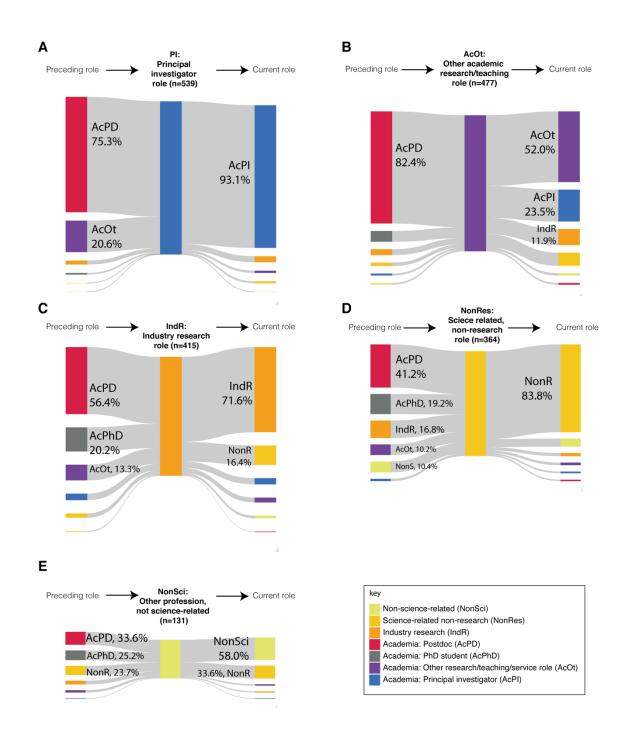
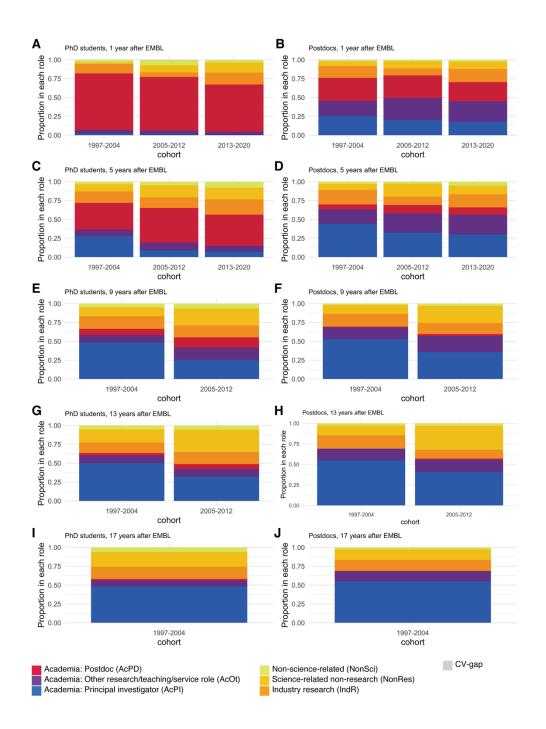
Supplementary figures, tables and methods



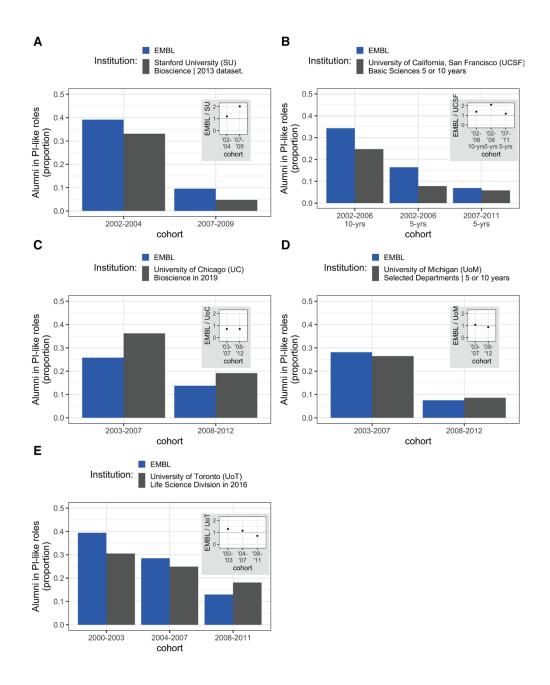
Supplementary Figure 1: Simplified career paths for alumni who have held different types of

role Sankey diagrams focussing on different types of role, showing the position alumni had before entering their first role of that type (left bar), and what their current role is (right bar). Data is shown only for alumni for whom a detailed career path is available. A preceding AcPD (academic postdoc) role includes both entry directly from an EMBL postdoc and entry via a postdoc position held after leaving EMBL. For EMBL PhD students, a bridging postdoc position in the same lab as the PhD is included within the AcPhD category, rather than AcPD. Category labels with percentages are shown for values of 10% or higher. Diagrams were created in R and scaled manually so that the bar height is proportional to the number of alumni in the role. (A) Principal investigator (PI, blue) n=539 (B) Other academic research / teaching roles (AcOt, purple) n=477 (C) Industry research (IndR, orange) n=415 (D) Science-related, non-research roles (NonRes, yellow) n=364 (E) Non-science-related roles (NonSci, light yellow-green) n=131.



Supplementary Figure 2: Role of alumni at specific timepoints after EMBL, by cohort and alumni type

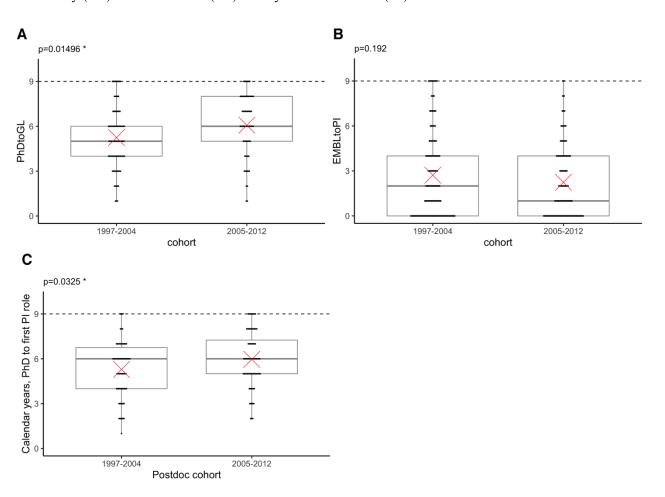
Column charts showing the percentage of alumni from each cohort in different types of role at specific timepoints after EMBL by cohort. Only alumni with a detailed career path available are included (n=1626). Fellows who have not yet reached the critical time point (e.g. for 5-years, those who left EMBL only four or less years ago) are omitted. (A) PhD alumni 1-year after EMBL. (B) Postdoc alumni 1-year after EMBL. (C) PhD alumni 5-years after EMBL. (C) PhD alumni 5-years after EMBL. (F) Postdoc alumni 9-years after EMBL. (G) PhD alumni 13-years after EMBL (H) Postdoc alumni 13-years after EMBL. (I) PhD alumni 17-years after EMBL. (J) Postdoc alumni 17-years after EMBL.



Supplementary Figure 3: Proportion of alumni from other institutions found in tenure-track (TT) faculty-roles.

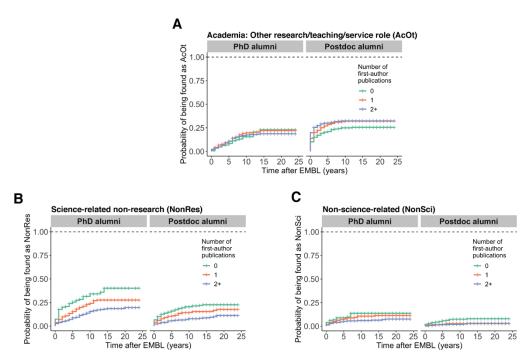
Column charts showing cohort-based data on the proportion of PhD alumni from other institutions (grey) in tenure-track or tenure-stream positions compared to equivalent data on the proportion of PIs from this study for EMBL PhD alumni (blue columns). The inset shows the fold-difference between the EMBL proportion and proportion from the other institution for each cohort. Detailed information about the comparison groups can be found in Supplementary Table 4. Very recent cohorts have been omitted, as for these groups most PhD alumni are still in postdoc roles. The figures provided are the numbers known to be in a PI-like role at the relevant time-point as a proportion of all PhD students from the specified programme and PhD defence years. This includes students whose role was unknown at that time point. (A) Proportion of PhD alumni from 2002-2006, 2007-2011 or 2012-2016 in tenure-track (TT) faculty roles 5- or 10-years after PhD from University of California San Francisco (UCSF) (65) (B) Proportion of University of Chicago Bioscience Division PhD alumni from 2005-2009 or 2010-2014 in faculty roles in 2019 (66) (C) Proportion of alumni from programmes from the University of Michigan with overlap to EMBL research areas (see Supplementary Table 5) from 2003-2007

and 2008-2012 in tenure-track (TT) faculty roles 5 or 10 years after PhD. (67) **(D)** Proportion of alumni from programmes from the University of Toronto Life Sciences division from 2000-2003, 2004-2007 and 2008-2011 in tenure-stream faculty roles in 2016. (32, 68) **(E)** Column charts showing the proportion of EMBL PhD alumni who were found as principal investigators compared to a second set of cohort-based data from Stanford University (US) for tenure-track (TT) faculty collated in 2013 (64).



Supplementary Figure 4: Comparison of time to first principal investigator role by cohort

(A) Box-plot with overlaid dot-plot showing the distribution in calendar years between PhD conferral and start of first PI role for PhD alumni who defended in 1997-2012 who became a principal investigator 0 to 9 calendar years after their EMBL PhD defence, and for whom we have a detailed career path (n=157). The mean value is indicated as a red cross and the p-values calculated using Welch's t-test (B) Box-plot with overlaid dot-plot showing the distribution in calendar years between completion of an EMBL postdoc and start of first PI role for postdoc alumni who completed their postdoc in 1997-2012 who became a principal investigator 0 to 9 calendar years after their EMBL postdoc, and for whom we have a detailed career path (n=218). The mean value is indicated as a red cross and the p-values calculated using Welch's t-test. (C) As (B) but for postdoc alumni for whom we were able to identify a PhD conferral year (n=146).



Supplementary Figure 5: Entry into non-PI career areas by number of first author publicationsKaplan Meier-curves for probability of entering specific non-PI career areas stratified by number of first-author publications from research completed at EMBL.

