

Neanderthal Introgression Shaped Human Circadian Traits

Keila Velazquez-Arcelay¹, Laura L. Colbran², Evonne McArthur³, Colin Brand^{4,5}, Justin Siemann¹, Douglas McMahon¹, and John A. Capra^{4,5*}

¹ Department of Biological Sciences, Vanderbilt University

² Department of Genetics, Perelman School of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania

³ Vanderbilt University School of Medicine

⁴ Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics, University of California, San Francisco

⁵ Bakar Computational Health Sciences Institute, University of California, San Francisco

* Corresponding author: tony@capralab.org

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES



Figure S1. GO terms associated with the 246 circadian genes. Generated by ShinyGO, <http://bioinformatics.sdstate.edu/go75/>. The strong enrichment for circadian terms supports their relevance, but we note that GO annotations were used to select some of these genes, so this should not be viewed as independent.

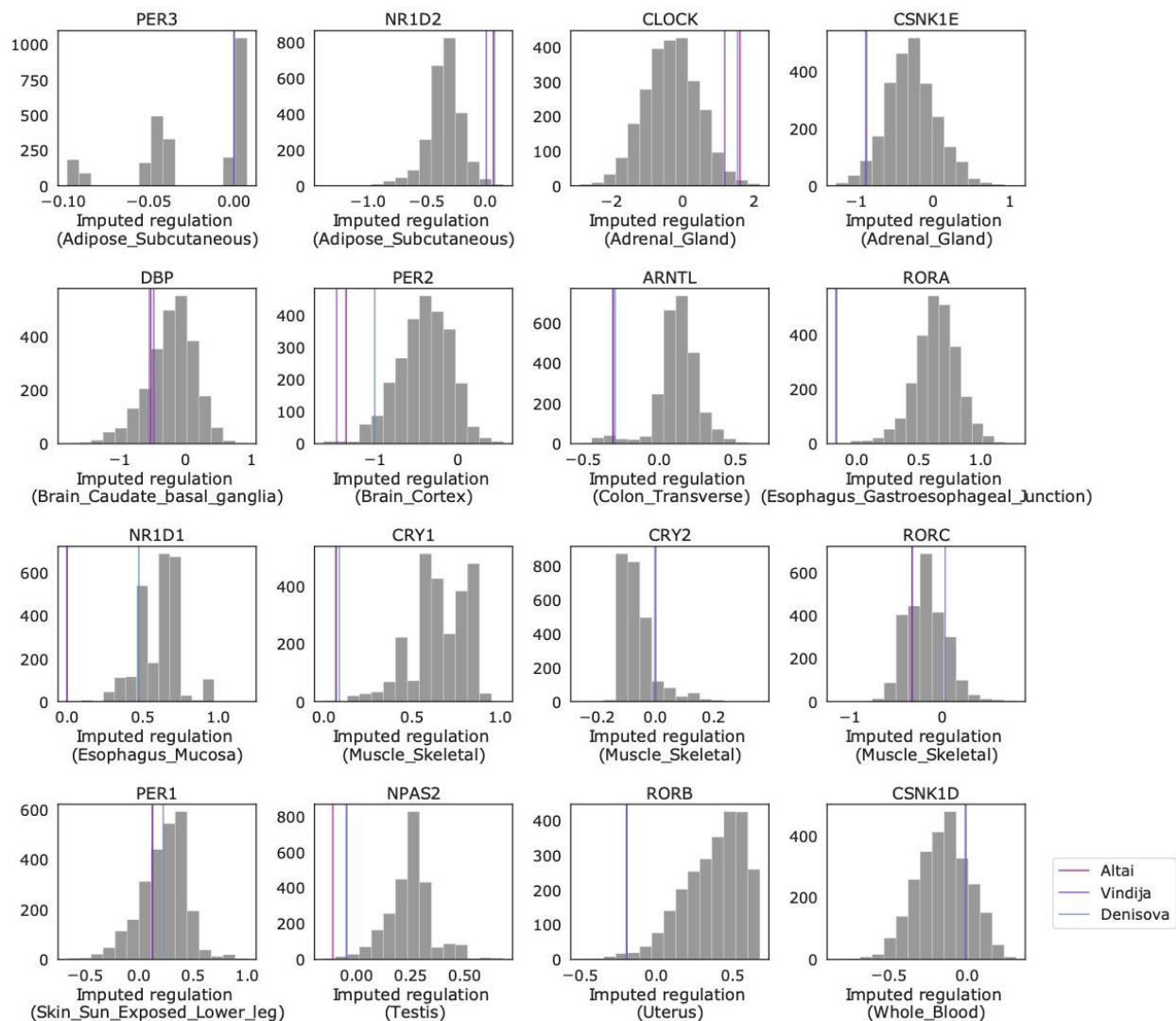


Figure S2. Comparison of imputed regulation for core circadian genes between modern humans and archaic hominins. Comparison of the imputed regulation of core circadian genes between 2504 humans in 1000 Genomes Phase 3 (gray bars) and three archaic individuals (vertical lines). For each core circadian gene, the tissue with the lowest average P-value for archaic difference from humans is plotted. Archaic gene regulation is at the extremes of the human distribution for several core genes: *CRY1*, *PER2*, *NPAS2*, *NR1D2*, *RORA*.

