

Supplementary Materials

CRISPR activation rescues abnormalities in *SCN2A* haploinsufficiency-associated autism spectrum disorder

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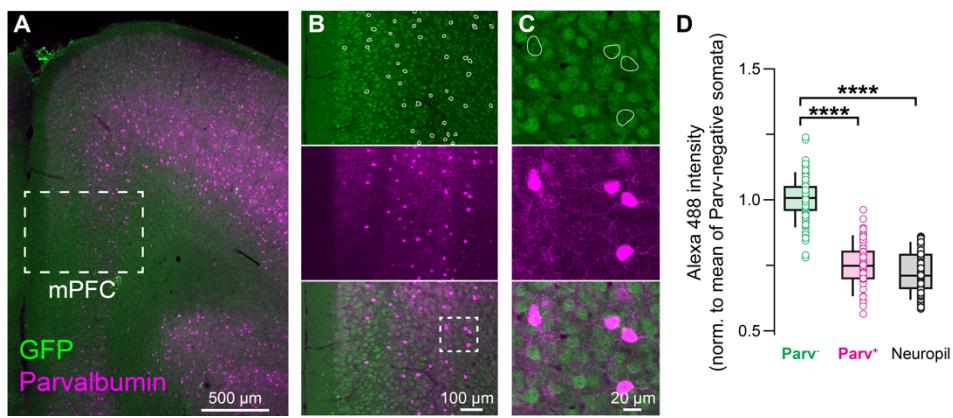


Figure S1: Excitatory pyramidal neurons in the mPFC are GFP+ in Cre-negative *Scn2a*^{+/KI} animals.

A-C: Coronal brain sections from P60 *Scn2a*^{+/KI} mouse (Cre-) immunostained with anti-GFP and anti-parvalbumin (PV).

D: Quantification of mean fluorescence intensity of GFP in PV-negative cells, PV-positive cells, and neuropil (area without somata as a measure of background fluorescence). Data are from 2 mice. Parv-: 1.0 ± 0.01 , n = 67 cells; Parv+: 0.7 ± 0.01 , n = 37 cells; neuropil: 0.75 ± 0.01 . Parv- vs. Parv+: ****p < 0.0001. Parv- vs. neuropil: ****p < 0.0001. Holm-Šídák multiple comparisons test.

