

Investigation of the effect of temperature on the structure of SARS-Cov-2 Spike Protein by Molecular Dynamics Simulations

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Table S1. List of systems studied

Serial No.	Temperature (in °C)	Simulation Time (ns)
1	10	200
2	20	200
3	30	200
4	40	200
5	50	200
6	70	100

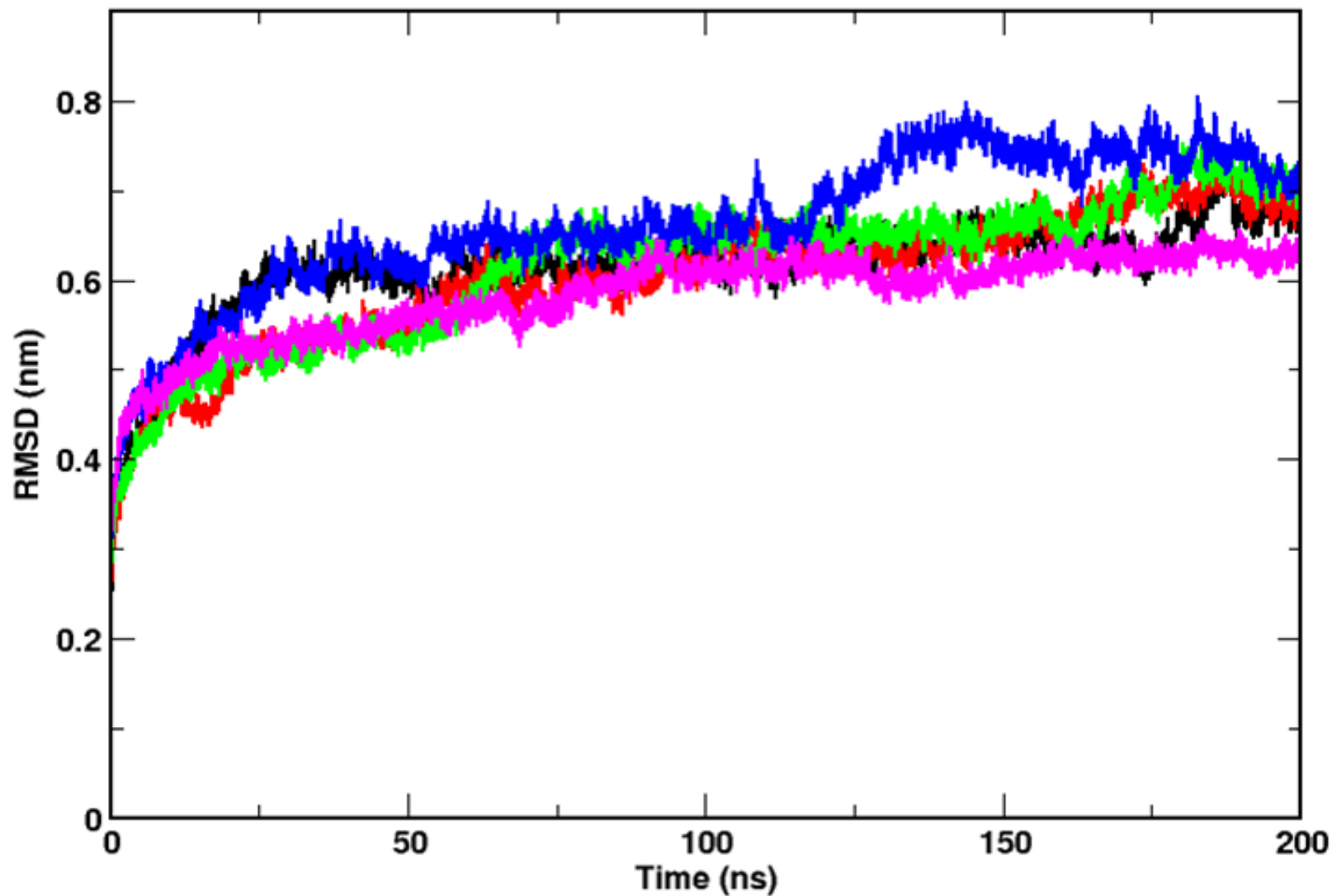


Figure S1. Stability of the Spike protein across all temperatures. RMSDs of Spike glycoprotein at 10 °C (black), 20 °C (red), 30 °C (green), 40 °C (blue) and 50 °C (magenta) during 200 ns of classical MD simulations showing stability of the simulations