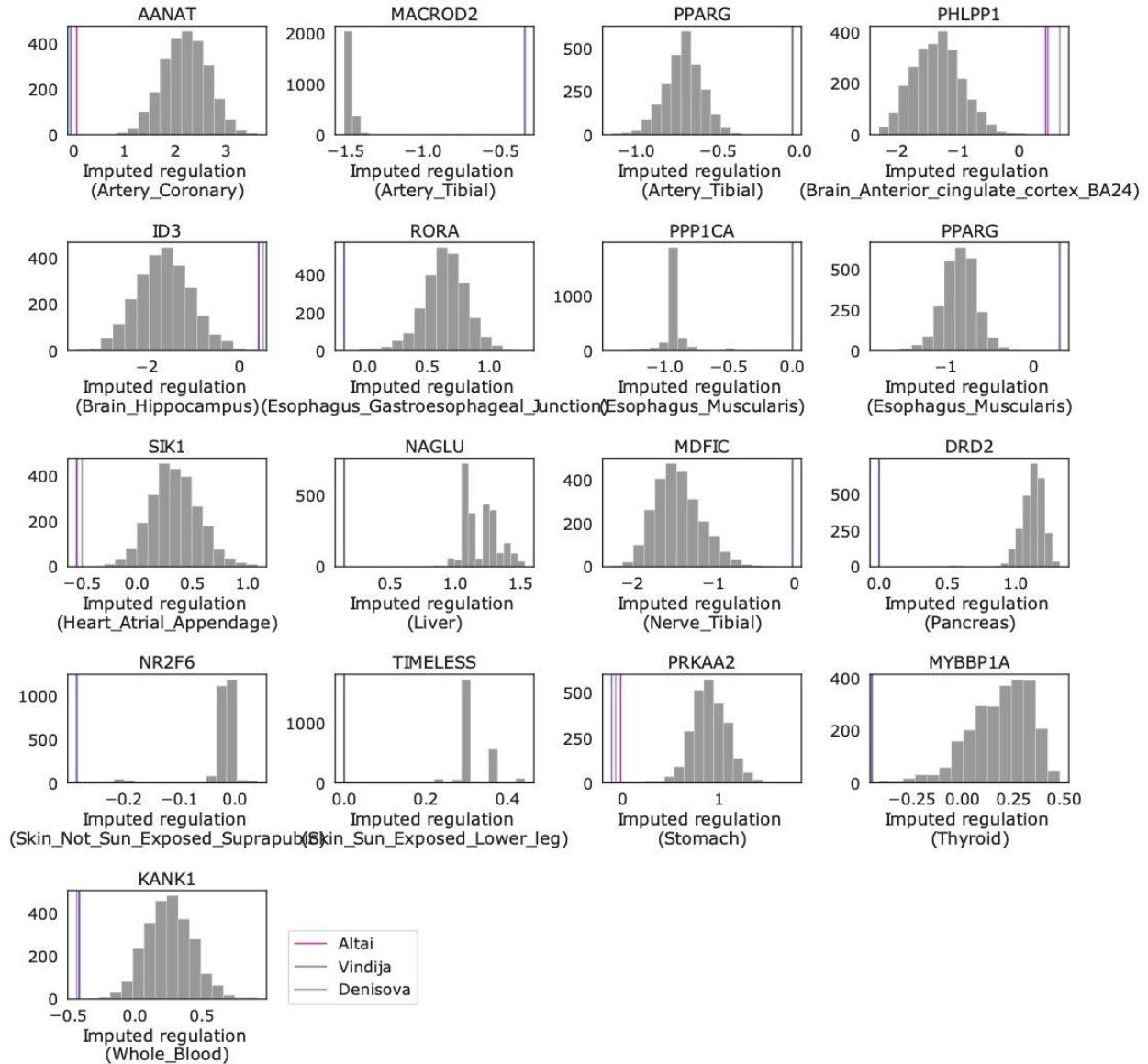


Figure S3. Distributions of gene regulation predictions in all divergently regulated circadian genes. Divergent regulation indicates that the archaic individuals (colored lines) each had imputed regulation more extreme than all 2504 modern humans from the 1000 Genomes Project (gray bars). For each gene, the tissue with largest average archaic difference from humans is plotted.

A

	Circadian	Not Circadian
GWAS	1,604	50,687
No GWAS	18,442	792,806

OR: 1.36
P: 5e-29

B

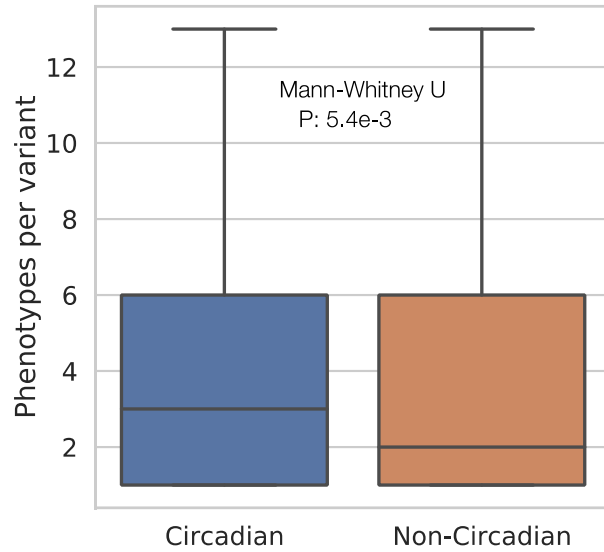


Figure S4. Pleiotropy in introgressed circadian variants. A) The relationship between GWAS associations and circadian introgressed variants versus non-circadian introgressed variants. The circadian set contains significantly more sites with at least one association than the non-circadian set (Fisher's exact: OR=1.36, P=5e-29). The GWAS associations were retrieved from Open Targets Genetics and were filtered by the genome-wide significance (P=5e-8). B) The distribution of phenotype associations per variant in the set of circadian and non-circadian introgressed variants. The circadian set shows significantly higher pleiotropy (Mann-Whitney U test: P=5.4e-3). Outliers (beyond 1.5 times the interquartile range) were removed for visualization; see Table S9.

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES

Table S1. List of circadian genes analyzed in this study and the sources of evidence reporting the gene's relevance in circadian cycles. See Supplementary Tables Excel file.

Table S2. Lineage specific variants inside circadian genes, in circadian promoter regions, and with regulatory function flanking circadian genes by 1Mb. See Supplementary Tables Excel file.

(cont'd)

Table S3. Genes containing variants predicted to be splice-altering by the SpliceAI method in the Altai Neanderthal (A), Vindija Neanderthal (V), Chagyrskaya Neanderthal (C), and Denisova (D).