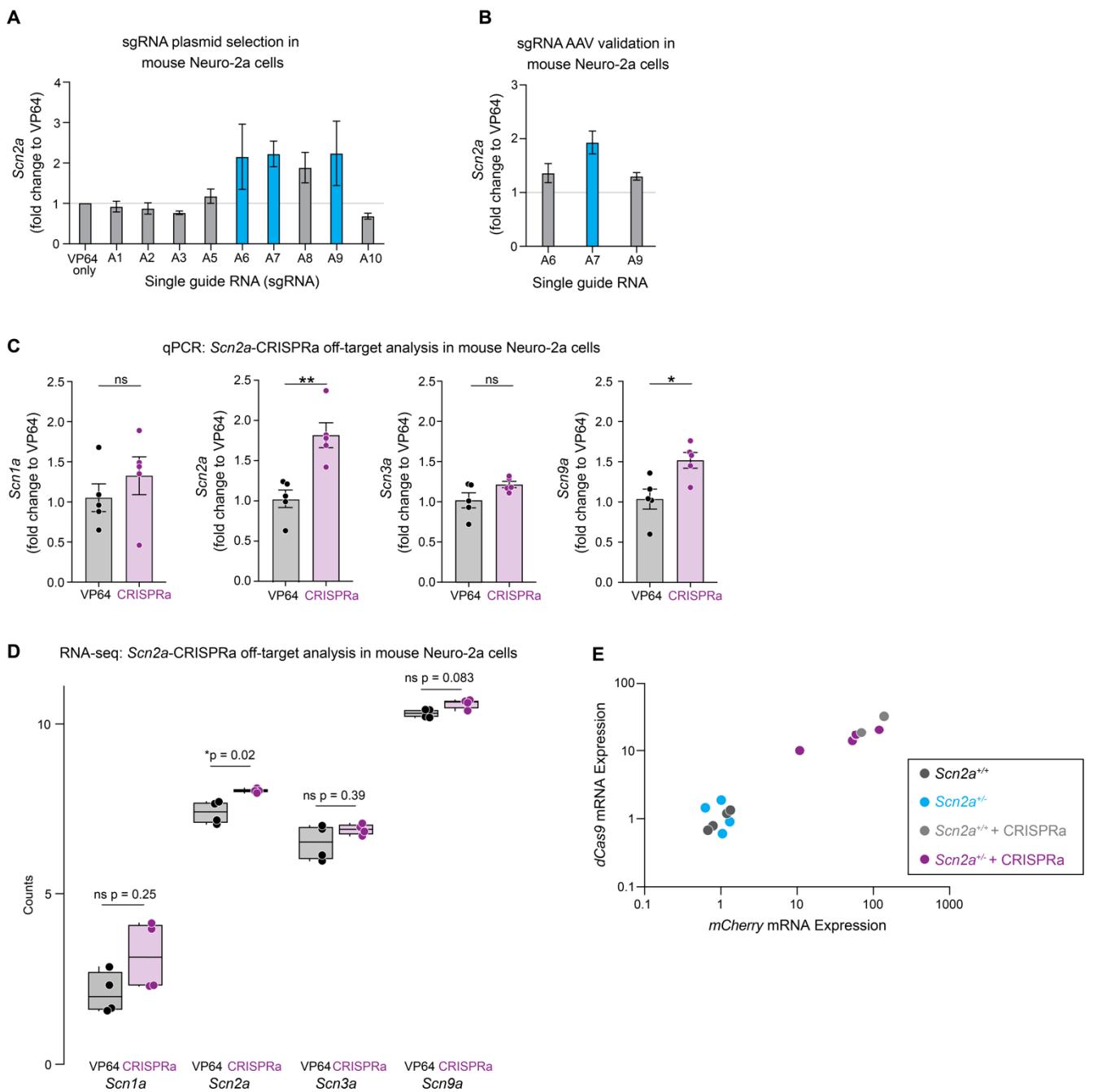


Figure S2: In vitro optimization of CRISPRa constructs in mouse Neuroblastoma-2A (Neuro-2a) cells

- A:** Fold change of *Scn2a* expression in Neuro-2a cells transfected with plasmids containing sgRNAs targeting the promoter of mouse *Scn2a* compared to a no-sgRNA VP64 control. Blue bars represent plasmids with largest increase in *Scn2a* expression.
- B:** Fold change of *Scn2a* transduced with rAAV-DJ virus in Neuro-2a cells.
- C:** qPCR off-target analysis of transcripts encoding other sodium channels in the topologically associated domain (TAD). Mann-Whitney test.
- D:** RNA-seq of other sodium channel subtypes from *Scn2a*-rAAV-CRISPRA treated Neuro-2a cells compared to VP64-only. Significance noted above data. Wald-log test.
- E:** qPCR analysis of *dCas9* and *mCherry* mRNA within the mPFC of tail vein injected *Scn2a^{+/+}* + CRISPRa (light gray) and *Scn2a^{+/-}* + CRISPRa (purple) versus uninjected controls *Scn2a^{+/+}* (dark gray) or *Scn2a^{+/-}* (cyan). Injected animals with at least a 10-fold increase in expression levels of both *dCas9* and *mCherry* to the average *Scn2a^{+/+}* uninjected controls were included in EEG datasets in Fig 3.