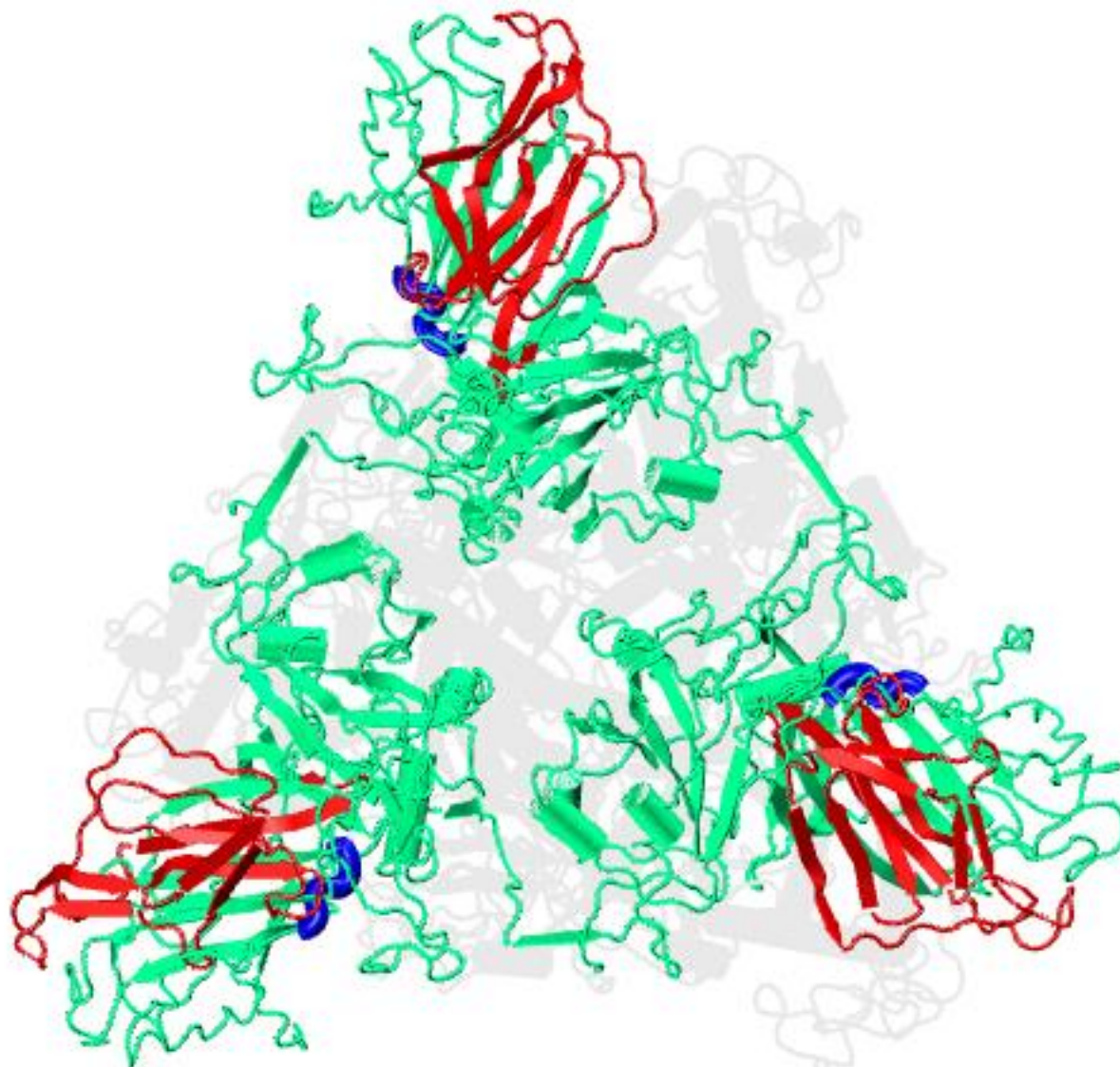
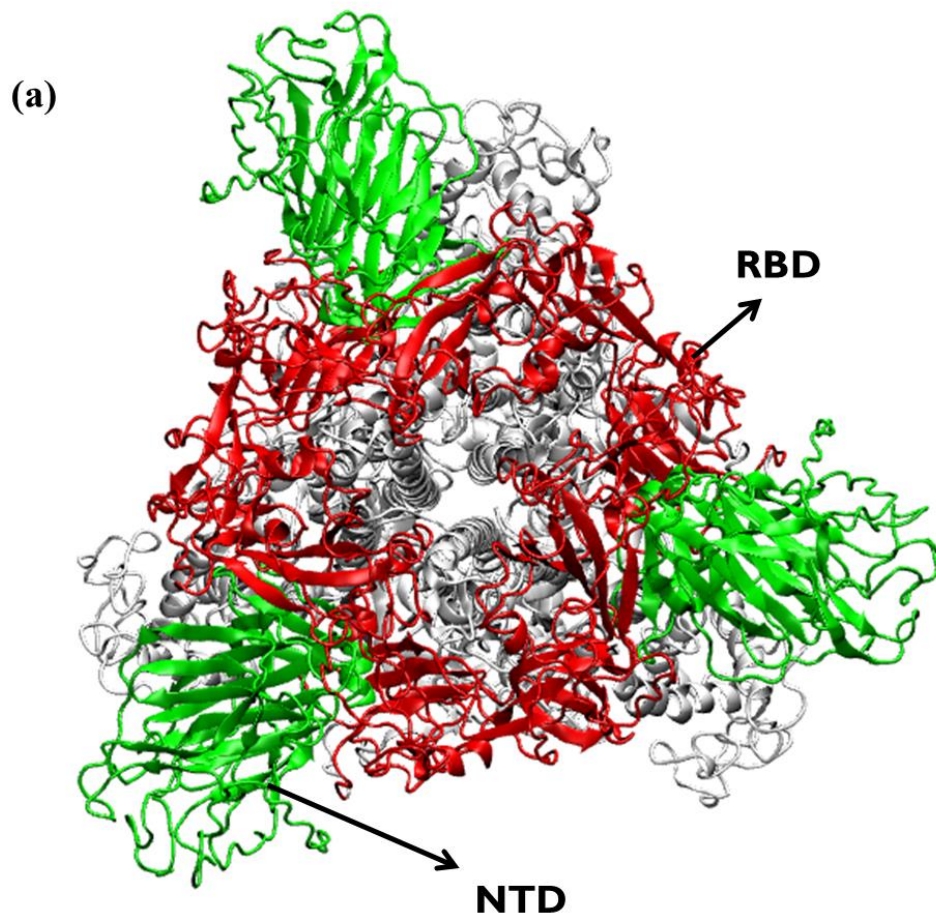