Supplementary Table 1: Descriptive statistics for the key data set used for figures

Variable	Stats / Values	Freqs (% of Valid)	Valid	Missing	Description
unique_ID [character]	[2284 unique values]		2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	unique ID number (F + unique random number)
type_pre_postdoc [character]	1. postdoc 2. predoc	1315 (57.6%) 969 (42.4%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	predoc (PhD student) or postdoc
gender [character]	1. f 2. m	907 (39.7%) 1377 (60.3%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	(f= female, m=male)
nationality [character]	1. [coding suppressed] 2. [coding suppressed] 3. [coding suppressed] 4. [coding suppressed] 5. [coding suppressed] 6. [coding suppressed] 7. [coding suppressed] 8. [coding suppressed] 9. [coding suppressed] 10. [coding suppressed]	486 (21.3%) 239 (10.5%) 206 (9.0%) 152 (6.7%) 121 (5.3%) 95 (4.2%) 66 (2.9%) 59 (2.6%) 58 (2.5%) 56 (2.5%) 746 (32.7%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Pseudomized Nationality of ECR
phd_year_if_know n [integer]	Mean (sd): 2007.6 (7.1) min < med < max: 1984 < 2008 < 2020 IQR (CV): 11 (0)	36 distinct values	1870 (81.9%)	414 (18.1%)	Year PhD awarded (if known)
from.year [integer]	Mean (sd): 2005.8 (6.8) min < med < max: 1986 < 2007 < 2019 IQR (CV): 12 (0)	33 distinct values	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Start year as PhD student or postdoc
to_year [integer]	Mean (sd): 2009.4 (6.8) min < med < max: 1997 < 2010 < 2020 IQR (CV): 11 (0)	24 distinct values	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Year of PhD defence or end of postdoc contract
cohort [character]	1. 1997-2004 2. 2005-2012 3. 2013-2020	625 (27.4%) 763 (33.4%) 896 (39.2%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Cohorts based on year_to (year of PhD defense or year they left the EMBL Postdoc Programme)
completeness [character]	Complete CV Current only No info Partial CV	1626 (71.2%) 274 (12.0%) 175 (7.7%) 209 (9.2%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Complete CV is for those who we could trace a detailed career path for, with max. two 1-year career breaks.
position_1 [character]	1. AcFac 2. AcOt 3. AcPD 4. IndR 5. laterPI 6. NonRes 7. NonSci 8. unknown	198 (8.7%) 280 (12.3%) 827 (36.2%) 217 (9.5%) 113 (4.9%) 146 (6.4%) 56 (2.5%) 447 (19.6%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Type of role they had at particular timepoints: last (position in 2021) and positions at 1,3,5 etc years after pre/postdoc contract ends)). 8 classifications were used: AcFac [principal investigator in academia] AcOt [other academic research / teaching role]
position_5 [character]	1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. IndR 6. laterPl 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. unknown	431 (18.9%) 350 (15.3%) 239 (10.5%) 357 (15.6%) 223 (9.8%) 106 (4.6%) 187 (8.2%) 60 (2.6%) 331 (14.5%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	AcPD [academic postdoc] IndR [industry Research] NonRes [science related non-research professions] NonSci [non scientific professions] Later PI [position unknown at this timepoint, but became PI] unknown The cell is empty if the ECR has not yet reached this timepoint
position_9 [character]	1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. IndR 6. laterPl 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. unknown	896 (39.2%) 397 (17.4%) 180 (7.9%) 74 (3.2%) 165 (7.2%) 81 (3.5%) 183 (8.0%) 43 (1.9%) 265 (11.6%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	

1 (Empty string)	1297 (56 20/)	2004	10	
1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. IndR 6. laterPI 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. unknown	1287 (56.3%) 332 (14.5%) 94 (4.1%) 19 (0.8%) 107 (4.7%) 69 (3.0%) 150 (6.6%) 31 (1.4%) 195 (8.5%)	(100.0%)	(0.0%)	
1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. IndR 6. laterPI 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. unknown	1659 (72.6%) 232 (10.2%) 57 (2.5%) 5 (0.2%) 68 (3.0%) 48 (2.1%) 78 (3.4%) 22 (1.0%) 115 (5.0%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
1. AcFac 2. AcOt 3. AcPD 4. IndR 5. NonRes 6. NonSci 7. unknown	636 (27.8%) 383 (16.8%) 244 (10.7%) 332 (14.5%) 349 (15.3%) 91 (4.0%) 249 (10.9%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
1. (Empty string) 2. y	1599 (70.0%) 685 (30.0%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	y, if ECR held at least one "AcFac" position
Mean (sd): 3.8 (3.5) min < med < max: -1 < 3 < 18 IQR (CV): 5 (0.9)	19 distinct values	539 (23.6%)	1745 (76.4%)	Number of calendar years between completing their PhD/postdoc at EMBL and the year they started their first principal investigator role (if known).
Mean (sd): 6.8 (3.3) min < med < max: 1 < 6 < 21 IQR (CV): 3 (0.5)	21 distinct values	489 (21.4%)	1795 (78.6%)	Number of calendar years between their PhD and the year they started their first principal investigator role (if known).
1. (Empty string) 2. AcOt 3. AcPD 4. AcPhD 5. IndR 6. NonRes 7. NonSci	1745 (76.4%) 111 (4.9%) 406 (17.8%) 6 (0.3%) 14 (0.6%) 1 (0.0%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	For alumni who held an 'AcFac' position, this cell lists the classification of the position held before the individual's first 'AcFac' role.
1. (Empty string) 2. y	1617 (70.8%) 667 (29.2%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	y, if ECR held at least one "AcOt" position
Mean (sd): 5.6 (3.1) min < med < max: -1 < 6 < 17 IQR (CV): 4 (0.6)	17 distinct values	396 (17.3%)	1888 (82.7%)	Number of calendar years between their PhD completion and the year they started their first AcOt role (if known/applicable).
Mean (sd): 2.4 (3.1) min < med < max: -1 < 1 < 14 IQR (CV): 4 (1.3)	16 distinct values	477 (20.9%)	1807 (79.1%)	Number of calendar years between completing their PhD/postdoc at EMBL and the year they started their year they started their first AcOt role (if known/applicable)
	3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. IndR 6. laterPI 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. unknown 1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. IndR 6. laterPI 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. unknown 1. AcFac 2. AcOt 3. AcPD 4. IndR 5. NonRes 6. NonSci 7. unknown 1. (Empty string) 2. y Mean (sd): 3.8 (3.5) min < med < max: -1 < 3 < 18 IQR (CV): 5 (0.9) Mean (sd): 5.6 (3.1) min < med < max: 1 < 6 < 21 IQR (CV): 3 (0.5) Mean (sd): 5.6 (3.1) min < med < max: -1 < 6 < 17 IQR (CV): 4 (0.6) Mean (sd): 2.4 (3.1) min < med < max: -1 < 1 < 1 < 14	2. ÅCFac 3. ACOt 4. AACPD 5. IndR 6. laterPl 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. LAFac 1. (Empty string) 2. AAFac 3. ACOt 5. IndR 6. laterPl 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. LAFac 1. (Empty string) 2. AAFac 3. ACOt 5. IndR 6. laterPl 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. LAFac 1. (Empty string) 2. AAFac 3. ACOt 5. IndR 6. laterPl 7. NonRes 6. laterPl 7. NonRes 6. laterPl 7. NonRes 7. NonSci 9. LAFac 2. (1.0%) 9. unknown 115 (5.0%) 1. AAFac 2. ACOt 3. ACOt 3. ACOt 3. ACOt 3. ACOt 3. ACOt 3. ACOD 4. LAFac 3. ACPD 4. LAFac 3. LAF	2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. IndR 6. IaterPl 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. Unknown 195 (8.5%) 1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. IndR 6. IaterPl 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. Unknown 195 (8.5%) 1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. (0.2%) 5. IndR 6. IaterPl 7. NonRes 8. NonSci 9. Unknown 195 (8.5%) 22 (10.2%) 5. IndR 6. IaterPl 7. NonRes 7. (2.5%) 7. NonRes 7. (3.4%) 8. NonSci 9. Unknown 115 (5.0%) 22 (1.0%) 7. NonRes 7. (3.4%) 8. NonSci 9. Unknown 115 (5.0%) 22 (1.0%) 9. Unknown 115 (5.0%) 1. AcFac 2. AcOt 3. AcPD 44 (10.7%) 332 (14.5%) 63 (3.0%) 68 (3.0%) 68 (3.0%) 68 (3.0%) 69 (100.0%) 69 (100.0%) 69 (100.0%) 69 (100.0%) 69 (100.0%) 69 (2284 69 (100.0%) 69 (20.0%) 69 (20.0%) 69 (20.0%) 69 (21.4%) 60 (17.8%) 60 (17.8%) 61 (100.0%) 61 (100.0%) 61 (100.0%) 62 (100.0%) 63 (11 (4.9%) 64 (100.0%) 65 (100.0%) 66 (17.8%) 66 (17.8%) 66 (17.8%) 66 (17.8%) 66 (17.8%) 66 (17.8%) 66 (17.8%) 66 (17.8%) 66 (17.8%) 66 (17.8%) 66 (17.8%) 67 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.2%) 68 (29.	2. ÀcFac 332 (14.5%)