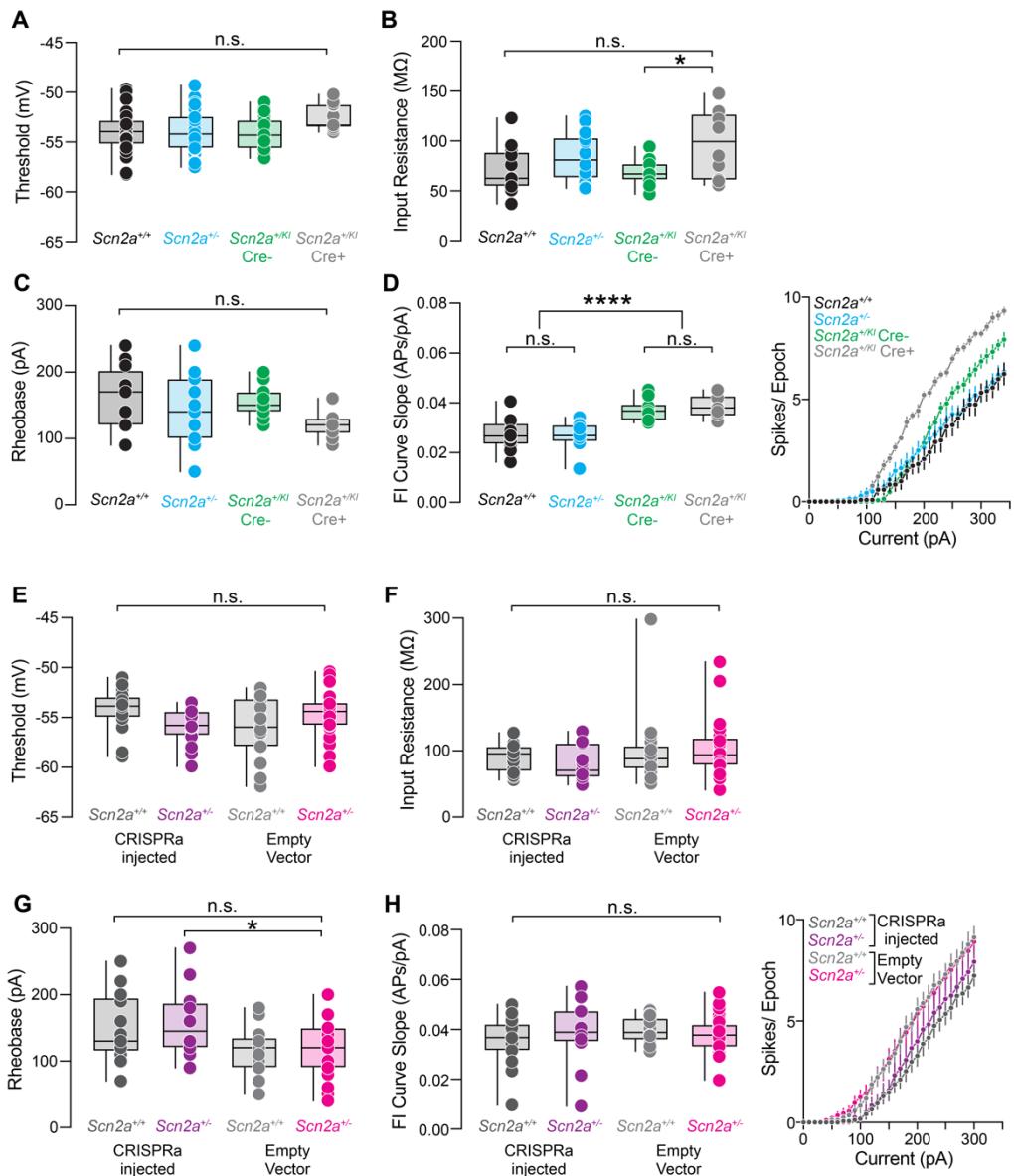


Figure S3: Additional intrinsic electrophysiological measurements in the *Scn2a^{+/KI}* conditional mouse model and CRISPRa treated neurons.