GeneID	GeneName	Description	Locus	A	C	D	V
ENSG00000153064	BANK1	B cell scaffold protein with ankyrin repeats 1	chr4_102911885	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000158941	CCAR2	cell cycle and apoptosis regulator 2	chr8_22472265	0	0	0	1
ENSG00000107736	CDH23	cadherin related 23	chr10_73298326	1	1	1	1
			chr10_73405409	1	1	0	1
			chr10_73466969	0	1	0	0
			chr10_73487652	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000134852	CLOCK	clock circadian regulator	chr4_56296172	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000105662	CRTC1	CREB regulated transcription coactivator 1	chr19_18867740	1	1	0	1
ENSG00000057593	F7	coagulation factor VII	chr13_113769975	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000161040	FBXL13	F-box and leucine rich repeat protein 13	chr7_102667940	1	1	0	1
ENSG00000119771	KLHL29	kelch like family member 29	chr2_23805847	1	1	0	1
ENSG00000205213	LGR4	leucine rich repeat containing G protein-coupled receptor 4	chr11_27443527	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000005810	MYCBP2	MYC binding protein 2	chr13_77853722	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000140396	NCOA2	nuclear receptor coactivator 2	chr8_71180317	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000141027	NCOR1	nuclear receptor corepressor 1	chr17_16040743	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000064300	NGFR	nerve growth factor receptor	chr17_47581270	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000204640	NMS	neuromedin S	chr2_101097107	1	0	0	0
ENSG00000132326	PER2	period circadian regulator 2	chr2_239187089	0	0	0	1
ENSG00000149177	PTPRJ	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type J	chr11_48009909	0	0	0	1
			chr11_48041749	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000173482	PTPRM	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	chr18_7666317	0	0	0	1
			chr18_7666418	0	1	0	0
ENSG00000152061	RABGAP1L	RAB GTPase activating protein 1 like	chr1_174606762	0	1	0	0
			chr1_174876469	1	0	0	0
ENSG00000173933, ENSG00000173914	RBM4, RBM4B	RNA binding motif protein 4, RNA binding motif protein 4B	chr11_66433175	1	1	0	1
ENSG00000141576	RNF157	ring finger protein 157	chr17_74152940	1	1	0	1
ENSG00000134318	ROCK2	Rho associated coiled-coil containing protein kinase 2	chr2_11370990	0	0	1	0
			chr2_11484478	0	0	0	1
ENSG00000198963	RORB	RAR related orphan receptor B	chr9_77113671	0	0	0	1
ENSG00000143365	RORC	RAR related orphan receptor C	chr1_151796494	1	1	0	1
ENSG00000103546	SLC6A2	solute carrier family 6 member 2	chr16_55707020	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000108576	SLC6A4	solute carrier family 6 member 4	chr17_28547727	1	1	0	1
ENSG00000072310	SREBF1	sterol regulatory element binding transcription factor 1	chr17_17719515	1	0	0	0
			chr17_17719517	1	0	0	0
ENSG00000141510	TP53	tumor protein p53	chr17_7578263	0	0	1	0
ENSG00000140836	ZFH3	zinc finger homeobox 3	chr16_72966622	0	1	0	1

Table S4. Genes predicted to be divergently regulated (DR) in the archaics from Altai (A), Vindija (V), and Denisova (D) by the PrediXcan method.

