

Supplement to

RNA binding proteins Smaug and Cup induce CCR4-NOT-dependent deadenylation of the *nanos* mRNA in a reconstituted system

Filip Pekovic, Christiane Rammelt, Jana Kubíková, Jutta Metz, Mandy Jeske, Elmar Wahle

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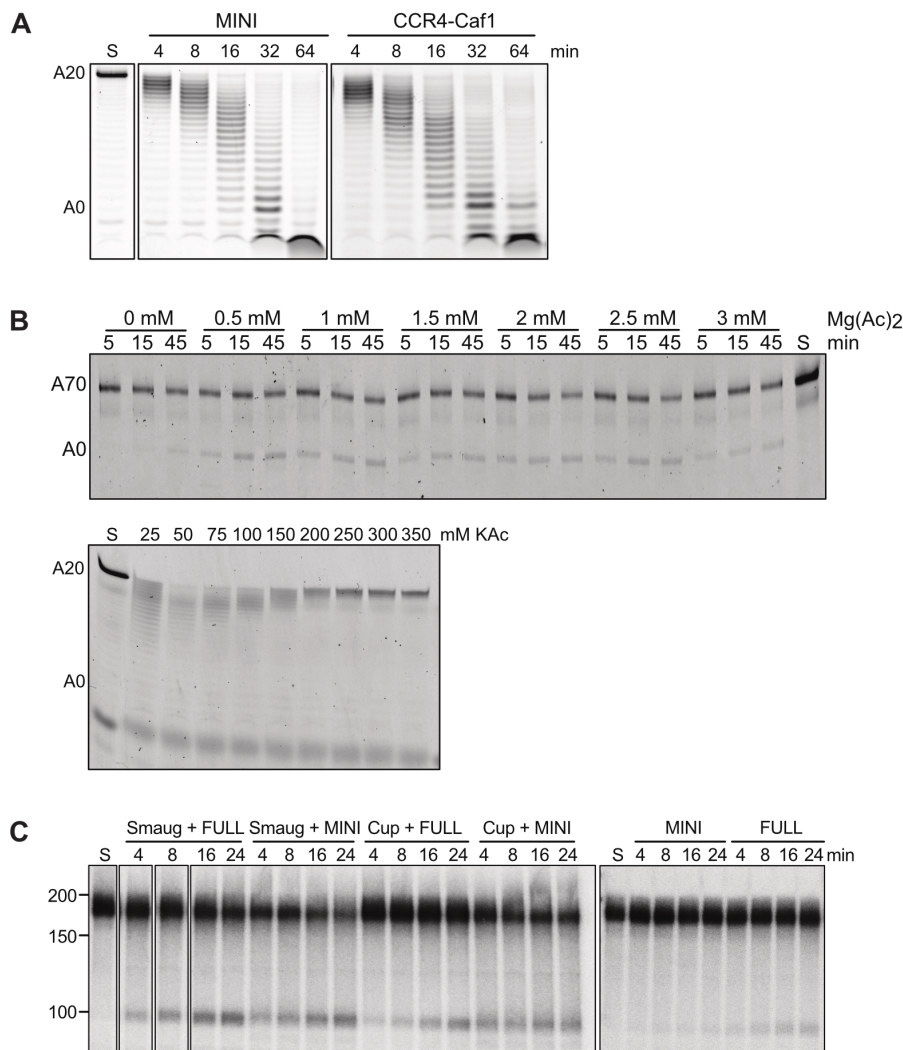
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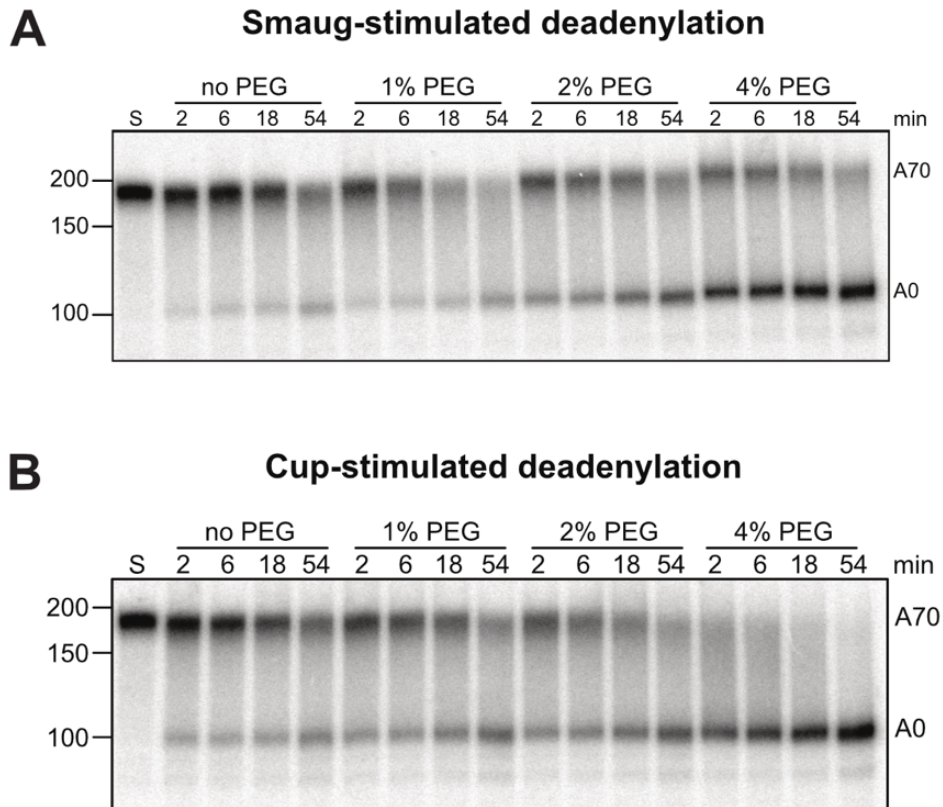