- A:** Summary of AP threshold from P60-70 *Scn2a^{+/+}* (black), *Scn2a^{+/-}* (cyan), *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre-* (green) and *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre+* (gray) neurons. Threshold of the first AP evoked by a near-rheobase current. Box plots are median and quartiles with min. and max. tails. Circles represent single cells. *Scn2a^{+/+}*: -54.0 ± 0.3 , n = 44 cells; *Scn2a^{+/-}*: -54.0 ± 0.4 , n = 37 cells, *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre-*: -54.1 ± 0.4 n = 18 cells; *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre+*: -52.5 ± 0.4 , n = 11 cells. No significant differences. Holm-Šídák multiple comparisons test.
- B:** Summary of input resistance ($M\Omega$). *Scn2a^{+/+}*: 71.3 ± 6.9 , n = 12 cells; *Scn2a^{+/-}*: 83.8 ± 6.5 , n = 14 cells, *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre-*: -69.6 ± 3.1 n = 15 cells; *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre+*: 97.7 ± 10.7 , n = 10 cells. No significant differences. Holm-Šídák multiple comparisons test.
- C:** Summary of rheobase current (pA) to generate first spike. *Scn2a^{+/+}*: 163.3 ± 13.3 , n = 12 cells; *Scn2a^{+/-}*: 144.3 ± 13.6 , n = 14 cells, *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre-*: 153.3 ± 5.6 n = 15 cells; *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre+*: 119.0 ± 6.1 , n = 10 cells. No significant differences. Holm-Šídák multiple comparisons test.
- D:** APs per 300 ms stimulation epoch for each current amplitude. Left: Quantification of firing rate slope of data on Right. *Scn2a^{+/+}*: 0.03 ± 0.002 , n = 12 cells; *Scn2a^{+/-}*: 0.03 ± 0.002 , n = 14 cells, *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre-*: 0.04 ± 0.001 , n = 15 cells; *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre+*: 0.04 ± 0.001 , n = 10 cells. *Scn2a^{+/+}* vs. *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre-*: ****p < 0.0001, *Scn2a^{+/+}* vs. *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre+*: ****p < 0.0001, *Scn2a^{+/-}* vs. *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre-*: ****p < 0.0001, *Scn2a^{+/-}* vs. *Scn2a^{+/KI} Cre+*: ****p < 0.0001. Holm-Šídák multiple comparisons test. Right: Number of APs versus current amplitude injected.
- E:** Summary of AP threshold from P57-85 *Scn2a*-rAAV-CRISPRa treated *Scn2a^{+/+}* (dark gray) and *Scn2a^{+/-}* (purple) neurons and *Scn2a*-rAAV-empty transduced *Scn2a^{+/+}* (light gray) and *Scn2a^{+/-}* (magenta) neurons. Threshold of the first AP evoked by a near-rheobase current. represent single cells. *Scn2a^{+/+}* + CRISPRa: -54.2 ± 0.4 , n = 24 cells; *Scn2a^{+/-}* + CRISPRa: -54.2 ± 0.4 , n = 24 cells; *Scn2a^{+/+}* + Empty Vector: -54.2 ± 0.4 , n = 24 cells; *Scn2a^{+/-}* + Empty Vector: -54.2 ± 0.4 , n = 24 cells.

+ CRISPRa: -55.7 ± 0.4 , n = 19 cells, $Scn2a^{+/+}$ + empty: -56 ± 0.7 n = 18 cells; $Scn2a^{+/-}$ + empty: -55.6 ± 0.4 , n = 29 cells. No significant differences. Holm-Šídák multiple comparisons test.

F: Summary of input resistance ($M\Omega$) from $Scn2a$ -rAAV-CRISPRa or $Scn2a$ -rAAV-empty neurons. $Scn2a^{+/+}$ + CRISPRa: 89.5 ± 5.0 , n = 17 cells; $Scn2a^{+/-}$ + CRISPRa: 80.5 ± 8.0 , n = 11 cells, $Scn2a^{+/+}$ + empty: 99.3 ± 12.7 , n = 18 cells; $Scn2a^{+/-}$ + empty: 97.7 ± 10.7 , n = 29 cells. No significant differences. Holm-Šídák multiple comparisons test.

G: Summary of rheobase current (pA) to generate first spike from $Scn2a$ -rAAV-CRISPRa or $Scn2a$ -rAAV-empty neurons. $Scn2a^{+/+}$ + CRISPRa: 148.2 ± 11.6 , n = 17 cells; $Scn2a^{+/-}$ + CRISPRa: 157.5 ± 15.2 , n = 12 cells, $Scn2a^{+/+}$ + empty: 116.5 ± 8.5 , n = 17 cells; $Scn2a^{+/-}$ + empty: 115.9 ± 7.8 , n = 29 cells. $Scn2a^{+/-}$ + CRISPRa vs. $Scn2a^{+/-}$ + empty: * $p = 0.04$. Holm-Šídák multiple comparisons test.

H: APs per 300 ms stimulation epoch for each current amplitude. Left: Quantification of firing rate slope of data on Right. $Scn2a^{+/+}$ + CRISPRa: 0.04 ± 0.002 , n = 17 cells; $Scn2a^{+/-}$ + CRISPRa: 0.04 ± 0.004 , n = 12 cells, $Scn2a^{+/+}$ + empty: 0.04 ± 0.001 , n = 17 cells; $Scn2a^{+/-}$ + empty: 0.04 ± 0.001 , n = 29 cells. No significant differences. Holm-Šídák multiple comparisons test. Right: Number of APs versus current amplitude injected.