Figure S2. Highly fluctuating regions in the N-Terminal Domain Structure showing the S1 domain from top, highlighting the regions where peaks were observed in RMSF. The $\beta 4$ - $\beta 5$ loop is shown in blue and the solvent exposed $\beta 6$ - $\beta 12$ loop is shown in red



(b)

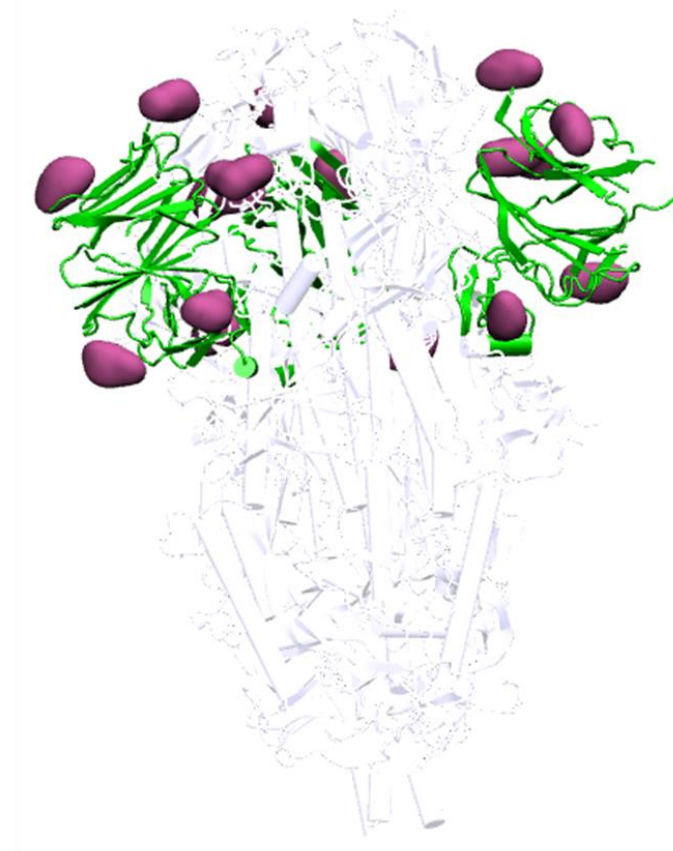


Figure S3. The structure of S1 domain. (a) Structure of S1 domain highlighting the N-Terminal Domain (in green) and Receptor Binding