Supplemental Figure 1. Activity of CCR4 and CAF1 depends on other subunits of CCR4-NOT and on ionic conditions

(A) Deadenylation activity of the CCR4-Caf1 heterodimer is enhanced by other subunits of the CCR4-NOT complex. 50 nM FAM-7mer-A₂₀ RNA was incubated with either 5 nM of ^{Dm}CCR4-NOT_{MINI} or 250 nM of ^{Dm}CCR4-Caf1, and aliquots were withdrawn as indicated. At the 50fold higher concentration, CCR4-Caf1 shows activity comparable to that of the CCR4-NOT_{MINI} complex.

(B) Deadenylation activity of ^{Dm}CCR4-NOT complex is sensitive to Mg²⁺ and K⁺ concentrations. Top panel: 25 nM FAM-TCE^{MUT}-A₇₀ RNA was incubated with 25 nM of ^{Dm}CCR4-NOT_{MINI} in the presence of varying concentrations of magnesium acetate. Aliquots were withdrawn and analyzed at the time points indicated. In this assay, relatively high concentrations of enzyme were used as stability of the CCR4-NOT complex had not yet been optimized. Bottom panel: 10 nM FAM-7mer-A₂₀ RNA was incubated with 5 nM of ^{Dm}CCR4-NOT_{MINI} in the presence of increasing concentrations of potassium acetate. These assays were done in the absence of BSA. Deadenylation was stopped after 60 minutes. In addition to the varying concentrations of potassium acetate, the reactions contained 3 mM NaCl introduced with the protein buffer. The strong diffuse band visible at the bottom is bromophenol blue.