GeneID	GeneName	Description	GTEx Tissue	A	V	D
ENSG00000129673	AANAT	aralkylamine N-acetyltransferase	Artery_Coronary	1	1	1
ENSG00000174080	CTSF	cathepsin F	Adipose_Visceral_Omentum	1	0	1
			Brain_Cerebellar_Hemisphere	1	0	1
ENSG00000149295	DRD2	dopamine receptor D2	Pancreas	1	1	1
ENSG00000107485	GATA3	GATA binding protein 3	Skin_Sun_Exposed_Lower_leg	0	1	0
ENSG00000115738	ID2	inhibitor of DNA binding 2	Skin_Not_Sun_Exposed_Suprapubic	1	0	0
ENSG00000117318	ID3	inhibitor of DNA binding 3, HLH protein	Brain_Hippocampus	1	1	1
ENSG00000143772	ITPKB	inositol-trisphosphate 3-kinase B	Esophagus_Mucosa	1	0	0
ENSG00000107104	KANK1	KN motif and ankyrin repeat domains 1	Whole_Blood	1	1	1
ENSG00000172264	MACROD2	mono-ADP ribosylhydrolase 2	Artery_Tibial	1	1	1
ENSG00000135272	MDFIC	MyoD family inhibitor domain containing	Nerve_Tibial	1	1	1
ENSG00000132382	MYBBP1A	MYB binding protein 1a	Muscle_Skeletal	1	0	1
			Thyroid	1	1	1
ENSG00000108784	NAGLU	N-acetyl-alpha-glucosaminidase	Liver	1	1	1
ENSG00000126368	NR1D1	nuclear receptor subfamily 1 group D member 1	Adipose_Subcutaneous	0	1	0
			Esophagus_Mucosa	1	0	1
ENSG00000160113	NR2F6	nuclear receptor subfamily 2 group F member 6	Skin_Not_Sun_Exposed_Suprapubic	1	1	1
ENSG00000140538	NTRK3	neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 3	Adipose_Visceral_Omentum	1	0	1
ENSG00000081913	PHLPP1	PH domain and leucine rich repeat protein phosphatase 1	Brain_Anterior_cingulate_cortex_BA24	1	1	1
ENSG00000132170	PPARG	peroxisome proliferator activated receptor gamma	Esophagus_Muscularis	1	1	1
			Artery_Tibial	1	1	1
ENSG00000172531	PPP1CA	protein phosphatase 1 catalytic subunit alpha	Esophagus_Muscularis	1	1	1
ENSG00000162409	PRKAA2	protein kinase AMP-activated catalytic subunit alpha 2	Stomach	1	1	1
ENSG00000069667	RORA	RAR related orphan receptor A	Esophagus_Gastroesophageal_Junction	1	1	1
ENSG00000142178	SIK1	salt inducible kinase 1	Heart_Atrial_Appendage	1	1	1
ENSG00000111602	TIMELESS	timeless circadian regulator	Skin_Sun_Exposed_Lower_leg	1	1	1
ENSG00000141510	TP53	tumor protein p53	Brain_Nucleus_accumbens_basal_ganglia	1	0	1
ENSG00000140836	ZFX3	zinc finger homeobox 3	Cells_Cultured_fibroblasts	1	0	1
			Small_Intestine_Terminal_Ileum	0	1	1

Table S5. Introgressed variants (Browning et al. 2018) with evidence of being eQTL (GTEx) inside circadian genes, circadian promoter region, or with regulatory function flanking circadian genes by 1Mb. See Supplementary Tables Excel file.

Table S6. Enrichment analysis on the introgressed circadian variants with evidence of being eQTL in each GTEx tissue (Fisher's exact test).