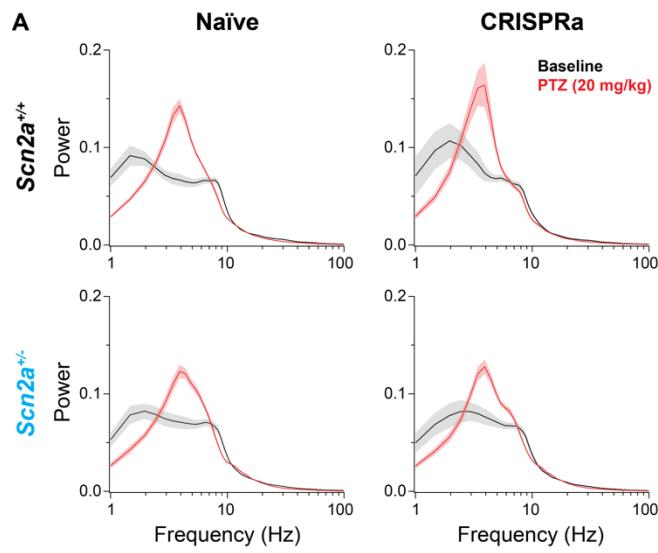


Figure S4: Power spectral density (PSD) during baseline and 20 mg/kg PTZ administration

A: Average PSD across *Scn2a*^{+/+}: n = 24 mice; *Scn2a*^{+/-}: n = 16 mice; *Scn2a*^{+/+} + CRISPR: n = 7 mice; *Scn2a*^{+/-} + CRISPRa: n = 12 mice during baseline (black) and 20 mg/kg PTZ (red). Note marked increase in PSD in 3-5 Hz observed across all conditions.