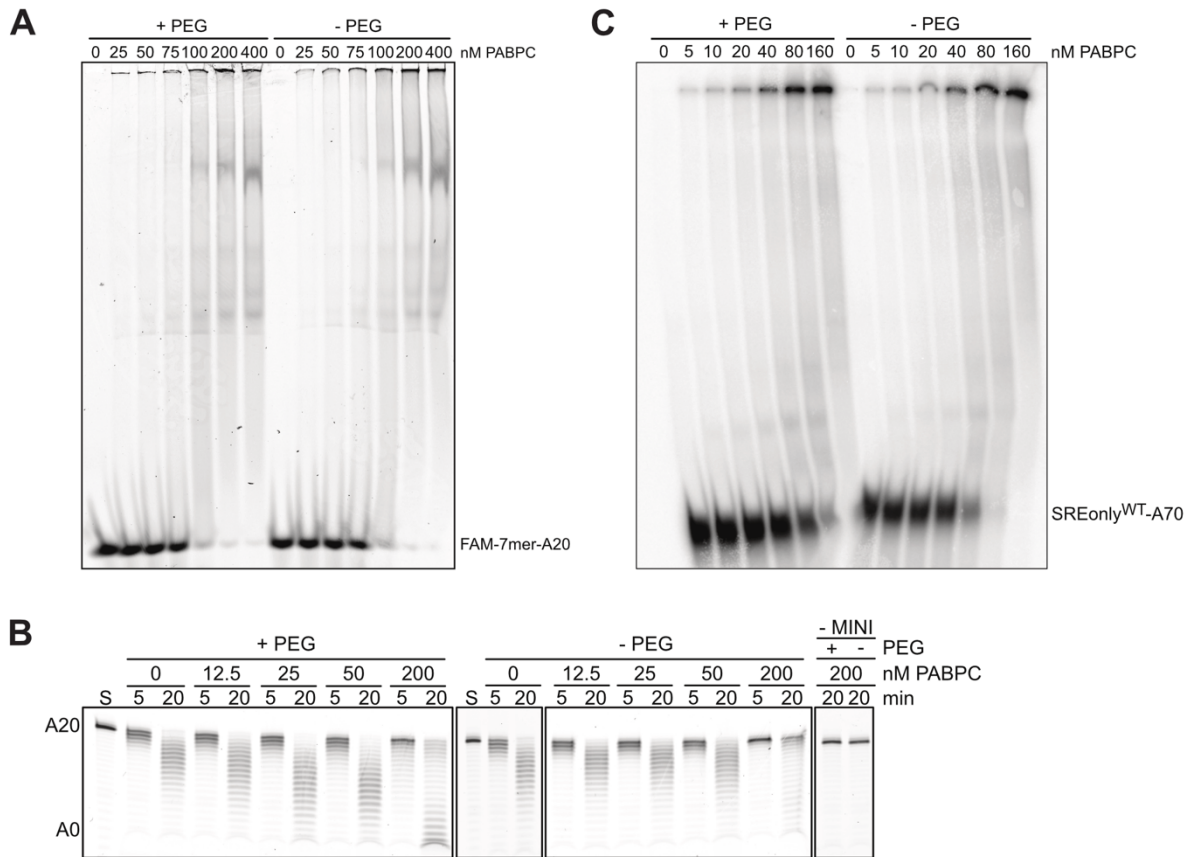
(C) ^{Dm}CCR4-NOT_{FULL} and ^{Dm}CCR4-NOT_{MINI} behave similarly in Smaug- or Cup-dependent deadenylation. Reactions contained 20 nM SRE^{WT}-A₇₀ RNA, 1 nM of the CCR4-NOT complex indicated and 80 nM Smaug or Cup where indicated. Aliquots were withdrawn and analyzed at the time points indicated. S, unreacted substrate.



Supplemental Figure 2. Smaug- and Cup-dependent deadenylation is enhanced by a crowding reagent

(A) Smaug-dependent deadenylation is stimulated by a crowding reagent. Deadenylation time courses were carried out with 10 nM SRE^{WT}-A₇₀ RNA, 80 nM Smaug and 2 nM D^mCCR4-NOT_{MINI} in the presence of different concentrations of PEG 20,000.

(B) Cup-dependent deadenylation is stimulated by a crowding reagent. Deadenylation time courses were carried out as in (A) except that 80 nM Cup replaced Smaug.