new_AcOt_previou s [character]	1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcPD 4. AcPhD 5. IndR 6. NonRes 7. NonSci	1807 (79.1%) 7 (0.3%) 393 (17.2%) 38 (1.7%) 21 (0.9%) 12 (0.5%) 6 (0.3%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	For alumni who held an 'AcOt' position, this cell lists the classification of the position held before the individual's first 'AcOt' role.
CV_wasIndR [character]	1. (Empty string) 2. y	1811 (79.3%) 473 (20.7%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	y, if ECR held at least one "IndR" position
CV_PhDtoIndR [integer]	Mean (sd): 5 (4.2) min < med < max: -2 < 4 < 19 IQR (CV): 5 (0.8)	22 distinct values	363 (15.9%)	1921 (84.1%)	Number of calendar years between their PhD completion and the year they started their first IndR role (if known/applicable).
CV_EMBLtoIndR [integer]	Mean (sd): 2.8 (3.7) min < med < max: -2 < 1 < 20 IQR (CV): 4 (1.3)	21 distinct values	414 (18.1%)	1870 (81.9%)	Number of calendar years between completing their PhD/postdoc at EMBL and the year they started their year they started their first IndR role (if known/applicable
new_IndR_previou s [character]	1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. AcPhD 6. NonRes 7. NonSci	1869 (81.8%) 23 (1.0%) 55 (2.4%) 234 (10.2%) 84 (3.7%) 15 (0.7%) 4 (0.2%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	For alumni who held an 'IndR' position, this cell lists the classification of the position held before the individual's first 'IndR' role.
CV_wasNonR [character]	1. (Empty string) 2. y	1857 (81.3%) 427 (18.7%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	y, if ECR held at least one "NonR" position
CV_PhDtoNonRes [integer]	Mean (sd): 5.3 (4.1) min < med < max: -1 < 5 < 22 IQR (CV): 6 (0.8)	20 distinct values	314 (13.7%)	1970 (86.3%)	Number of calendar years between their PhD completion and the year they started their first NonRes role (if known/applicable).
CV_EMBLtoNonRe s [integer]	Mean (sd): 3.9 (4.2) min < med < max: -7 < 2 < 20 IQR (CV): 5.2 (1.1)	23 distinct values	364 (15.9%)	1920 (84.1%)	Number of calendar years between completing their PhD/postdoc at EMBL and the year they started their year they started their first NonRes role (if known/applicable
new_SciR_previou s [character]	1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. AcPhD 6. IndR 7. NonSci	1920 (84.1%) 8 (0.4%) 37 (1.6%) 150 (6.6%) 70 (3.1%) 61 (2.7%) 38 (1.7%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	y, if ECR held at least one "NonSci" position
CV_wasNonSci [character]	1. (Empty string) 2. y	2122 (92.9%) 162 (7.1%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	For alumni who held an 'NonSci' position, this cell lists the classification of the position held before the individual's first 'NonSci' role.
CV_PhDtoNonSci [integer]	Mean (sd): 4.2 (4) min < med < max: -1 < 3 < 17 IQR (CV): 6 (1)	17 distinct values	117 (5.1%)	2167 (94.9%)	Number of calendar years between their PhD completion and the year they started their first NonSci role (if known/applicable).

CV_EMBLtoNonSc i [integer]	Mean (sd): 3.2 (3.7) min < med < max: -1 < 2 < 17 IQR (CV): 4 (1.1)	17 distinct values	131 (5.7%)	2153 (94.3%)	Number of calendar years between completing their PhD/postdoc at EMBL and the year they started their year they started their first NonSci role (if known/applicable
new_NonSci_previous [character]	1. (Empty string) 2. AcFac 3. AcOt 4. AcPD 5. AcPhD 6. IndR 7. NonRes	2153 (94.3%) 2 (0.1%) 8 (0.4%) 44 (1.9%) 33 (1.4%) 13 (0.6%) 31 (1.4%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	For alumni who held a Non-research science-related 'NonRes ' position, this cell lists the classification of the position held before the individual's first 'NonRes' role.
PUBS_ALL_TOTAL [integer]	Mean (sd): 4.5 (4.8) min < med < max: 0 < 3 < 64 IQR (CV): 4 (1.1)	37 distinct values	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Total number of publications linked to EMBL in Web of Science that include this person as an author, excluding retracted publications and corrections.
PUBS_ALL_JIF_co unt [integer]	Mean (sd): 4.5 (4.8) min < med < max: 0 < 3 < 64 IQR (CV): 5 (1.1)	37 distinct values	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	For each ECR, the number of EMBL publications for which a journal impact factor (JIF) is available.
PUBS_ALL_JIF_m ean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 10 (7.4) min < med < max: 0 < 8.2 < 74.7 IQR (CV): 8.1 (0.7)	1758 distinct values	2043 (89.4%)	241 (10.6%)	For each ECR, the average JIF for all of their EMBL publications
PUBS_ALL_JIF_S UM [numeric]	Mean (sd): 51.6 (62.6) min < med < max: 0.7 < 31.7 < 685.5 IQR (CV): 49.7 (1.2)	1749 distinct values	2022 (88.5%)	262 (11.5%)	For each ECR, the sum of the JIFs for all of their EMBL publications
pubs_ALL_JIF_MA X [numeric]	Mean (sd): 19.8 (15.1) min < med < max: 0.7 < 12.1 < 74.7 IQR (CV): 29.8 (0.8)	222 distinct values	2022 (88.5%)	262 (11.5%)	For each ECR, the highest JIF of their EMBL publications
pubs_All_pecentile _mean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 65.1 (21.8) min < med < max: 0 < 67.8 < 100 IQR (CV): 29.8 (0.3)	2016 distinct values	2043 (89.4%)	241 (10.6%)	For each ECR, the mean of the "percentile in subject area" f for all their EMBL publications
pubs_All_percentil e_MAX [numeric]	Mean (sd): 86.4 (20.5) min < med < max: 0 < 94.8 < 100 IQR (CV): 15 (0.2)	1542 distinct values	2043 (89.4%)	241 (10.6%)	For each ECR, the highest value of "percentile in subject area" for all their EMBL publications
PUBS_ALL_CNCI_ mean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 2.8 (5.4) min < med < max: 0 < 1.6 < 88.8 IQR (CV): 2 (1.9)	1982 distinct values	2043 (89.4%)	241 (10.6%)	For each ECR, the mean of the "category normalized citation impact" for their EMBL publications
PUBS_ALL_CNCI_ max [numeric]	Mean (sd): 9 (28.7) min < med < max: 0 < 3 < 441.2 IQR (CV): 5.1 (3.2)	1537 distinct values	2043 (89.4%)	241 (10.6%)	For each ECR, the highest value of "CNCI" for their EMBL publications

pubs_All_publishe d.first [integer]	Mean (sd): 2.4 (1.6) min < med < max: 0 < 2 < 14 IQR (CV): 2 (0.7)	14 distinct values	2047 (89.6%)	237 (10.4%)	Number of calendar years between EMBL start year and the publication date of their earliest publication
pubs_All_publishe d.last [integer]	Mean (sd): 5.4 (2.4) min < med < max: 0 < 5 < 18 IQR (CV): 3 (0.4)	19 distinct values	2047 (89.6%)	237 (10.4%)	For each ECR, the number of calendar years between EMBL start year and the publication date of their most publication
pubs_All_publishe d_authors_mean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 8.7 (9.5) min < med < max: 1 < 6.7 < 201 IQR (CV): 4.2 (1.1)	470 distinct values	2047 (89.6%)	237 (10.4%)	For each ECR, the mean number of authors on their research articles
pubs_RAonly_TOT AL [integer]	Mean (sd): 3.6 (3.9) min < med < max: 0 < 3 < 53 IQR (CV): 4 (1.1)	31 distinct values	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Total number of research articles linked to EMBL in Web of Science that include this person as an author, excluding retracted publications and corrections.
pubs_RAonly_JIF_ count [integer]	Mean (sd): 3.6 (3.9) min < med < max: 0 < 3 < 53 IQR (CV): 4 (1.1)	31 distinct values	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Number of research articles for which a JIF is available.
pubs_RAonly_JIF_ mean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 11 (8.1) min < med < max: 0 < 8.9 < 74.7 IQR (CV): 8.9 (0.7)	1617 distinct values	1981 (86.7%)	303 (13.3%)	For each ECR, the mean of the JIF for their EMBL research articles
pubs_RAonly_JIF_ SUM [numeric]	Mean (sd): 46.3 (55.7) min < med < max: 1 < 27.9 < 645.7 IQR (CV): 46.1 (1.2)	1610 distinct values	1966 (86.1%)	318 (13.9%)	For each ECR, the sum of the JIFs for all of their EMBL research articles
pubs_RA_JIF_max [numeric]	Mean (sd): 19.4 (14.8) min < med < max: 1 < 12.1 < 74.7 IQR (CV): 29.8 (0.8)	192 distinct values	1966 (86.1%)	318 (13.9%)	For each ECR, the highest JIF for their EMBL research articles
pubs_RAonly_perc entile_mean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 73.3 (18.9) min < med < max: 0 < 76.7 < 100 IQR (CV): 24.6 (0.3)	1945 distinct values	1981 (86.7%)	303 (13.3%)	For each ECR, the mean of the "percentile in subject area" for their EMBL research articles
pubs_RA_pecentil e_MAX [numeric]	Mean (sd): 87.5 (17.8) min < med < max: 0 < 94.8 < 100 IQR (CV): 14.6 (0.2)	1471 distinct values	1981 (86.7%)	303 (13.3%)	For each ECR, the highest value of "percentile in subject area" for their EMBL research articles
pubs_RA_CNCI_m ean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 3.1 (5.8) min < med < max: 0 < 1.8 < 109.3 IQR (CV): 2.2 (1.9)	1939 distinct values	1981 (86.7%)	303 (13.3%)	For each ECR, the mean of the "category normalized citation impact" for their EMBL research articles

pubs_RAonly_CNC I_max [numeric]	Mean (sd): 8.1 (24.1) min < med < max: 0 < 2.9 < 425.9 IQR (CV): 4.6 (3)	1482 distinct values	1981 (86.7%)	303 (13.3%)	For each ECR, the highest value of "CNCI" for their EMBL research articles
pubs_RAonly_publ ishedfirst [integer]	Mean (sd): 2.7 (1.7) min < med < max: 0 < 2 < 14 IQR (CV): 3 (0.6)	14 distinct values	1985 (86.9%)	299 (13.1%)	Number of calendar years between EMBL start year and the publication date of their earliest for research article
pubs_RAonly_publ ishedlast [integer]	Mean (sd): 5.5 (2.4) min < med < max: 0 < 5 < 18 IQR (CV): 3 (0.4)	19 distinct values	1985 (86.9%)	299 (13.1%)	For each ECR, the number of calendar years between EMBL start year and the publication date of their most recent research article
pubs_RAonly_Auth ors_average [numeric]	Mean (sd): 9.2 (9.9) min < med < max: 1 < 7 < 201 IQR (CV): 5 (1.1)	404 distinct values	1985 (86.9%)	299 (13.1%)	For each ECR, the mean number of authors on their research articles
pubs_FIRST_ra_on ly_TOTAL [integer]	Mean (sd): 1.6 (1.7) min < med < max: 0 < 1 < 19 IQR (CV): 2 (1.1)	15 distinct values	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Total number research articles linked to EMBL in Web of Science that include this person as first author or other lead author (co-first or last), excluding retracted publications and corrections
pubs_FIRST_ra_on ly_JIF_count [integer]	Mean (sd): 1.6 (1.7) min < med < max: 0 < 1 < 19 IQR (CV): 2 (1.1)	15 distinct values	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Number of first author research articles for which a JIF is available.
pubs_FIRST_ra_on ly_JIF_mean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 10.5 (9.4) min < med < max: 0 < 8 < 64.8 IQR (CV): 7.6 (0.9)	966 distinct values	1658 (72.6%)	626 (27.4%)	For each ECR, the mean of the JIF for their first-author EMBL research articles
pubs_FIRST_ra_on ly_JIFsum [numeric]	Mean (sd): 21.7 (21.9) min < med < max: 1 < 13.1 < 165.3 IQR (CV): 20.8 (1)	973 distinct values	1633 (71.5%)	651 (28.5%)	For each ECR, the sum of the JIFs for all of their EMBL first-author research articles
pubs_FIRST_RA_JI F_max [numeric]	Mean (sd): 14.6 (13.1) min < med < max: 1 < 9.9 < 64.8 IQR (CV): 10.3 (0.9)	205 distinct values	1633 (71.5%)	651 (28.5%)	For each ECR, the highest JIF for their first- author EMBL research articles
pubs_FIRST_RA_p ecentile_mean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 72.3 (21.8) min < med < max: 0 < 76.8 < 100 IQR (CV): 30.9 (0.3)	1597 distinct values	1658 (72.6%)	626 (27.4%)	For each ECR, the mean of the "percentile in subject area" for their first-author EMBL research articles
pubs_FIRST_RA_p ecentile_MAX [numeric]	Mean (sd): 81.1 (21.6) min < med < max: 0 < 89.9 < 100 IQR (CV): 24.8 (0.3)	1488 distinct values	1658 (72.6%)	626 (27.4%)	For each ECR, the highest value of "percentile in subject area" for their first-author EMBL research articles
]			1	1