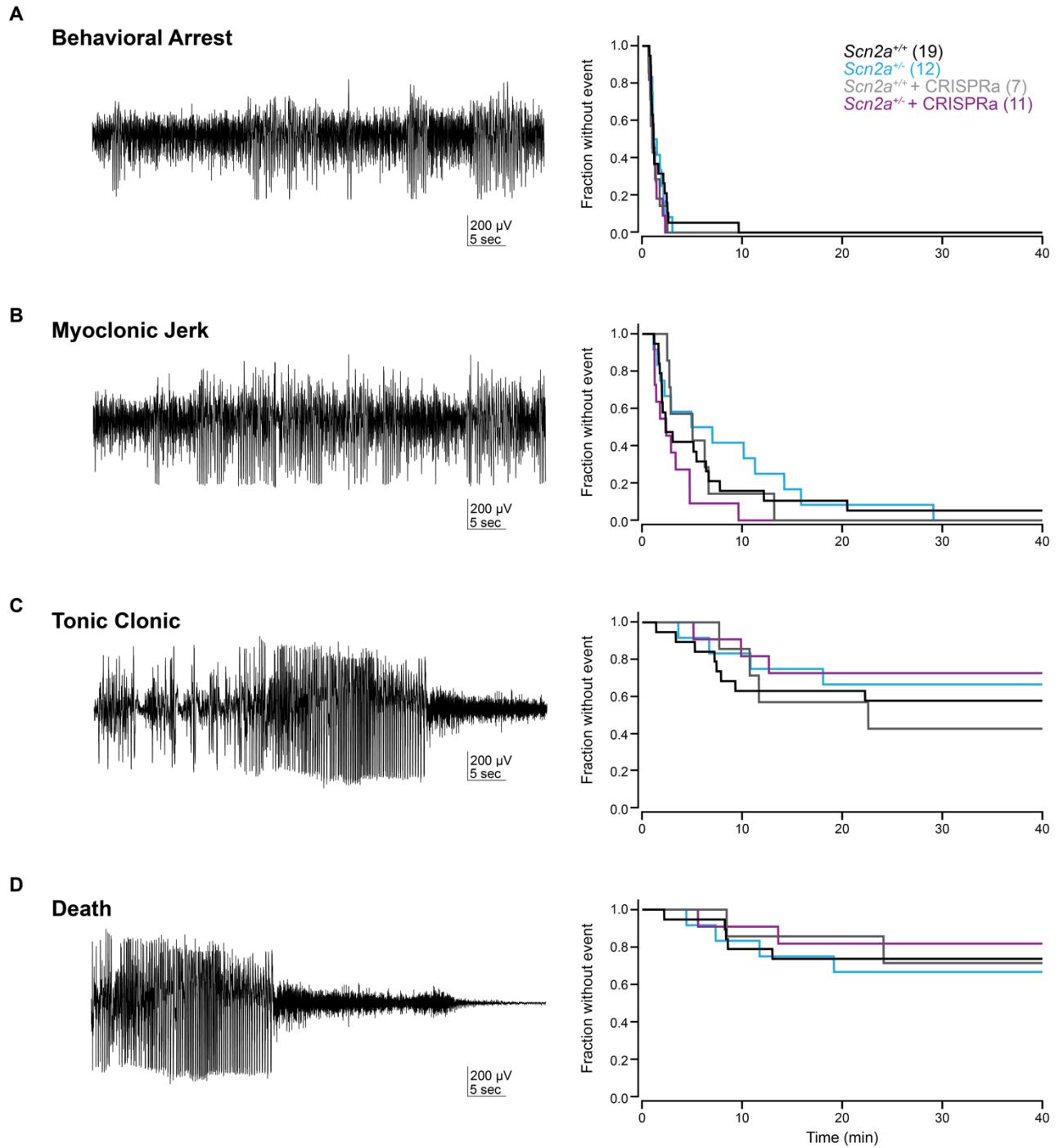


Figure S5: Detection of 50 mg/kg PTZ-induced seizures

A-D: Left: Example EEG trace of behavioral arrest ($p = 0.51$), myoclonic jerk ($p = 0.14$), tonic clonic seizure ($p = 0.69$; reprinted data from Main Fig. 3), and death ($p = 0.65$, Mantel log-rank test). Right: Survival curves over 40 minutes across *Scn2a*^{+/+} (black): n = 19 mice; *Scn2a*^{+/-} (cyan): n = 12 mice; *Scn2a*^{+/+} + CRISPRa (gray): n = 7 mice; *Scn2a*^{+/-} + CRISPRa (purple): n = 11.

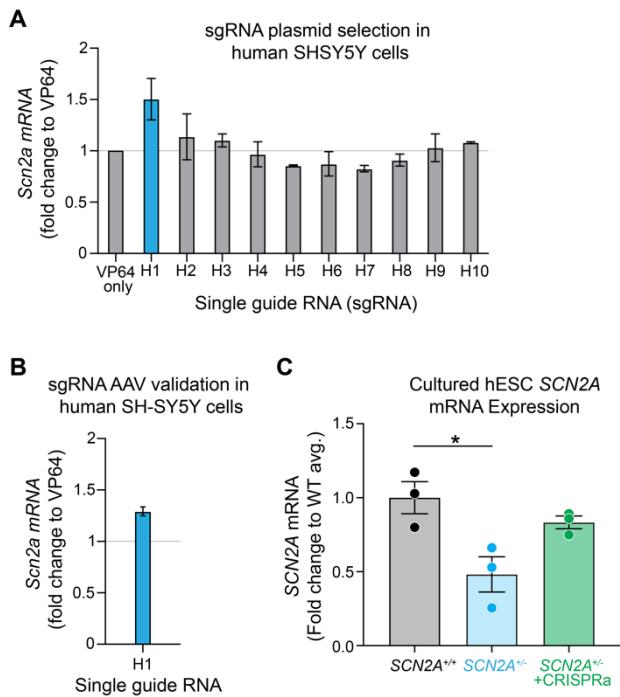


Figure S6: *In vitro* optimization of CRISPRa constructs in human SH-SY5Y cells

- A:** Fold change of *Scn2a* expression in SH-SY5Y cells transfected with plasmids containing sgRNAs targeting the promoter of human *Scn2a* compared to a no sgRNA VP64 control.
- B:** Fold change of *Scn2a* transduced with rAAV-DJ virus in human SH-SY5Y cells.
- C:** SCN2A mRNA expression from *SCN2A^{+/+}* (black), *SCN2A^{+/-}* (cyan), and *SCN2A*-rAAV-CRISPRa treated *SCN2A^{+/-}* (purple) hESC-derived neurons normalized to wild type average. *SCN2A^{+/+}*: 1.0 ± 0.1 , n = 3 dishes; *SCN2A^{+/-}*: 0.48 ± 0.1 , n = 3 dishes; *SCN2A^{+/-}* + CRISPRa: 0.8 ± 0.04 , n = 3 dishes. *SCN2A^{+/+}* vs. *SCN2A^{+/-}*: *p = 0.03. Holm-Šídák multiple comparisons test.