Domain (in red). (b) The orientation of N-acetyl glucosamine (NAG) residues around N-Terminal Domain in the crystal structure of Spike protein (PDB: 6VXX). The NAG residues are shown in surf mode and colored in pink, the N-Terminal Domain is shown in green

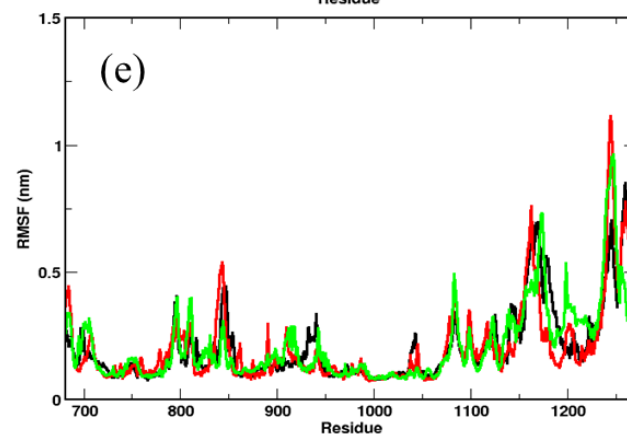
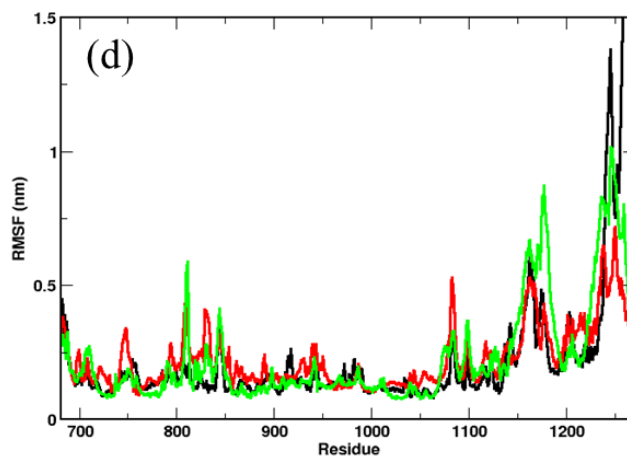
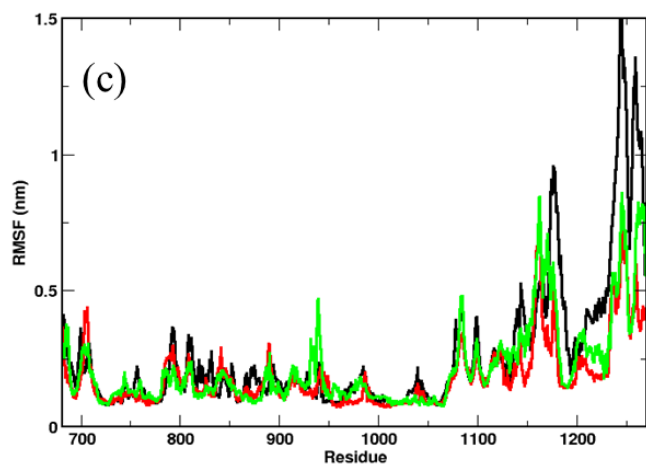
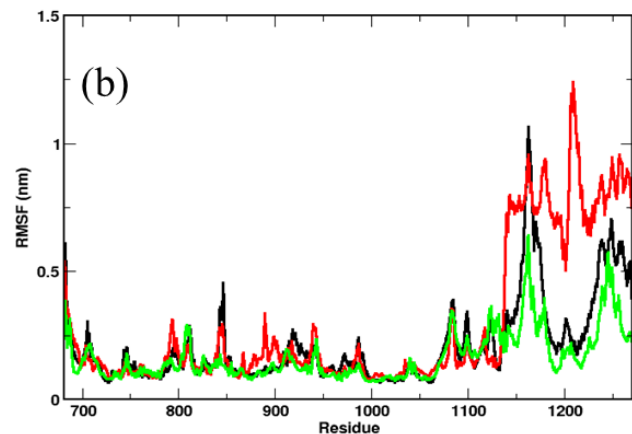
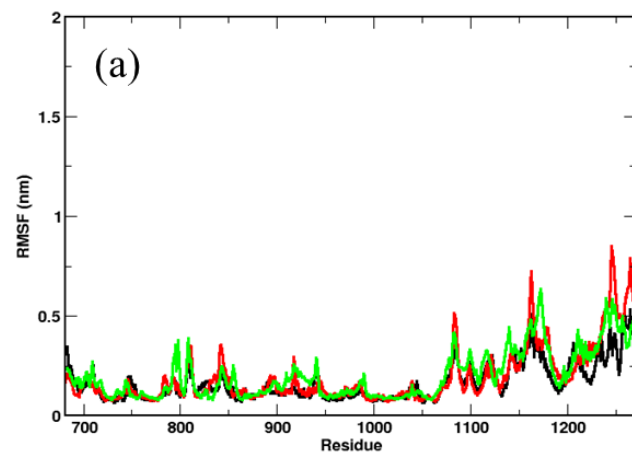