pubs_FIRST_RA_C NCI_mean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 2.6 (4.9) min < med < max: 0 < 1.5 < 92.7 IQR (CV): 2 (1.9)	1578 distinct values	1658 (72.6%)	626 (27.4%)	For each ECR, the mean of the "category normalized citation impact" for their first-author EMBL research articles
pubs_FIRST_RA_C NCI_max [numeric]	Mean (sd): 4 (8.9) min < med < max: 0 < 2 < 184.2 IQR (CV): 3.1 (2.2)	1482 distinct values	1658 (72.6%)	626 (27.4%)	For each ECR, the highest value of "CNCI" for their first-author EMBL research articles
pubs_FIRST_ra_on ly_publishedfirst [integer]	Mean (sd): 3.3 (1.9) min < med < max: 0 < 3 < 17 IQR (CV): 2 (0.6)	14 distinct values	1666 (72.9%)	618 (27.1%)	Number of calendar years between EMBL start year and the publication date of their earliest for research article
pubs_FIRST_ra_on ly_publishedlast [integer]	Mean (sd): 4.8 (2) min < med < max: 0 < 5 < 17 IQR (CV): 2 (0.4)	18 distinct values	1666 (72.9%)	618 (27.1%)	For each ECR, the number of calendar years between EMBL start year and the publication date of their most recent research article
pubs_FIRST_ra_on ly_Authors_mean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 7 (6.4) min < med < max: 1 < 5.6 < 105.5 IQR (CV): 4 (0.9)	153 distinct values	1666 (72.9%)	618 (27.1%)	For each ECR, the mean number of authors on their research articles
groupleader_senio rity [character]	(Empty string) junior senior	14 (0.6%) 1078 (47.2%) 1192 (52.2%)	2284 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	Junior (GL not a senior scientist and had spent <10 years at EMBL when ECR left) / senior (senior scientist or ≥10 at EMBL when ECR left)
Group_pubs_ALL_ TOTALrecords [integer]	Mean (sd): 99.3 (118.3) min < med < max: 0 < 63 < 688 IQR (CV): 82 (1.2)	98 distinct values	2268 (99.3%)	16 (0.7%)	Total of pubs_ALL_TOTAL for all ECRs in this study with this group leader [note: publications with more than one coauthor counted multiple times]
Group_pubs_ALL_ TOTALmean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 4.6 (2.3) min < med < max: 0.5 < 3.9 < 13.3 IQR (CV): 2.2 (0.5)	141 distinct values	2266 (99.2%)	18 (0.8%)	Average number of WOS indexed publications from ECRs in this study with this person's PI for each group [Group_pubs_ALL_TOTALrecords / [number of ECRs from the research group who were included in this study]
Group_pubs_ALL_ TOTAL_wJIF [integer]	Mean (sd): 99.2 (118.3) min < med < max: 1 < 63 < 688 IQR (CV): 82 (1.2)	98 distinct values	2266 (99.2%)	18 (0.8%)	Number of publication records of ECRs in this group for which a JIF is available
Group_pubs_ALL_ JIFmean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 10 (3.8) min < med < max: 1.5 < 9.9 < 25.2 IQR (CV): 5 (0.4)	213 distinct values	2266 (99.2%)	18 (0.8%)	Average JIF of papers with an author from this group (Total of pubs_ALL_JIF_SUM for all ECRs with this group leader / Group_pubs_ALL_TOTAL_wJIF). Note: papers with multiple authors are included multiple times in the calculation
Group_pubs_ALL_ JIFtotalmean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 45.9 (32.6) min < med < max: 1.1 < 38.7 < 199.1 IQR (CV): 29.8 (0.7)	213 distinct values	2266 (99.2%)	18 (0.8%)	Average cumulative JIF for all papers for each ECR in this study with this person's PI (includes those from this person). [Total of pubs_ALL_JIF_SUM for all ECRs with this group leader / [number of ECRs from the research group who were included in this study]] Note: papers with two co-first authors are included twice in the calculation

Group_pubs_FIRS T_ra_only_TOTALr ecords [integer]	Mean (sd): 34.3 (37.2) min < med < max: 0 < 23 < 209 IQR (CV): 32 (1.1)	54 distinct values	2266 (99.2%)	18 (0.8%)	Total of pubs_FIRST_ra_only_TOTAL for all ECRs with this group leader [note: publications with multiple co-first authors counted multiple times]
Group_pubsFIRST _ra_only_TOTALm ean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 1.6 (0.7) min < med < max: 0 < 1.4 < 6 IQR (CV): 0.9 (0.4)	107 distinct values	2266 (99.2%)	18 (0.8%)	Average number of first author research articles from ECRs in this study with this person's PI (includes those from this person) [Group_pubs_FIRST_ra_only_TOTALrecor ds / [number of ECRs from the research group who were included in this study]]
Group_pubs_FIRS T_ra_only_TOTALr ecords_wJIF [integer]	Mean (sd): 34.4 (37.4) min < med < max: 1 < 23 < 210 IQR (CV): 32 (1.1)	53 distinct values	2259 (98.9%)	25 (1.1%)	Total number of publication records for all ECRs with this group leader that have a JIF [note: publications with multiple co-firsts counted multiple times]
Group_pubsFIRST _RAonly_JIFmean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 10.2 (4.2) min < med < max: 1.4 < 9.8 < 25.7 IQR (CV): 6 (0.4)	205 distinct values	2259 (98.9%)	25 (1.1%)	Average JIF of research artilces with a first author from this group (Total of pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_SUM for all ECRs with this group leader, divided by Group_pubs_FIRST_ra_only_TOTALrecord s). Note: papers with two co-first authors are included twice in the calculation
Group_pubsFIRST _ra_only_JIFtotalm ean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 15.6 (8.4) min < med < max: 0 < 15.1 < 49.8 IQR (CV): 10.6 (0.5)	208 distinct values	2266 (99.2%)	18 (0.8%)	Average cumulative JIF for first author research articles for each ECR in this study with this person's PI (includes those from this person). [Total of pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_SUM for all ECRs with this group leader / [number of ECRs from the research group who were included in this study]] Note: papers with two co-first authors are included twice in the calculation
Group_pubs_FIRS T_ra_only_UNIQUE _pubs [integer]	Mean (sd): 31.9 (33.8) min < med < max: 1 < 22 < 189 IQR (CV): 32 (1.1)	50 distinct values	2259 (98.9%)	25 (1.1%)	Number of unique research articles with an ECR from our study in this group as a first author (papers with 2 ifrst authors from same group counted once)
Group_pubs_FIRS T_ra_only_UNIQUE _pubs_wJIF [integer]	Mean (sd): 31.8 (33.8) min < med < max: 1 < 22 < 189 IQR (CV): 32 (1.1)	48 distinct values	2259 (98.9%)	25 (1.1%)	Number of unique research articles with an ECR from our study in this group as a first author that have a JIF
Group_pubs_FIRS T_ra_only_JIF_mea n_alternative [numeric]	Mean (sd): 10.1 (4.2) min < med < max: 1.4 < 9.5 < 28.5 IQR (CV): 5.6 (0.4)	205 distinct values	2259 (98.9%)	25 (1.1%)	Average JIF for the papers in Group_pubs_FIRST_ra_only_UNIQUE_pub s Note: papers with two co-first authors are included ONCE in the calculation
Group_pubs_FIRS T_ra_only_AUTHO Rmean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 6.7 (3.2) min < med < max: 2 < 6 < 47 IQR (CV): 2.5 (0.5)	153 distinct values	2259 (98.9%)	25 (1.1%)	Average number of authors (including those outside this study) on the papers in Group_pubs_FIRST_ra_only_UNIQUE_pub s

Group_pubs_FIRS T_ra_only_CNCIm ean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 2.5 (2.1) min < med < max: 0 < 2.1 < 26.7 IQR (CV): 1.7 (0.8)	206 distinct values	2259 (98.9%)	25 (1.1%)	Average CNCI for papers on the papers in Group_pubs_FIRST_ra_only_UNIQUE_pub s Note: papers with two co-first authors from this group are included ONCE in the calculation
Group_pubs_FIRS T_ra_only_PERCE NTILEmean [numeric]	Mean (sd): 71.7 (10.5) min < med < max: 0 < 72.8 < 99.5 IQR (CV): 13 (0.1)	206 distinct values	2259 (98.9%)	25 (1.1%)	Average percentile in subject area on the papers in Group_pubs_FIRST_ra_only_UNIQUE_pub s Note: papers with two co-first authors are included ONCE in the calculation
Group_pubsFIRST _RAonly_published first_same_type [numeric]	Mean (sd): 3.2 (1.3) min < med < max: 0 < 3 < 9.5 IQR (CV): 1.7 (0.4)	86 distinct values	2122 (92.9%)	162 (7.1%)	Average of pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedfirst for ECRs of the same type from this group in our study (e.g. if type_pre_postdoc = predoc, averages PhD students in this group (postdocs publish faster))

Supplementary Table 2: current workforce sector (vertical) and career type (horizontal) for all alumni in this study with a known sector and type of position (n=2031)

Excluding four alumni with a known type of position but where the sector of the position was unclear, and 249 alumni whose position we could not identify, are excluded from this analysis.