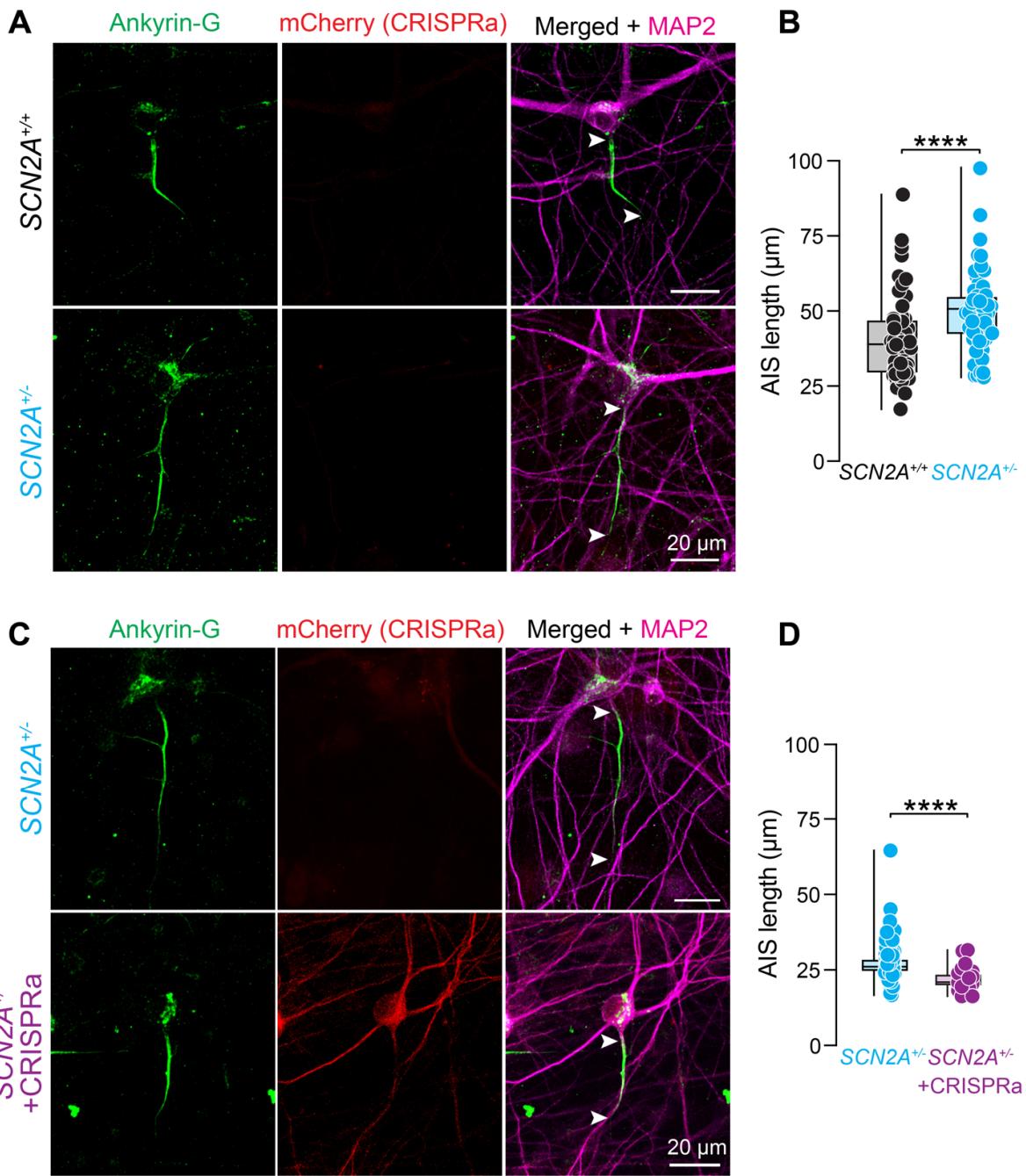


Figure S7: Axon initial segment structural plasticity in *SCN2A^{+/-}* neurons is rescued by CRISPRa.