Tissue	OR	P-value	Variants	log10(OR)	Bonferroni
Adipose_Subcutaneous	1.66152116	2.71E-52	1735	0.220505877	0.00102
Adipose_Visceral_Omentum	1.476860866	9.13E-28	1269	0.169339583	0.00102
Adrenal_Gland	1.702549549	1.63E-33	736	0.23109976	0.00102
Artery_Aorta	1.416931434	1.48E-21	1164	0.151348835	0.00102
Artery_Coronary	1.173064989	1.72E-03	469	0.069322073	<=0.05
Artery_Tibial	2.137431738	4.40E-117	1984	0.329892254	0.00102
Brain_Amygdala	1.563173117	9.38E-13	326	0.194007078	0.00102
Brain_Anterior_cingulate_cortex_BA24	1.367795929	4.51E-08	377	0.136021307	0.00102
Brain_Caudate_basal_ganglia	1.936875177	1.14E-52	798	0.287101633	0.00102
Brain_Cerebellar_Hemisphere	1.13396327	5.97E-03	603	0.054598988	<=0.05
Brain_Cerebellum	1.24382714	8.53E-08	827	0.094760029	0.00102
Brain_Cortex	1.787971179	8.41E-46	901	0.252360514	0.00102
Brain_Frontal_Cortex_BA9	1.465715751	6.62E-15	550	0.166049755	0.00102
Brain_Hippocampus	1.497305427	9.35E-14	441	0.175310399	0.00102
Brain_Hypothalamus	1.077370207	2.06E-01	331	0.032364961	>0.05
Brain_Nucleus_accumbens_basal_ganglia	1.048180951	3.56E-01	462	0.020436263	>0.05
Brain_Putamen_basal_ganglia	1.032429183	5.37E-01	410	0.013860272	>0.05
Brain_Spinal_cord_cervical_c-1	2.608684479	1.44E-75	563	0.416421554	0.00102
Brain_Substantia_nigra	0.436786642	1.14E-17	86	-0.359730652	0.00102
Breast_Mammary_Tissue	1.528807665	3.16E-29	1069	0.184352852	0.00102
Cells_Cultured_fibroblasts	1.647755942	1.91E-51	1820	0.216892886	0.00102
Cells_EBV-transformed_lymphocytes	0.531777911	6.51E-17	155	-0.274269707	0.00102
Colon_Sigmoid	1.330811081	3.46E-12	825	0.124116408	0.00102
Colon_Transverse	1.577020134	1.01E-33	1093	0.197837238	0.00102
Esophagus_Gastroesophageal_Junction	1.54633457	3.40E-31	1100	0.189303465	0.00102
Esophagus_Mucosa	1.010777799	7.61E-01	1146	0.004655695	>0.05
Esophagus_Muscularis	2.043355917	1.92E-100	1751	0.31034402	0.00102
Heart_Atrial_Appendage	2.231494768	5.88E-110	1361	0.348595873	0.00102
Heart_Left_Ventricle	1.593604706	3.49E-32	961	0.202380604	0.00102
Liver	1.350488287	1.54E-08	447	0.130490822	0.00102
Lung	2.335072493	2.13E-139	1765	0.368300368	0.00102
Minor_Salivary_Gland	1.571257565	4.34E-14	358	0.196247382	0.00102
Muscle_Skeletal	1.255375135	3.87E-11	1403	0.098773522	0.00102
Nerve_Tibial	0.90900835	5.29E-03	1357	-0.041432127	<=0.05
Ovary	2.225014847	2.48E-55	565	0.347332913	0.00102
Pancreas	1.433186205	4.62E-20	951	0.156302619	0.00102
Pituitary	0.879911135	5.73E-03	557	-0.055561187	<=0.05
Prostate	1.365834247	3.60E-11	592	0.135397998	0.00102
Skin_Not_Sun_Exposed_Suprapubic	1.326473329	2.59E-16	1405	0.122698522	0.00102
Skin_Sun_Exposed_Lower_leg	1.387255205	1.29E-22	1642	0.142156363	0.00102
Small_Intestine_Terminal_Ileum	1.165873368	4.21E-03	413	0.066651382	<=0.05
Spleen	0.685638014	4.39E-15	463	-0.163905111	0.00102
Stomach	1.289923197	3.51E-09	719	0.110563853	0.00102
Testis	1.772493272	5.46E-66	1755	0.248584595	0.00102
Thyroid	1.683584451	9.27E-57	2010	0.226234906	0.00102
Uterus	1.145211042	5.54E-02	227	0.058885527	>0.05
Vagina	1.106729697	1.53E-01	223	0.044041564	>0.05
Whole_Blood	1.603439669	1.03E-43	1546	0.205052624	0.00102

Table S7. Introgressed non-circadian variants (Browning et al. 2018) associated with the Morning/evening person UK Biobank phenotype. See Supplementary Tables Excel file.

Table S8. Introgressed circadian variants (Browning et al. 2018) associated with the Morning/evening person UK Biobank phenotype. See Supplementary Tables Excel file.

Table S9. Trait associations for introgressed circadian variants from the Open Targets Genetics (<https://genetics.opentargets.org>) database, which combines GWAS data from the GWAS Catalog, UK Biobank, and several other sources. See Supplementary Tables Excel file.

Table S10. Introgressed SNPs (Browning et al. 2018) associated with at least 1 phenotype in the Open Targets database. See Supplementary Tables Excel file.

Table S11. Circadian variants located in regions predicted to be under adaptive introgression by two methods: genomatnn and MaLAdapt. See Supplementary Tables Excel file.