	Research / Teaching	Science related non- research	Non-science related	Grand Total
Academia	62.2%	3.3%	0.0%	65.5%
Government	0.0%	1.3%	0.2%	1.6%
Industry / for-profit	16.2%	10.2%	3.9%	30.3%
Non-profit	0.1%	1.2%	0.1%	1.4%
Other	0.7%	0.5%	0.0%	1.2%
	79.2%	16.5%	4.3%	100.0%

^{*} note - the work-sectors primary research and primarily teaching from the UCOT Exp2 taxonomy have been merged

Supplementary Table 3: career type and current job functions (n=2031)

Excluding four alumni with a known type of position but where the sector of the position was unclear, and 249 alumni whose position we could not identify, are excluded from this analysis.

Career type and job function	% of found alumni
Research / Teaching	79.3%
Independent research group leader#	31.3%
Other academic position [^]	18.9%
Postdoctoral%	12.4%
R & D scientist [§]	15.0%
Business dev., consulting, & strategic alliances*	0.2%
Entrepreneurship°	0.7%
Science education and outreach	0.7%
Science related non-research	16.4%
Administration and training	3.4%
Business dev., consulting, & strategic alliances	2.9%
Clinical research management	0.6%
Clinical services / public health	0.5%
Data science, analytics, software engineering\$	1.4%
Entrepreneurship	0.2%
Healthcare provider	0.4%
Intellectual property and law	1.3%
Other	0.3%
Regulatory affairs	0.6%
Sales and marketing	0.5%
Science education and outreach	0.3%
Science policy and government affairs	0.1%
Science writing and communication	1.8%
Technical support and product development	2.2%
Non-science related	4.3%
Administration and training	0.1%
Business dev., consulting, & strategic alliances	1.0%
Data science, analytics, software engineering ^{\$}	2.1%
Entrepreneurship	0.3%
Other	0.7%

includes those leading an academic research team with financial and scientific independence — evidenced by job title as 'group leader', 'professor', 'associate professor' or 'tenure-track assistant professor'. Where the status was unclear from the job title, we classified as independent research group leaders if one of the following criteria was fulfilled: a) they appear to directly supervise students/postdocs (based on hierarchy shown on website), b) they have published a last author publication from the current position c) their group website or CV indicates that they have a grant (not just a personal merit fellowship) as a principle investigator.

^{*} includes director-level senior management roles overseeing the scientific direction & research of a company with R&D focus, e.g. CSOs in biotech start-ups

^{% 244} in academic sector and 8 in for-profit companies

[°] founders of companies whose primary focus is R&D (including contract research)

[^] this function differs from the published schema; it includes academic research, scientific services or teaching staff e.g. research staff, teaching faculty and staff, technical directors, research infrastructure engineers

[§] this function differs from the published schema; it includes alumni carrying out or overseeing scientific research in industry as group leaders, research staff, technical directors and non-directorship research leadership roles, including alumni who appear to be working in computational biology roles of a pharma, biotech, contract research or similar company regardless of job title i.e. including data science roles that appear to be related to analysis of research-related data.

^{\$} not including computational biology roles linked to R&D functions.

Supplementary table 4: Comparison datasets included in the comparisons in Figure 2B and Supplementary Figure 4

Figure	Institution	Field(s)	Source	PI-like role defined as	Cohorts	Timing	Percentage of alumni in PI-like roles	Cohort size	Equivalent EMBL data	EMBL cohort size
S5A	University of California, San	Basic health science	https://graduate.ucsf.edu/program- statistics Last accessed 9 Sept 2021	Tenure-track faculty	2002-2006	10 ys out 5 yrs out 1 yr out	24.7% 7.8% 1.4%	295	34.3% 16.4% 1.5%	201
	Francisco				2007-2011	5 yrs out 1 yr out	5.9% 1.6%	512	6.9% 1.8%	217
					2012-2016	1 yr out	1.2%	521	0.4%	246
S5 B	University of Chicago	Bioscience	https://biosciences.uchicago.edu/after- uchicago/outcomes Last accessed 20 Aug 2021	Faculty incl. nonTT	2005-2009 2010-2014 2015-2019	in 2019	36.2% 19.2% 5.3%	338 339 312	25.8% 13.8% 2.1%	217 225 234
S5 C	University of Michigan	Life sciences ¹	https://secure.rackham.umich.edu/acade mic_information/program_statistics/docto ral/ Data downloaded / compiled 9 Nov 2018	Tenure-track faculty	2003-2007 2008-2012 2013-2017	10 ys out 5 yrs out 1 yr out	26.5% 8.6% 1.3%	170 244 294	28.2% 7.5% 0.4%	206 213 244
S5D	Stanford University	Bioscience	https://irds.stanford.edu/data- findings/phd-jobs Last accessed 17 Jan 2020	Tenure-track	2002-2004 2007-2009	in 2013	33.1% 4.7%	139 169	39.2% 9.6%	120 136
2B	Stanford University	Bioscience	https://biosciences.stanford.edu/prospecti ve-students/alumni-career-outcomes- dashboard/alumni-career-outcomes-by- cohort/ Last checked 10 Sept 21	Faculty – research focus	2000-2005 2006-2010 2011-2015 2016-2019	in 2018 ²	34.0% 26.8% 12.5% 2.8%	426 471 503 472	37.1% 22.4% 10.7% 1.6%	210 223 234 185
S5E	University of Toronto	Life sciences division	Reithmeier, R., et al. (2019). "PLoS One 14(1): e0209898. https://www.sgs.utoronto.ca/about/explor e-our-data/10000-phds-project/Data complied 10 Sep 2021	Tenure stream	2000-2003 2004-2007 2008-2011 2012-2015	in 2016	30.5% 24.9% 18.1% 7.9%	696 816 1028 1234	39.4% 28.5% 12.9% 1.6%	132 172 170 193

Please note:

¹ The statistics from the following programmes, which overlap with EMBL's research areas, were combined: Bioinformatics, Cellular and Molecular Biology, Microbiology and Immunology, Molecular, Cellular and Developmental Biology, Cancer Biology, Biophysics, Biological Chemistry, Cell and Developmental Biology

² Except for the 2019 leavers: for this leaving year, the career destination in 2020 (position one calendar year after defence) was used.

- The most recent PhD cohorts and data on PhD destinations 1-year after graduation were not included in the plots in Figure 2B / S5. These values are shown in grey. We did not include this data as very few PhD alumni became a PI in the first years after leaving EMBL, consistent with almost all PhDs competing at least one postdoc position before gaining a PI role. A single alumnus/alumna more or less who become Pls at a very early stage will lead to large differences in the relative ratios that does not necessarily reflect a trend to fewer or more Pls in the long-term.
- One published study (Mathur, Cano (31)) was not included in these comparisons, as a high percentage of alumni (14% of all alumni) were in primarily teaching focused roles many of these are likely to be included in the faculty numbers. Teaching-focused faculty roles may have different career dynamics to the careers of in research-focussed PI roles. The biomedical focus of the Mathur et al. study may also limit comparability compared to the basic life science focus of EMBL.

Supplementary table 5: Hazard ratios of later cohorts compared with earlier reference cohorts, calculated by Cox regression model.

A hazard ratio lower than 1 indicates decreased likelihood of entering that role.

Role of interest	Role at EMBL	Cohort	Reference cohort	Hazard ratio	95% Confidence Interval	p-value	
PI	PhD students	2005-2012	1997-2004	0.51	0.38 - 0.69	1.10E-05	***
		2013-2020	1997-2004	0.23	0.14 - 0.38	1.90E-08	***
		2013-2020	2005-2012	0.59	0.34 - 1.01	0.052	
	Postdocs	2005-2012	1997-2004	0.58	0.45 - 0.76	5.40E-05	***
		2013-2020	1997-2004	0.69	0.53 - 0.89	0.0054	**
		2013-2020	2005-2012	1.05	0.80 - 1.38	0.73	
AcOt	PhD students	2005-2012	1997-2004	1.14	0.78 - 1.68	0.49	
		2013-2020	1997-2004	1.06	0.66 - 1.68	0.82	
		2013-2020	2005-2012	1.03	0.67 - 1.59	0.89	
	Postdocs	2005-2012	1997-2004	1.72	1.16 - 2.10	0.0034	**
		2013-2020	1997-2004	1.09	1.29 - 2.31	0.00027	***
		2013-2020	2005-2012	1.72	0.85 - 1.40	0.52	
IndR	PhD students	2005-2012	1997-2004	1.11	0.76 - 1.60	0.6	
		2013-2020	1997-2004	1.60	1.08 - 2.36	0.018	*
		2013-2020	2005-2012	1.63	1.15 - 2.31	0.0064	**
	Postdocs	2005-2012	1997-2004	0.72	0.49 - 1.04	0.08	
		2013-2020	1997-2004	1.51	1.09 - 2.10	0.013	*
		2013-2020	2005-2012	2.39	1.68 - 3.40	1.4E-06	***
NonRes	PhD students	2005-2012	1997-2004	1.87	1.29 - 2.71	0.00089	***
		2013-2020	1997-2004	2.33	1.47 - 3.71	0.00036	***
		2013-2020	2005-2012	1.10	0.77 - 1.56	0.61	
	Postdocs	2005-2012	1997-2004	1.78	1.19 - 2.68	0.0055	**
		2013-2020	1997-2004	1.93	1.22 - 3.06	0.0053	**
		2013-2020	2005-2012	1.05	0.73 - 1.51	0.79	
NonSci	PhD students	2005-2012	1997-2004	2.02	1.10 - 3.73	0.024	*
		2013-2020	1997-2004	2.21	1.12 - 4.38	0.022	*
		2013-2020	2005-2012	1.06	0.63 - 1.76	0.84	
	Postdocs	2005-2012	1997-2004	1.44	0.67 - 3.08	0.35	
		2013-2020	1997-2004	2.58	1.13 - 5.88	0.024	*
		2013-2020	2005-2012	1.63	0.84 - 3.18	0.15	

Supplementary table 6: differences in publication statistics by PI status.