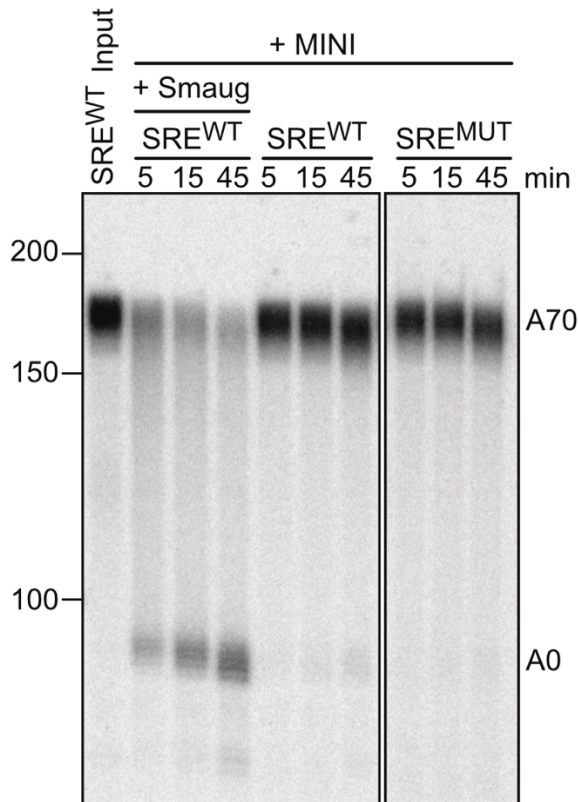


Supplemental Figure 3. PABPC modestly stimulates deadenylation

(A) Binding of PABPC to the FAM-7mer-A₂₀ RNA. Indicated concentrations of PABPC were incubated with 25 nM FAM 7mer-A₂₀ RNA at 25 °C for 20 minutes in the presence or absence of PEG. Then, RNA-protein complexes were separated by electrophoresis on a nondenaturing polyacrylamide gel run at 200 V and room temperature.

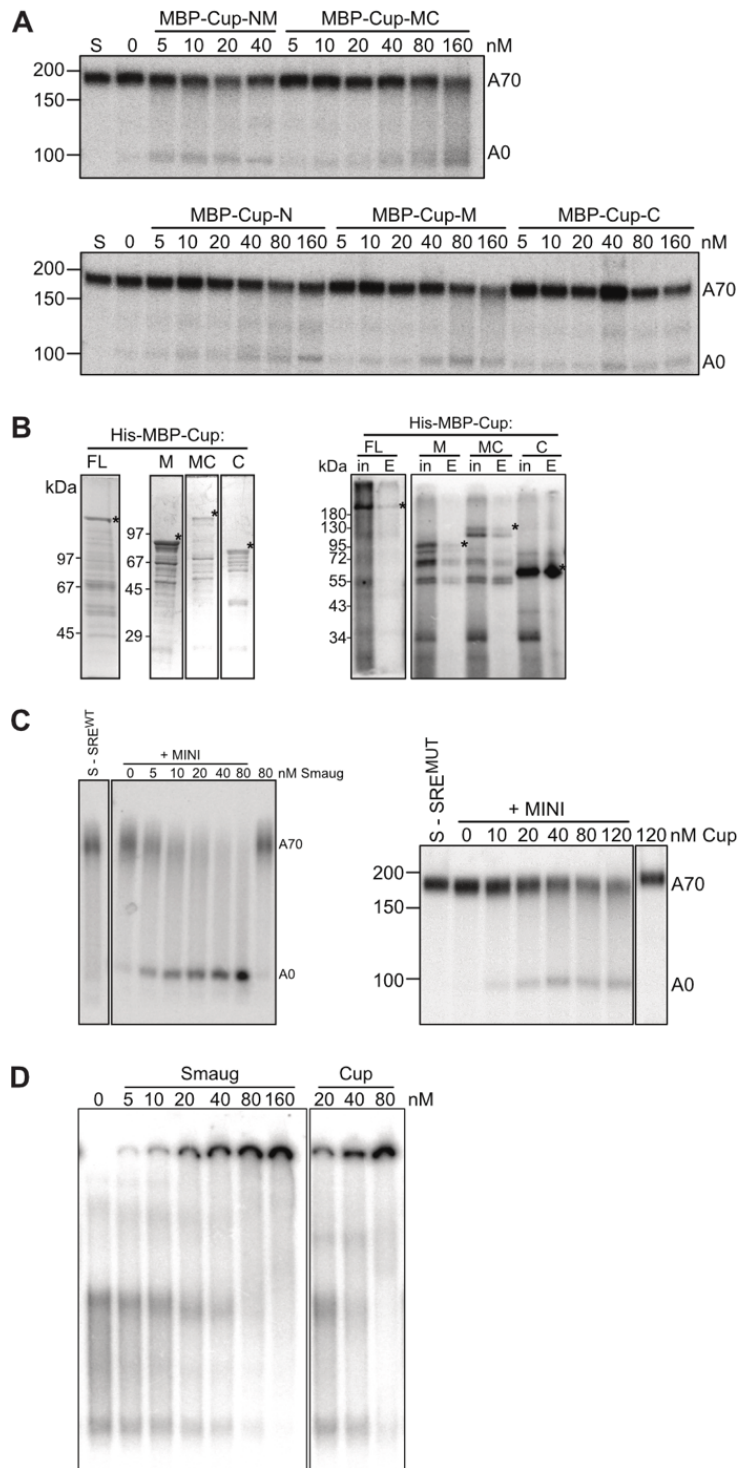
(B) PABPC stimulates deadenylation of FAM 7mer. FAM 7mer-A₂₀ RNA (25 nM) was incubated with the indicated concentrations of PABPC in the presence or absence of PEG. In these assays, tRNA was present as in the binding assay (**panel A**). The deadenylation reaction was started with ^{Dm}CCR4-NOT_{MINI} (1 nM) and was allowed to proceed for 5 or 20 min as indicated.