- A:** Representative images of *SCN2A^{+/+}* (black) and *SCN2A^{+/-}* (cyan) human stem-cell-derived neurons immunostained with antibodies against ankyrin-G (green) and MAP2 (magenta). Arrows denote start and end points used to quantify AIS length.
- B:** Quantification of AIS length. *SCN2A^{+/+}*: $40.5 \pm 1.9 \mu\text{m}$, n = 56 cells, 3 dishes. *SCN2A^{+/-}*: $50.2 \pm 1.8 \mu\text{m}$, n = 56 cells, 3 dishes. ***p < 0.0001. Mann-Whitney test.
- C:** Representative images of *SCN2A^{+/-}* neurons expressing *Scn2a*-rAAV-CRISPRa-mCherry (purple) and mCherry-negative internal *SCN2A^{+/-}* controls (cyan). Immunostaining against ankyrin-G and MAP2.
- D:** Quantification of AIS length. *SCN2A^{+/-}*: $27.1 \pm 0.5 \mu\text{m}$, n = 122 cells, 3 dishes. *SCN2A^{+/-} + CRISPRa*: $22.0 \pm 0.8 \mu\text{m}$, n = 23 cells, 3 dishes. ***p < 0.0001. Mann-Whitney test.

Supplemental Table 1 (Attached): ASD risk genes (Fu et al., 2021) and haploinsufficiency likelihood.

All genes shown with gene IDs, cDNA length, presence in ASD72 list (genes with genome-wide significance, Fu et al., 2021), and pLI (probability of being loss-of-function intolerance) and LOEUF (loss-of-function observed/expected upper bound fraction) scores. Genes in blue have cDNA > 3000 BPs with a LOEUF score of < 0.273.

Supplemental Table 2: sgRNA sequences tested per species, and primer sequences used for qPCR.

Primers	Forward	Reverse	
qPCR-Mouse_Scn2a	ATTTTCGGCTCATTCTCACACT	GGGCGAGGTATCGGTTTTGT	
qPCR-Mouse_Bactin	GACGATGCTCCCCGGGCTGTATT	TCTCTTGCTCTGGGCCTCGTCACC	
qPCR-sadCas9-VP64	ATCACCCCCCACCAGATCAAGC	GTCCTTGTGTCAGGGCCGTTCA	
qPCR-Human_SCN2A	CGCTTCTTACCAAGGAAATCC	TCCTGTTGGGCTCTTAGCTTT	
qPCR-Human_Bactin	CATGTACGTTGCTATCCAGGC	CTCCTTAATGTCACGCACGAT	
genotyping-Mouse_Scn2a	TGCGGAGGAGCTAACAGTGATTAAG	GGCTCCATTCCCTTATCAGACCTACCC	
tested sgRNA			
mouse_Scn2a	sgRNA sequence		
A1	ACAGAACATCAGTAACGCACTGT		
A2	CGGGTAAGCCAAGTTAGTCA		
A3	AAGCACTTGCCTCACATAAAT		
A5	CTAGGTATAGAAAGGAAACC		
A6	TTTATTGGACCCCAGATATT		
A7	AGAAAATTAACTTAGTCATA		
A8	AAGCCGCCAGGGACCCGAGCA		
A9	TATAACTGCCACTAGAGGGCT		
A10	GACCCTCCTCCGGGCTCCACC		
human_SCN2A	sgRNA sequence		
H1	TGCTGACTGCTACATAGCCAA		
H2	GTGCTGACTGCTACATAGCCA		
H3	CTGCTACATAGCAAAGGAAC		
H4	GCTCCATCTCCTGGTCAAAAG		
H5	CAGCCCATAATTCCACTCTAT		
H6	AGTAGTTGATTTCAAATAGAG		
H7	ATTAAGTAGTTGATTCAAA		
H8	GATTCAAATAGAGTGGATT		
H9	AAGTAGTTGATTTCAAATAGA		
H10	AGCTCCATCTCCTGGTCAAAA		

Supplemental Table 3: AAV titers for all viruses used

Sequence	Serotype	Plasmid	Genomic Titer (vg/mL)
Mouse sgRNA	DJ	pU6-sasgRNA-CMV-mCherry	4.40E+13
Human sgRNA	DJ	pU6-sasgRNA-CMV-mCherry	1.33E+14
mCherry	DJ	pAAV-CMV-mCherry	3.20E+13
sadCas9VP64	DJ	pCMV-sadCas9-VP64-pA	4.82E+13
Mouse sgRNA	PhP.eb	pU6-sasgRNA-CMV-mCherry	5.01E+13
mCherry	PhP.eb	pAAV-CMV-mCherry	5.00E+13
sadCas9VP64	PhP.eb	pCMV-sadCas9-VP64-pA	5.02E+13