Figure S5. Fluctuation of CA of individual chains at different temperatures. RMSFs of the CA residues of S2 domain showing stability in residues spanning the transmembrane region. Fluctuations of chain A (in black), B (in red) and C (in green) are shown for temperatures (a) 10 °C, (b) 20 °C, (c) 30 °C, (d) 40 °C and (e) 50 °C

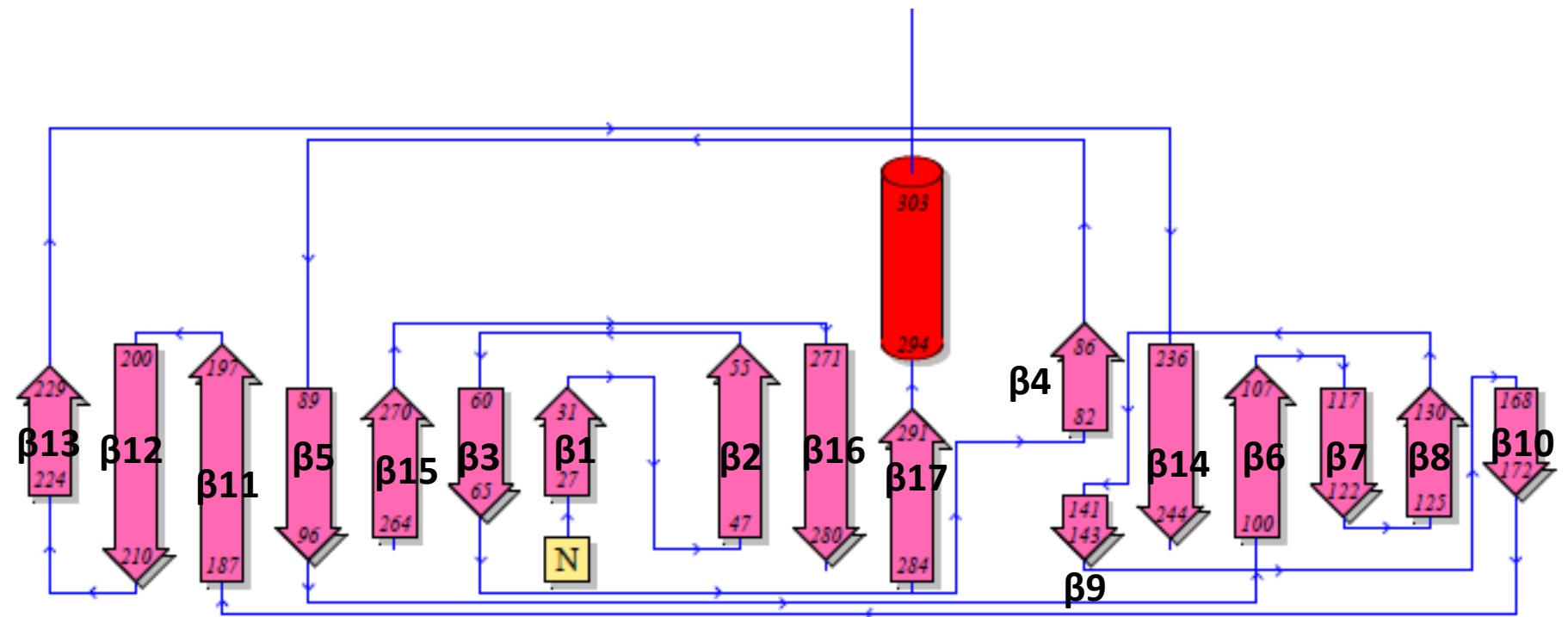


Figure S6. Secondary structure of the N-Terminal Domain. Topology of the N-Terminal Domain showing the three distinct layers of β sheet. β strands are colored in pink and α helix in red. The beginning and end residues are shown. The structure is generated from the pdbsum online server using the crystal structure of Spike protein (PDB ID: 6VXX)