(C) Binding of PABPC to SRE^{WT}only-A₇₀ RNA. SRE^{WT}only-A₇₀ RNA (5 nM) were incubated with the indicated concentrations of PABPC in the presence or absence of PEG, and RNA-protein complexes were analyzed as in (**A**). With an A₇₀ tail and one molecule of PABPC covering ~27 nt, saturation of the substrate RNA would have been expected at ~15 nM PABPC.



Supplemental Figure 4. Smaug-independent deadenylation of a long substrate RNA is distributive

20 nM SRE^{WT}only-A₇₀ RNA was preincubated for 20 min with 80 nM Smaug or buffer. SRE^{MUT}only-A₇₀ RNA was preincubated with buffer. Deadenylation was then initiated by the addition of 5 nM ^{Dm}CCR4-NOT_{MINI}, and aliquots were withdrawn at the time points indicated. Co-existence of full-length RNA and completely deadenylated product in the Smaug-containing reaction confirms processive activity, as in **Fig. 6B**. In the absence of Smaug, modest shortening of the entire population of substrate RNA, mostly visible at the latest time point, indicates weak, distributive activity. In this reaction, very small amounts of completely deadenylated product are also visible. These are no longer present when an SRE^{MUT} substrate is used, suggesting the possibility that the CCR4-NOT preparation is contaminated by small amounts of a Smaug-like protein.



Supplemental Figure 5. Cup contributes to deadenylation

(A) The ability of Cup to stimulate deadenylation is distributed over the protein. 5 nM ^{32}P -SRE^{MUT} only-A₇₀ RNA was preincubated in the presence of varying concentrations of different Cup fragments or in their absence, as indicated. Deadenylation was started by the addition of 1 nM D^mCCR4-NOT_{MINI}. Reactions were allowed to proceed for 30 min. Controls in a separate experiment showed that the Cup fragments were devoid of nuclease activity, i. e. deadenylation was CNOT-dependent.