	Веса	me PI?			
Publication statistics	no yes		sig~		Field name
n	1599	685			
For: all publications from EMBL work					
Number of publications	3.9	6.1	<2e-16	***	PUBS_ALL_TOTAL
Number of publications with a JIF	3.9	6.1	<2e-16	***	PUBS_ALL_JIF_count
Mean JIF	9.6	10.9	1.2E-04	***	PUBS_ALL_JIF_mean
Sum of JIFs	42.1	71.9	<2e-16	***	PUBS_ALL_JIF_SUM
Highest JIF	17.8	24.0	<2e-16	***	pubs_ALL_JIF_MAX
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	63.1	69.6	4.8E-12	***	pubs_All_pecentile_mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	83.9	91.7	<2e-16	***	pubs_All_percentile_MAX
Mean CNCI	2.6	3.1	4.6E-02	*	PUBS_ALL_CNCI_mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	8.1	11.0	2.8E-02	*	PUBS_ALL_CNCI_max
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> earliest publ.	2.5	2.1	4.5E-11	***	pubs_All_published.first
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> last	5.4	5.5	2.0E-01		pubs All published.last
Mean number of authors	9.1	7.8	1.9E-03	**	pubs_All_published_authors_mean
For: all research articles from EMBL work					
Number of research articles	3.1	4.9	<2e-16	***	pubs RAonly TOTAL
Number of research articles with a JIF	3.1	4.9	<2e-16	***	pubs_RAonly_JIF_count
Mean JIF	10.5	11.9	3.3E-04	***	pubs_RAonly_JIF_mean
Sum of JIFs	38.4	62.8	8.8E-15	***	pubs_RAonly_JIF_SUM
Highest JIF	17.6	23.2	2.9E-14	***	pubs RA JIF max
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	71.3	77.4	6.2E-14	***	pubs_RAonly_percentile_mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	85.2	92.2	<2e-16	***	pubs_RA_pecentile_MAX
Mean CNCI	2.9	3.5	1.1E-02	*	pubs RA CNCI mean
Hiahest value of "CNCI"	6.9	10.7	2.1E-03	**	pubs RAonly CNCI max
Calendar years: EMBL start-> earliest res.article	2.8	2.3	7.6E-12	***	pubs_RAonly_publishedfirst
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> last	5.4	5.5	3.6E-01		pubs RAonly publishedlast
Mean number of authors	9.7	8.2	6.5E-04	***	pubs RAonly Authors average
For: first-author research articles from EMBL work	9.7	6.2	0.5L-04		pubs_IXAOIIIy_Autilors_average
Number of 1st author research articles	1.2	2.4	<2e-16	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_TOTAL
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.2	2.4	<2e-16	***	
Number of 1 st author research articles with a JIF Mean JIF	9.7	12.1	7.9E-07	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_count
****	16.7	30.3		***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_mean
Sum of JIFs			<2e-16	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIFsum
Highest JIF	12.3	18.5	<2e-16	***	pubs_FIRST_RA_JIF_max
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	69.3	77.6	7.0E-16		pubs_FIRST_RA_pecentile_mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	77.1	88.1	<2e-16	***	pubs_FIRST_RA_pecentile_MAX
Mean of CNCI	2.2	3.3	2.6E-04	***	pubs_FIRST_RA_CNCI_mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	<u>3.1</u>	<u>5.7</u>	2.8E-06	***	pubs FIRST RA CNCI max
Calendar years: EMBL start -> earliest 1st author	3.6	2.8	7.5E-15	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedfirst
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> last	4.8	4.8	9.3E-01		pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedlast
Mean number of authors	7.3	6.4	6.0E-03	**	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_Authors_mear
Number of co-author research articles	1.9	2.5	1.5E-05	***	coauthor_research
Number of non-research-articles	0.8	1.2	2.3E-07	***	nonresearhc

 $[\]sim$ statistical significance based on unpaired 2-tailed t-test *<0.05, **<0.01,***<0.001

Supplementary table 7: Hazard ratios of those publishing multiple first author papers compared to those publishing 0 or 1 first author papers calculated by Cox regression model with time from EMBL.

A hazard ratio lower than 1 indicates decreased likelihood of entering the specified role.

Entry into	Role at EMBL	Number of 1st-author	Reference # 1st-author	Hazard ratio	95% Confidence Interval	p-value	
PI	PhD	1	0	1.73	0.92 - 3.25	0.092	
		2+	0	4.60	2.55 - 8.29	4E-07	***
		2+	1	2.66	1.91 - 3.71	7.1E-09	***
	postdoc	1	0	3.24	2.23 - 4.72	8.1E-10	***
		2+	0	6.61	4.70 - 9.31	2.7E-27	***
		2+	1	2.04	1.59 - 2.60	1.4E-08	***
AcOt	PhD	1	0	1.12	0.69 - 1.80	0.65	
		2+	0	0.97	0.60 - 1.54	0.89	
		2+	1	0.87	0.61 - 1.24	0.45	
	postdoc	1	0	1.34	1.01 - 1.79	0.044	*
		2+	0	1.45	1.11 - 1.88	0.0062	**
		2+	1	1.09	0.84 - 1.41	0.5	
IndR	PhD	1	0	0.91	0.61 - 1.36	0.65	
		2+	0	0.90	0.61 - 1.33	0.6	
		2+	1	0.95	0.70 - 1.30	0.75	
	postdoc	1	0	0.72	0.51 - 1.00	0.048	*
		2+	0	0.65	0.48 - 0.88	0.0062	**
		2+	1	0.90	0.64 - 1.28	0.57	
NonRes	PhD	1	0	0.61	0.43 - 0.86	0.0052	**
		2+	0	0.37	0.25 - 0.53	8E-08	***
		2+	1	0.60	0.43 - 0.83	0.0024	**
	postdoc	1	0	0.69	0.48 - 0.98	0.038	*
		2+	0	0.37	0.26 - 0.55	3.5E-07	***
		2+	1	0.54	0.36 - 0.82	0.0039	**
NonSci	PhD	1	0	0.76	0.44 - 1.32	0.33	
		2+	0	0.48	0.27 - 0.85	0.012	*
		2+	1	0.61	0.37 - 1.02	0.06	
	postdoc	1	0	0.36	0.17 - 0.77	0.0081	**
		2+	0	0.33	0.17 - 0.65	0.0014	**
		2+	1	0.92	0.39 - 2.18	0.85	

Supplementary table 8: differences in publication statistics by 'academic research / service / teaching staff' status.

	Becan	ne AcOt?		
Publication statistics	no	yes	sig~	Field name
Number of alumni	1617	667		
or: all publications from EMBL work				
Number of publications	4.4	5.0	6.9E-03 **	PUBS_ALL_TOTAL
Number of publications with a JIF	4.4	5.0	7.6E-03 **	PUBS_ALL_JIF_count
Mean JIF	10.5	9.0	2.7E-06 ***	PUBS_ALL_JIF_mean
Sum of JIFs	52.4	49.5	3.1E-01	PUBS_ALL_JIF_SUM
Highest JIF	20.4	18.4	8.0E-03 **	pubs_ALL_JIF_MAX
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	66.0	63.0	4.3E-03 **	pubs_All_pecentile_mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	86.6	86.0	5.8E-01	pubs_All_percentile_MAX
Mean CNCI	2.9	2.6	3.9E-01	PUBS_ALL_CNCI_mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	9.1	8.8	8.3E-01	PUBS_ALL_CNCI_max
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> earliest	2.4	2.3	3.7E-01	pubs_All_published.first
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final publication	5.4	5.5	4.8E-01	pubs_All_published.last
Mean number of authors	8.7	8.8	8.7E-01	pubs_All_published_authors_mean
For: all research articles from EMBL work				
Number of research articles	3.5	4.0	1.4E-02 *	pubs_RAonly_TOTAL
Number of research articles with a JIF	3.5	4.0	1.4E-02 *	pubs_RAonly_JIF_count
Mean JIF	11.4	9.9	3.7E-05 ***	pubs_RAonly_JIF_mean
Sum of JIFs	47.1	44.5	3.1E-01	pubs_RAonly_JIF_SUM
Highest JIF	20.0	18.1	6.4E-03 **	pubs_RA_JIF_max
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	73.9	72.0	4.4E-02 *	pubs_RAonly_percentile_mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	87.6	87.3	7.4E-01	pubs_RA_pecentile_MAX
Mean CNCI	3.1	2.9	4.1E-01	pubs_RA_CNCI_mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	8.2	7.8	7.3E-01	pubs_RAonly_CNCI_max
Calendar years: EMBL start-> earliest res.article	2.7	2.6	1.9E-01	pubs_RAonly_publishedfirst
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final res.article	5.4	5.4	8.6E-01	pubs RAonly publishedlast
Mean number of authors	9.1	9.3	7.5E-01	pubs_RAonly_Authors_average
or: first-author research articles from EMBL work				
Number of 1 st author research articles	1.6	1.6	7.7E-01	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_TOTAL
No. of 1st author research articles w/ JIF	1.6	1.6	7.7E-01	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_count
Mean JIF	11.2	9.2	2.7E-05 ***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_mean
Sum of JIFs	22.8	19.0	5.0E-04 ***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIFsum
Highest JIF	15.4	12.7	1.2E-04 ***	pubs_FIRST_RA_JIF_max
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	73.5	69.7	1.6E-03 **	pubs FIRST RA pecentile mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	82.0	79.2	1.9E-02 *	pubs_FIRST_RA_pecentile_MAX
Mean of CNCI	2.6	2.7	8.4E-01	pubs_FIRST_RA_CNCI_mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	3.9	4.2	5.8E-01	pubs_FIRST_RA_CNCI_max
Calendar years: EMBL start -> earliest 1 st author	3.3	3.2	1.8E-01	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedfirst
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final 1st author	4.8	4.8	8.9E-01	pubs FIRST ra only publishedlast
Mean number of authors	6.8	7.0	5.2E-01	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_Authors_mean
,				
Number of co-author research articles	2.0	2.4	2.8E-03 **	coauthor research
Number of publications not classed as research	0.8	1.0	3.7E-02 *	nonresearhc

 $[\]sim$ statistical significance based on unpaired 2-tailed t-test *<0.05, **<0.01,***<0.001

Supplementary table 9: differences in publication statistics by 'industry research' status.