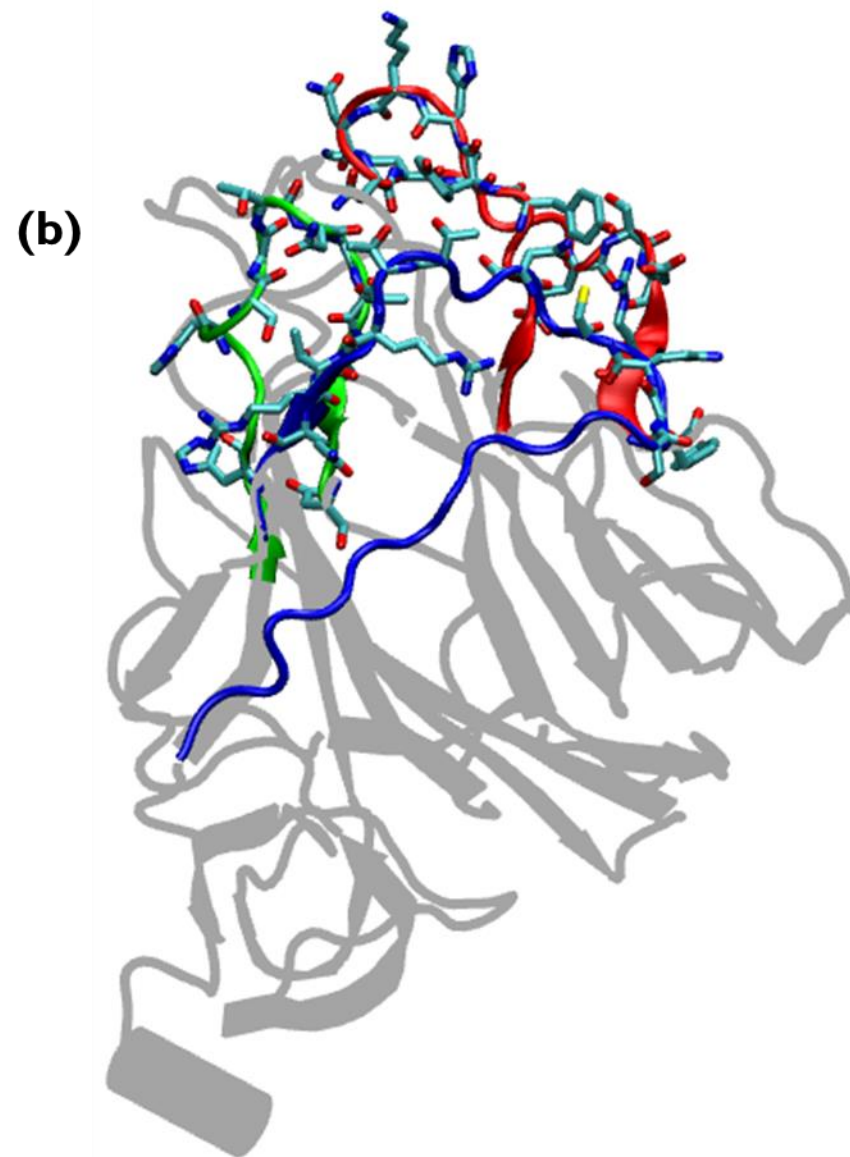
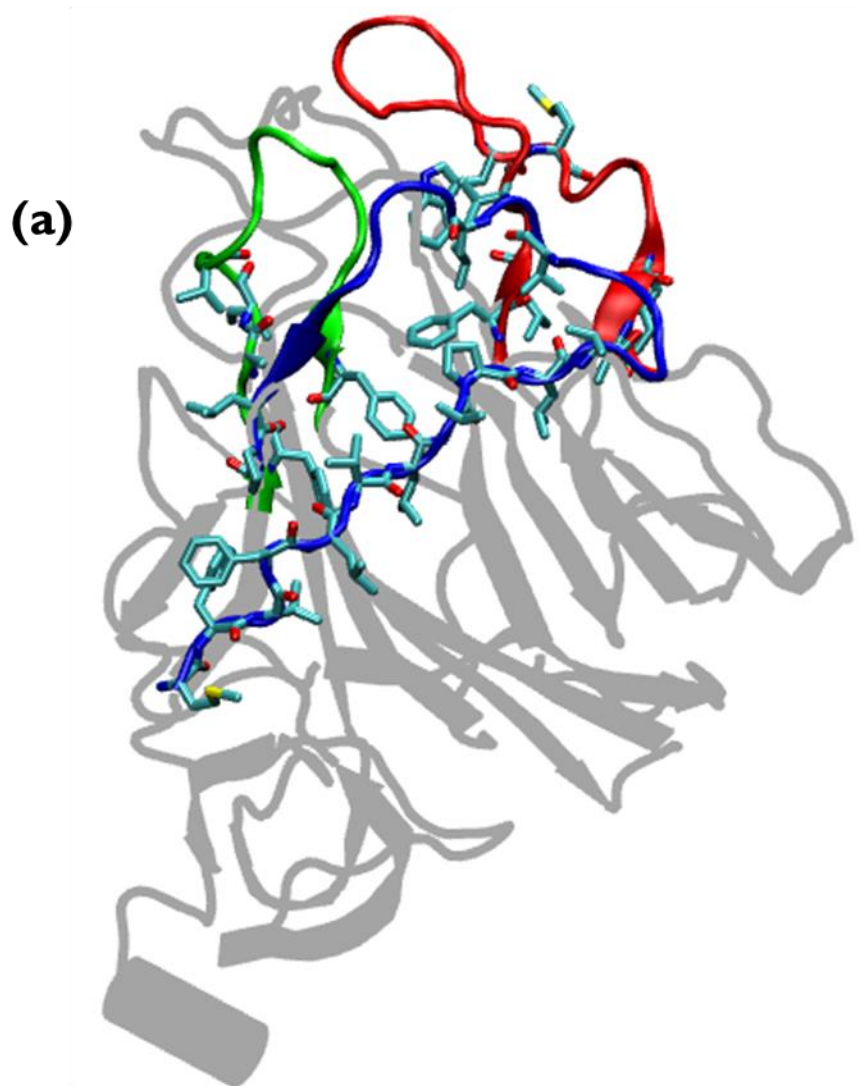


Figure S6. Solvent exposed residues at 30 °C. The time-averaged conformation of N-Terminal Domain at 30 °C showing the relative orientation of (a) hydrophobic and (b) polar residues near the solvent accessible surface. The residues are shown in licorice and colored by CPK



Figure S7. Spike protein receptor binding motif at high temperature. The time average conformation of the receptor binding motif highlighted in magenta at 70 °C after 100ns of simulation, showing the confined arrangement of loops