vehicle (DMSO) for 1h, followed by labeling with **61** (10  $\mu$ M) for 1h, "click" conjugation to rhodamine-azide. **b** as in '**a**', with Q358A-mutant pro-caspase-8. **c** as in '**a**', with C409W-mutant procaspase-8.

## **Supplementary References**

- 1. Weiss, M. S. Global indicators of X-ray data quality. J. Appl. Crystallogr. 34, 130–135 (2001).
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