Supplemental Figure 5 (continued). Cup contributes to deadenylation

(B) Fragments of Cup can be UV cross-linked to RNA. Left panel, Coomassie-stained SDS-polyacrylamide gel lanes showing His-MBP-tagged Cup and Cup fragments. Bands corresponding to the desired proteins are marked. Right panel: Proteins shown in the left panel were UV-cross-linked to RNA (in, input fraction; 30 % of total reaction). 70% of each reaction were incubated with Ni-NTA matrix in the presence of 6M urea and 0.05 % NP-40, and bound protein-RNA complexes were eluted (E, eluate). Input and eluate were analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and autoradiography. Bands corresponding to the proteins of interest are labeled. (C) Titration of Smaug (left panel) and Cup (right panel) in deadenylation. 20 nM SRE_{only-A70} RNA, wild-type or mutant as indicated, was preincubated for 30 min with the indicated concentrations of Cup or Smaug, respectively, then deadenylation was started by the addition of 2 nM ^{Dm}CCR4-NOT_{MINI} and stopped after 40 min. PEG was present in the Smaug titration, but not in the Cup titration.

(D) Titration of Smaug and Cup in RNA binding. 10 nM SRE^{WT}_{only-A70} RNA was incubated at 25 °C for 20 minutes with the indicated concentrations of Smaug or Cup in the absence of PEG. Then, RNA-protein complexes were separated by electrophoresis on a non-denaturing polyacrylamide gel. Retarded RNA-protein complexes were stuck in the wells.

Supplemental Table 1. Sequences of synthetic oligonucleotides

Capital letters indicate the start of the corresponding gene. Point mutations are indicated with bold letters.

Gene etc.	Forward sequence (5'-3')	Reverse sequence (5'-3')	Plasmid
NOT1 PC	gctctagaATGGCTAGTAACG TAGAGAGCCAACCTG	TGGCTAATAGCACGCGCT ATC	pFBDM-His-NOT2_NOT1(Full)
NOT1 PE	gctctagaATGGCTAGTGACA CATCTTGATTAATC	TGGCTAATAGCACGCGCT ATC	pFBDM-His-NOT2_NOT1(PE)
NOT1 MINI	ggactagatgcatcatcaccatcacc atcaccatGTGACTGTGCCAC CAGAG	cccaagcttTCAGTTGATGGT GGCTAC	pET28a-MBP-His8-NOT1(MINI)
			pFBDM-His8-NOT2_His8- NOT1(MINI)
NOT2	tccccgggatgcatcatcaccatcac catcaccatATGGCGAATTTA AATTTTC	gggggtaccTTATACAGACTGT CCATTC	pFBDM-His8-NOT2_His8- NOT1(MINI)
NOT3	tccccgggatgcatcatcaccatcac catcaccatATGGCTGCGACG AGAAAATTG	gggggtaccTCAATTCAGCTCC TTGTC	pFBDM-CAF40-FLAG_His8- NOT3
Caf40	ggaattcATGAGTGCTCAAC CGAGTC	cccaagcttctactatcgctgcatcct tgtaatcGGAGCCCAGTGGC GACATG	pFBDM-CAF40-FLAG_His8- NOT3
CAF1	gcgcggatccatgtctcatcatcatcat catcatcaccacATCAAATGGA CAATGCC	gctctagaTCATGAAGCGCTG TTCGTC	pFBDM-CCR4-FLAG_His8- CAF1
CCR4	ggatctcgagATGAAAGGCAA TCATTATAAA	tcccggtacctaataccttgcctgctg tcctttagtcGGCCCGGCGAT TGATCAGC	pFBDM-CCR4-FLAG_His8- CAF1
CAF1 (MUT)	CACTATGTGGCCATGG c C ACCG c GTTTCCAGGCGTG GTAG	CTACCACGCCTGGAAAC g CGGT g CCATGGCCACAT AGTG	pFBDM-CCR4-FLAG_His8- CAF1(MUT)
			pFBDM-CCR4- FLAG(MUT)_His8-CAF1(MUT)
CCR4 (MUT)	GCTGCTGCTGTGCGGT g C CTTC g CCTCGCTACCCGAT TCAG	CTGAATCGGGTAGCGAG g c GAAG g CACCGCACAGCA GCAGC	pFBDM-CCR4- FLAG(MUT)_His8-CAF1
			pFBDM-CCR4- FLAG(MUT)_His8-CAF1(MUT)
Smaug	ctagctagcATGAAGTACGCA ACTGGAAC	ataagaatcgggccgcctattatcatc atcatcttataatcGAATAGCGT AAAATGTTG	pFBDM-Smaug-FLAG
Cup	tccccgggctttatttcagggc	ccgctcgagtactatcgctgcatcct tgtaatcATGAAACTCATCCC CGC	pFBDM-Cup-FLAG
Tral	cggaattcATGAGCGGGGGA TTACCG	atagccatggtcagtggtgatgatgat gatgatgatTTGTGAAACTGC CGCCAC	pFBDM-Tral-His8