Became IndRes?								
Publication statistics	no	yes	sig~	Field name				
Number of alumni	1811	473						
For: all publications from EMBL work								
Number of publications	4.6	4.5	7.2E-01	PUBS ALL TOTAL				
Number of publications with a JIF	4.6	4.5	7.4E-01	PUBS ALL JIF count				
Mean JIF	10.1	9.6	1.9E-01	PUBS_ALL_JIF_mean				
Sum of JIFs	52.3	49.0	3.3E-01	PUBS_ALL_JIF_SUM				
Highest JIF	20.2	18.4	2.2E-02	* pubs_ALL_JIF_MAX				
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	65.2	64.8	7.4E-01	pubs_All_pecentile_mean				
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	86.4	86.5	9.2E-01	pubs_All_percentile_MAX				
Mean CNCI	2.8	2.6	3.9E-01	PUBS ALL CNCI mean				
Highest value of "CNCI"	9.1	8.8	8.2E-01	PUBS ALL CNCI max				
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> earliest	2.4	2.4	5.6E-01	pubs_All_published.first				
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final publication	5.4	5.5	9.1E-01	pubs_All_published.last				
Mean number of authors	8.8	8.4	3.3E-01	pubs All published authors mean				
For: all research articles from EMBL work				· <u> </u>				
Number of research articles	3.6	3.7	7.2E-01	pubs_RAonly_TOTAL				
Number of research articles with a JIF	3.6	3.7	6.9E-01	pubs_RAonly_JIF_count				
Mean JIF	11.1	10.4	1.2E-01	pubs_RAonly_JIF_mean				
Sum of JIFs	46.7	44.8	5.3E-01	pubs_RAonly_JIF_SUM				
Highest JIF	19.9	17.9	1.1E-02	* pubs_RA_JIF_max				
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	73.7	71.8	7.0E-02	pubs_RAonly_percentile_mean				
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	87.7	86.6	2.6E-01	pubs_RA_pecentile_MAX				
Mean CNCI	3.2	2.8	1.6E-01	pubs_RA_CNCI_mean				
Highest value of "CNCI"	8.2	7.8	7.4E-01	pubs_RAonly_CNCI_max				
Calendar years: EMBL start-> earliest res.article	2.7	2.6	4.3E-01	pubs_RAonly_publishedfirst				
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final res.article	5.5	5.5	9.1E-01	pubs RAonly publishedlast				
Mean number of authors	9.3	8.9	3.8E-01	pubs RAonly Authors average				
For: first-author research articles from EMBL work								
Number of 1st author research articles	1.6	1.5	2.7E-01	pubs FIRST ra only TOTAL				
Number of 1st author research articles with a JIF	1.6	1.5	3.0E-01	pubs FIRST ra only JIF count				
Mean JIF	10.7	10.1	3.1E-01	pubs FIRST ra only JIF mean				
Sum of JIFs	22.3	19.6	2.8E-02	* pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIFsum				
Highest JIF	14.9	13.4	4.3E-02	* pubs_FIRST_RA_JIF_max				
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	72.7	70.7	1.5E-01	pubs FIRST RA pecentile mean				
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	81.4	80.0	3.2E-01	pubs_FIRST_RA_pecentile_MAX				
Mean of CNCI	2.7	2.4	2.1E-01	pubs_FIRST_RA_CNCI_mean				
Highest value of "CNCI"	4.1	3.6	1.6E-01	pubs FIRST RA CNCI max				
Calendar years: EMBL start -> earliest 1 st author	3.3	3.3	6.0E-01	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedfirst				
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final 1st author	4.8	4.8	7.8E-01	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedlast				
Mean number of authors	7.0	6.8	5.5E-01	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_Authors_mean				
,								
Number of co-author research articles	2.0	2.2	2.5E-01	coauthor_research				
Number of publications not classed as research	0.9	0.8	3.6E-02	* nonresearhc				

 $[\]sim$ statistical significance based on unpaired 2-tailed t-test *<0.05, **<0.01,***<0.001

Supplementary table 10: differences in publication statistics by 'non-research science-related' status.

	Becam	e NonRes	?			
Publication statistics	no yes sig~			g~ Field name		
Number of alumni	1857	427				
For: all publications from EMBL work						
Number of publications	4.8	3.2	<2e-16	***	PUBS_ALL_TOTAL	
Number of publications with a JIF	4.8	3.2	<2e-16	***	PUBS_ALL_JIF_count	
Mean JIF	10.1	9.6	2.0E-01		PUBS_ALL_JIF_mean	
Sum of JIFs	55.2	34.9	4.3E-15	***	PUBS_ALL_JIF_SUM	
Highest JIF	20.4	16.9	1.8E-05	***	pubs_ALL_JIF_MAX	
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	65.1	65.3	9.1E-01		pubs_All_pecentile_mean	
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	87.1	83.0	9.1E-04	***	pubs_All_percentile_MAX	
Mean CNCI	2.9	2.3	4.5E-03	**	PUBS_ALL_CNCI_mean	
Highest value of "CNCI"	9.7	5.9	2.9E-03	**	PUBS_ALL_CNCI_max	
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> earliest	2.3	2.7	5.3E-04	***	pubs_All_published.first	
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final publication	5.5	5.3	3.3E-01		pubs_All_published.last	
Mean number of authors	8.9	8.0	5.5E-02		pubs_All_published_authors_mean	
or: all research articles from EMBL work						
Number of research articles	3.9	2.6	4.1E-16	***	pubs_RAonly_TOTAL	
Number of research articles with a JIF	3.9	2.6	6.4E-16	***	pubs_RAonly_JIF_count	
Mean JIF	11.1	10.3	7.9E-02		pubs_RAonly_JIF_mean	
Sum of JIFs	49.5	31.4	2.0E-14	***	pubs_RAonly_JIF_SUM	
Highest JIF	20.1	16.5	1.9E-05	***	pubs_RA_JIF_max	
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	73.6	71.8	1.1E-01		pubs_RAonly_percentile_mean	
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	88.4	83.4	2.8E-05	***	pubs_RA_pecentile_MAX	
Mean CNCI	3.2	2.3	4.3E-06	***	pubs_RA_CNCI_mean	
Highest value of "CNCI"	8.9	4.4	3.7E-09	***	pubs_RAonly_CNCI_max	
Calendar years: EMBL start-> earliest res.article	2.6	3.0	4.2E-04	***	pubs_RAonly_publishedfirst	
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final res.article	5.5	5.4	5.5E-01		pubs_RAonly_publishedlast	
Mean number of authors	9.4	8.2	8.8E-03	**	pubs_RAonly_Authors_average	
or: first-author research articles from EMBL work						
Number of 1st author research articles	1.7	1.1	2.9E-16	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_TOTAL	
Number of 1st author research articles with a JIF	1.7	1.1	4.3E-16	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_count	
Mean JIF	10.8	9.1	4.6E-03	**	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_mean	
Sum of JIFs	23.0	15.0	2.7E-13	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIFsum	
Highest JIF	15.2	11.5	2.2E-06	***	pubs_FIRST_RA_JIF_max	
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	72.8	69.9	5.4E-02		pubs FIRST RA pecentile mean	
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	81.9	77.0	7.7E-04	***	pubs_FIRST_RA_pecentile_MAX	
Mean of CNCI	2.7	2.0	7.4E-04	***	pubs_FIRST_RA_CNCI_mean	
Highest value of "CNCI"	4.3	2.7	6.2E-05	***	pubs_FIRST_RA_CNCI_max	
Calendar years: EMBL start -> earliest 1st author	3.3	3.6	1.8E-02	*	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedfirst	
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final 1st author	4.8	4.7	2.9E-01		pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedlast	
Mean number of authors	7.2	6.1	9.6E-05	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_Authors_mean	
·						
Number of co-author research articles	2.2	1.5	3.9E-09	***	coauthor_research	
Number of publications not classed as research	1.0	0.6	8.6E-07	***	nonresearhc	

 $[\]sim$ statistical significance based on unpaired 2-tailed t-test *<0.05, **<0.01,***<0.001

Supplementary table 11: differences in publication statistics by 'non-science role' status.

	Became	e NonRes	?		
Publication statistics	no	yes	sig~		Field name
Number of alumni	2122	162			
-					For: all publications from EMBL wor
Number of publications	4.6	3.6	2.2E-03	**	PUBS_ALL_TOTAL
Number of publications with a JIF	4.6	3.5	2.1E-03	**	PUBS_ALL_JIF_count
Mean JIF	10.1	9.2	2.9E-01		PUBS_ALL_JIF_mean
Sum of JIFs	52.4	39.4	8.3E-03	**	PUBS_ALL_JIF_SUM
Highest JIF	20.0	16.8	1.7E-02	*	pubs ALL JIF MAX
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	65.3	63.0	2.9E-01		pubs_All_pecentile_mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	86.7	81.8	1.7E-02	*	pubs All percentile MAX
Mean CNCI	2.8	2.4	1.4E-01		PUBS ALL CNCI mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	9.2	6.9	2.8E-01		PUBS ALL CNCI max
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> earliest	2.4	2.4	8.8E-01		pubs_All_published.first
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> last	5.5	5.1	5.8E-02		pubs All published.last
Mean number of authors	8.7	9.1	6.6E-01		pubs All published authors mean
For: all research articles from EMBL work	0.,		0.02 02		pass_,passea_aaee.sea
Number of research articles	3.7	2.7	2.8E-04	***	pubs RAonly TOTAL
Number of research articles with a JIF	3.7	2.7	2.8E-04	***	pubs_RAonly_JIF_count
Mean JIF	11.1	9.9	2.0E-01		pubs RAonly JIF mean
Sum of JIFs	47.1	35.0	9.6E-03	**	pubs_RAonly_JIF_SUM
Highest JIF	19.6	16.4	1.9E-02	*	pubs RA JIF max
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	73.4	71.5	2.8E-01		pubs RAonly percentile mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	87.8	83.8	2.7E-02	*	pubs RA pecentile MAX
Mean CNCI	3.1	2.6	1.5E-01		pubs RA CNCI mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	8.2	6.4	3.7E-01		pubs_RA_CNCI_Mean pubs_RAonly_CNCI_max
Calendar years: EMBL start-> earliest res.article	2.7	2.8	3.1E-01		pubs RAonly publishedfirst
	5.5	5.2	1.5E-01		• = /=
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final res.article	9.2				pubs_RAonly_publishedlast
Mean number of authors	9.2	9.2	9.8E-01		pubs_RAonly_Authors_average
For: first-author research articles from EMBL work Number of 1st author research articles	1.6	1.1	1.1E-05	***	pubs FIRST ra only TOTAL
•	1.6	1.1		***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_count
Number of 1st author research articles with a JIF Mean JIF	10.7	8.9	1.0E-05 4.9E-02	*	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_count pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_mean

Sum of JIFs	22.2	14.7	6.0E-07	**	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIFsum
Highest JIF	14.8	11.2	1.8E-03	**	pubs_FIRST_RA_JIF_max
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	72.5	69.6	2.2E-01		pubs_FIRST_RA_pecentile_mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	81.4	77.0	5.7E-02	**	pubs_FIRST_RA_pecentile_MAX
Mean of CNCI	2.7	1.9	2.9E-03	**	pubs_FIRST_RA_CNCI_mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	4.1	2.4	5.2E-06	***	pubs_FIRST_RA_CNCI_max
Calendar years: EMBL start -> earliest 1st author	3.3	3.5	2.9E-01		pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedfirst
Calendar years: EMBL start -> final 1 st author	4.8	4.5	6.4E-02		pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedlast
Mean number of authors	7.1	6.1	3.4E-02	*	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_Authors_mear
Number of co-author research articles	2.1	1.7	2.7E-02	*	coauthor_research
Number of publications not classed as research	0.9	0.8	5.4E-01		nonresearhc

 $[\]sim$ statistical significance based on unpaired 2-tailed t-test *<0.05, **<0.01,***<0.001

Supplementary table 12: differences in publication statistics by cohort.

		Cohort				
	1997	2005	2013			
Publication statistics	2004	2012	2020	sig~	Field name	е
Number of alumni	625	763	896			
For: all publications from EMBL work						
Number of publications	4.7	4.2	4.7	2.8E-02	*	PUBS_ALL_TOTAL
Number of publications with a JIF	4.7	4.2	4.7	3.2E-02	*	PUBS_ALL_JIF_count
Mean JIF	8.6	9.9	11.2	2.0E-10	***	PUBS_ALL_JIF_mean
Sum of JIFs	45.4	46.3	60.3	2.4E-06	***	PUBS_ALL_JIF_SUM
Highest JIF	18.5	18.6	21.7	2.4E-05	***	pubs_ALL_JIF_MAX
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	64.6	65.4	65.3	7.9E-01		pubs_All_pecentile_mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	86.1	84.4	88.3	1.3E-03	**	pubs_All_percentile_MAX
Mean CNCI	2.0	2.3	3.7	1.2E-09	***	PUBS_ALL_CNCI_mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	6.1	6.6	13.3	6.6E-07	***	PUBS_ALL_CNCI_max
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> earliest	2.2	2.6	2.4	1.3E-05	***	pubs_All_published.first
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> last	5.1	5.7	5.5	6.5E-05	***	pubs_All_published.last
Mean number of authors	5.8	8.0	11.3	<2e-16	***	pubs_All_published_authors_me
For: all research articles from EMBL work						
Number of research articles	3.8	3.4	3.7	1.2E-01		pubs_RAonly_TOTAL
Number of research articles with a JIF	3.8	3.4	3.7	1.2E-01		pubs_RAonly_JIF_count
Mean JIF	9.4	10.6	12.4	5.6E-11	***	pubs_RAonly_JIF_mean
Sum of JIFs	40.0	41.4	54.9	2.3E-07	***	pubs_RAonly_JIF_SUM
Highest JIF	17.9	18.3	21.5	3.0E-06	***	pubs_RA_JIF_max
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	72.2	73.1	74.2	1.5E-01		pubs_RAonly_percentile_mean
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	87.0	86.2	88.9	1.5E-02	*	pubs_RA_pecentile_MAX
Mean CNCI	2.2	2.6	4.1	8.7E-11	***	pubs_RA_CNCI_mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	5.0	6.3	11.8	1.3E-07	***	pubs_RAonly_CNCI_max
Calendar years: EMBL start -> earliest	2.3	2.9	2.7	4.6E-09	***	pubs_RA only_published first
Calendar years: EMBL start year -> last res.	5.1	5.8	5.4	3.2E-06	***	pubs_RAonly_publishedlast
Mean number of authors	5.9	8.3	12.2	<2e-16	***	pubs_RAonly_Authors_average
For: first-author research articles from EMBL w	vork					
Number of 1st author research articles	1.9	1.5	1.4	1.3E-10	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_TOTAL
No. 1st author research articles with JIF	1.9	1.5	1.3	5.5E-11	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_count
Mean JIF	9.2	10.0	12.1	3.0E-07	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIF_mean
Sum of JIFs	22.7	20.3	22.3	1.6E-01		pubs_FIRST_ra_only_JIFsum
Highest JIF	14.1	13.7	15.7	1.7E-02	*	pubs_FIRST_RA_JIF_max
Mean of "percentile in subject area"	71.8	72.3	72.7	8.0E-01		pubs_FIRST_RA_pecentile_mear
Highest value of "percentile in subject area"	82.0	80.3	81.2	4.4E-01		pubs_FIRST_RA_pecentile_MAX
Mean of CNCI	2.0	2.5	3.1	9.6E-04	***	pubs_FIRST_RA_CNCI_mean
Highest value of "CNCI"	3.6	3.9	4.5	2.3E-01		pubs_FIRST_RA_CNCI_max
Calendar years: EMBL start -> earliest 1st	2.8	3.5	3.5	4.9E-12	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedf
Calendar years: EMBL start -> last 1st author	4.5	5.0	4.9	7.0E-05	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_publishedla
Mean number of authors	4.8	6.1	9.4	<2e-16	***	pubs_FIRST_ra_only_Authors_m
Number of co-author research articles	1.9	1.9	2.4	5.4E-04		coauthor_research
Number of publications not classed as	0.9	0.8	1.0	5.5E-03	**	nonresearhc

[~] statistical significance based on ANOVA analysis *<0.05, **<0.01,***<0.001

Supplementary Methods

Identification of alumni for inclusion in the study:

- Postdocs who spent at least 12-months at EMBL were identified through our alumni records, HR and postdoc office records.
- PhD students who graduated from EMBL's international PhD programme were identified through our alumni, graduate office and HR records. The thesis defence year was identified using graduate office records.
- Deceased alumni were omitted from the study.

Basic information

- Information about gender, nationality and time spent at EMBL was collated from information held in HR
 records, alumni and graduate and postdoc office records. The data was imported and collated in a
 password-protected custom-made filemaker database. Information that could be used to easily
 identify the alumnus were pseudonymized after data compilation (e.g. name, unit & group at EMBL,
 nationality).
- For PhD students the start year was the start of their PhD and end year was the thesis defence year.
- For postdocs the start and end years were based on the start and end year of their EMBL postdoc contract, including any extensions to that postdoc contract.
- Additional positions at EMBL (e.g. a bridging postdoc contract for former predocs, or a later staff position) were included in the career tracking as a subsequent position, not as a continuation of their time as a PhD student or original postdoc.

Data collection - career information

- Career information was identified by carrying out a search for publicly available information (LinkedIN
 profile, researchgate profile, ORCID record and biosketch or CV on employer or personal website, as
 well as inclusion on publicly available staff lists). The search engine google was used with the search
 terms
 - o [name]
 - o [name] + EMBL OR "European molecular biology laboratory"
 - o [name] + last known employer
 - the last known employer was taken from information provided to EMBL's alumni office. This information was, however, not included unless it could be confirmed with other publicly available information.
- Identity was confirmed only if the publicly available information mentioned having worked/studied at EMBL or if a publicly available listing of their publications was able to confirm the matching identity.
- Basic details of the positions provided in online career information (country, start year and end year)
 were added to the filemaker database along with a classification of the position (see classification of
 positions). A calculated field allowed retrieval of the role classification at specific timepoints after
 EMBL. Where two positions were held in the same calendar year, the most recent position was
 retrieved.
- Where this was available, we also noted for each postdoc alumni, the year the PhD was awarded.
- If the current position found on personal webpages or profiles appeared to be a temporary academic position (e.g. postdoc or similar) and they had held the position since before 2019, we confirmed this was up-to-date by cross-checking institutional websites. If group pages do not list lab members, we instead checked that there was a publication within the last calendar year with this affiliation.
- Data on positions was initially collected in March 2017-December 2017 for fellows leaving in 2016 or earlier; and updated in May- September 2021 for all fellows. Country names were pseudonymized after data curation.

Classification of positions

- A detailed three-level classification of roles was carried out based on a published taxonomy https://f1000research.com/articles/9-8/v2/. The three-levels of classification include "job sector", "job type" and "job function". As it was not always possible to confirm whether academic positions in Europe were research or teaching focussed, whether specific job titles in industry were at the group leader level, and whether roles in industry R&D were computational biology positions, some adaptations were made. These are detailed in the footnotes of supplementary table 2-3.
- A summary classification into one of six main types of role (independent group leader (AcPI); academic postdoc (AcPD); other academic position (AcOt); industry research (IndR); science related (SciR); and non-science related (NonSci)) was then calculated based on the detailed classification.
 - o AcPI includes those with the job function "Independent research group leader"
 - o AcOt includes with the job function "Other academic position"

- o AcPD includes those in the sector academia, with the job function "postdoctoral"
- IndR includes alumni:
 - with the job function "R&D scientist"
 - with the job function "postdoctoral" and sector "Industry / for-profit"
 - with the career type "research / teaching", sector "Industry / for-profit", and function "Business development, consulting, and strategic alliances" OR "Entrepreneurship" (this captures senior leadership roles overseeing industry research strategy, and founders of research- focused start-ups, including small contract research organisations).
- NonRes includes
 - alumni with job type="Science related non-research"
 - alumni with job type "Research / teaching" who were not employed in academia or had a job function that linked them to industry research [see IndR] (this captures those who are working in teaching outside academia (e.g. secondary education))
- NonSci includes all remaining positions

Data collection - publication information

- Data on all publications linked to EMBL were exported from the Web of Science incites database on 30 June 2021 including the publication year, research area, type of publication, citation metrics such as percentile in subject area, and journal impact factor for each publication.
 - Data from the main web of science database (WOS) for all EMBL publications was also exported on 30 June 2021, and the full author list and affiliations added by matching the web of science ascension numbers.
 - A small number of publications were listed in WOS but not incites the article type from WOS was manually added in these cases.
- Alumni in this study were matched to the publications identified from Web of Science as follows:
 - publications during the years ECRs were at EMBL were assigned to individuals without further validation if:
 - the paper was already registered to them in EMBL's internal publication database
 - there was a match between an author and the individual's last name and initial, or known variants of their name (e.g. previous surname for alumni who changed their name on marriage) – AND their EMBL supervisor's name was also on the paper
 - additional publications with matching name & first initial that were published during or after the ECR's EMBL contract were manually checked and assigned to ECRs if the publication data (full name, affiliation etc) supported that this was a publication from that person and stemmed from EMBL work.
 - an exception was made if the publication was more than 2-calendar years after EMBL and the person was known to have remained or returned to EMBL in a research-based position (e.g. staff scientist) at that time-point.
 - o for ECRs with potential name variations (e.g. double last name or special characters), publications were also added manually where appropriate.
- Joint first authorship was established by manually checking all publications where an ECR was the second author. Joint first-authorship contributed to 14.6% of articles classed as first-author. In a small proportion of cases the ECR was the senior (last) author on a research article, and we included this as equivalent to a first-author article [4.8% of articles classed as first-author].
- Once data curation was complete, the publication records were pseudonymized by replacing the web of science ID with a pseudonym, and deletion of additional identifying information not required for the final analysis (e.g. author lists, affiliations, journal name, article title).

Classification of supervisor

• The supervisor was classed as senior if, in the year the ECR left, their supervisor was a senior scientist OR had spent >10-years at EMBL.