PABPC	cgcgatccatgcatcatcatcatcatcatcaccacATGGCTTCTCTATACGTC	ccgctcgagTTAGTTGGCGG GCTCGGTG	pET28a-PABPC
Belle	tgcagtctcgagatgcatcatcatcatcatcaccacAGTAATGCTATTAACC	gtcgacaagctTCATTGAGCC CACCA	pFastBac1-His8-Belle
CupNM	ccgctcgagATGCAAATGGCC GAAGC	cgcttaggTTATCGACGCCAT TTG	pnEK-His8-MBP-CupNM
CupMC	ccgctcgagGACGAGTCCATC	ccgcttaggTTAATGAAACTC ATCC	pnEK-His8-MBP-CupMC
CupN	ccgctcgagATGCAAATGGCC GAAGC	cgcttaggTTAGTCACTGATT AGGTTC	pnEK-His8-MBP-CupN
CupM	ccgctcgagGACGAGTCCATC	cgcttaggTTATCGACGCCAT TTG	pnEK-His8-MBP-CupM
CupC	ccgctcgagCGAAACTCACTG AAC	ccgcttaggTTAATGAAACTC ATCC	pnEK-His8-MBP-CupC
SmaugNM	cgggatccATGAAGTACGCA ACTGGAAC	tccccgggTTAAATATTGGC CCGTTCTTC	pET28a-SmaugNM
SmaugMC	cgggatccTGCCCCGCAAGC GGCAG	tccccgggTTAGAATAGCGT AAAATGTTG	pGEX6p1-SmaugMC
SmaugN	cgggatccATGAAGTACGCA ACTGGAAC	tccccgggTTACAACGAGGA TGAGGCCAC	pGEX6p1-SmaugN
SmaugM	atatggtctcatggtAATTATATTA AGTTCCACACGCGC	tatctcgagttaATTATTCAGCG ACCGGC	pET-SUMOadapt-SmaugM
SmaugC	cggaattcCTTAACCGGGTAG AACAAAG	tccccgggTTAGAATAGCGT AAAATGTTG	pGEX6p1-SmaugC
His-tag	catgggcagcagccatcatcaccatc accatcaccattc	catggaatggtgatggtgatggtgatg atggctgctgcc	pnEK-His8-MBP
2xBoxB	gatccGGGCCCTGAAGAAG GGCCCATATAGGGCCCTG AAGAAGGGCCCt (BamHI fragment)	ctagaGGGCCCTTCTTCAG GGCCCTATATGGGCCCTT CTTCAGGGCCCg (XbaI fragment)	pBSK-nLuc-2xBoxB
BRE ^{WT}	ggaagatctGAATTCGCTTAG TTTTAATATG	gctctagaggatccTAAATCTA ACATAGAAC	pBSK-nLuc-BRE ^{WT}
BRE ^{MUT} EcoRI	AATTCGCTTAGTTTAAT ta GTTTT ta AT tg AG at TGTTCT CTGTCTTTGTT at TTTT Ag AT t TTCGTGCACTT (EcoRI fragment1)	AA a AT c TAA aa TA aa CA aa GA CAGAGA AA CA at CT ca AT ta A AA CTa ATTA aa ACT aa GC G (EcoRI fragment2)	pBSK-nLuc-BRE ^{MUT}
BRE ^{MUT} Ba mHI	GTCCTAGTCCATTATT t Ag ATTATT t GgGTTTT G g t TT CT ta GTTAGATT TA AG (BamHI fragment1)	GATCCTTAAATCTAA CTa A GAA ac CA aa AC c CA aa ATA AT c TA aa AATAATGGACTAG GACAAGTGCACG (BamHI fragment2)	

Supplemental Table 2. ReLo and Y2H DNA constructs used in this study.

All bait and prey sequences were from *Drosophila melanogaster*.

The split-ubiquitin Y2H cloning vectors pDHB1-MJ (JK16) and pPR3-N-MJ (JK18) were generated by introducing the blunt end restriction sites Eco47III and SmaI into the multiple cloning sites of pDHB1 and pPR3-N (Jeske et al., 2015), respectively. The plasmids pAc5.1-EGFP (T5-MJ), pAc5.1-mCherry (T7-MJ), pAc5.1-PH-mCherry-CAF1 (HK96), pAc5.1-PH-mCherry-CAF40 (HK97), pAc5.1-PH-mCherry-NOT2 (HK99), pAc5.1-PH-mCherry-NOT3 (HK100), pAc5.1-CCR4-mCherry-PH (EB7), and pAc5.1-NOT1-mCherry-PH (EB5) have been described previously (Salgania et al., 2022). Generation of the DNA constructs listed in the table was performed according to the cloning strategy described previously (Salgania et al., 2022).

Vector (insertion site) (code)	Final DNA construct	DNA template information	Code
pAc5.1-EGFP (EcoRV) (T5-MJ)	pAc5.1-EGFP- Smaug	<i>smaug</i> cDNA	F31-MJ
pAc5.1-mCherry (EcoRV) (T7-MJ)	pAc5.1-mCherry- Smaug	<i>smaug</i> cDNA	H28-MJ
pAc5.1-PH-mEGFP (FspAI) (JM50)	pAc5.1-PH-mEGFP- NOT3 1-241	pFL-Flag-NOT3	JM69
	pAc5.1-PH-mEGFP- NOT3 242-686	pFL-Flag-NOT3	JM70
	pAc5.1-PH-mEGFP- NOT3 687-844	pFL-Flag-NOT3	JM71
pDHB1-MJ (Eco47III) (JK16)	pDHB1-MJ- Smaug	<i>smaug</i> cDNA	JK46
pPR3-N-MJ (SmaI) (JK18)	pPR3-N-MJ- CAF1	pMTV5-Myc-CAF1 (Temme et al., 2010)	JK76
	pPR3-N-MJ- CAF40	pET19-CAF40	JK77
	pPR3-N-MJ- CCR4	pMTV5-Myc-CCR4	JK78
	pPR3-N-MJ- NOT2	pSPL_Strep_NOT1_NOT2	JK88
	pPR3-N-MJ- NOT3	pFL-Flag-NOT3	JK89
	pPR3-N-MJ- NOT1 1-751	pSPL_Strep_NOT1_NOT2	JK84
	pPR3-N-MJ- NOT1 752-910	pSPL_Strep_NOT1_NOT2	FH16
	pPR3-N-MJ- NOT1 911-1092	pSPL_Strep_NOT1_NOT2	FH13
	pPR3-N-MJ- NOT1 1093-1687	pSPL_Strep_NOT1_NOT2	JK86
	pPR3-N-MJ- NOT1 1688-1964	pSPL_Strep_NOT1_NOT2	FH4
	pPR3-N-MJ- NOT1 1965-2480	pSPL_Strep_NOT1_NOT2	JK87
	pPR3-N-MJ- NOT3 1-241	pFL-Flag-NOT3	MS5
	pPR3-N-MJ- NOT3 242-686	pFL-Flag-NOT3	MS9
pPR3-N-MJ- NOT3 687-844	pFL-Flag-NOT3	MS13	

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