Transgenerational developmental effects of immune priming in the red flour beetle Tribolium castaneum

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Supplemetary information

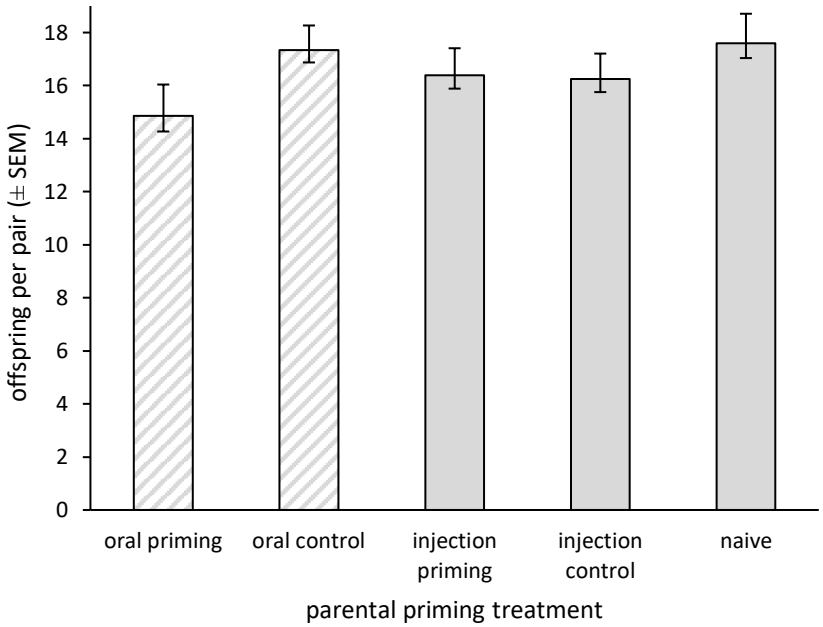

Figure S1 Fecundity after oral and injection priming of larvae. Total live offspring from two consecutive 24 h ovipositions (n=57-66 mating pairs)

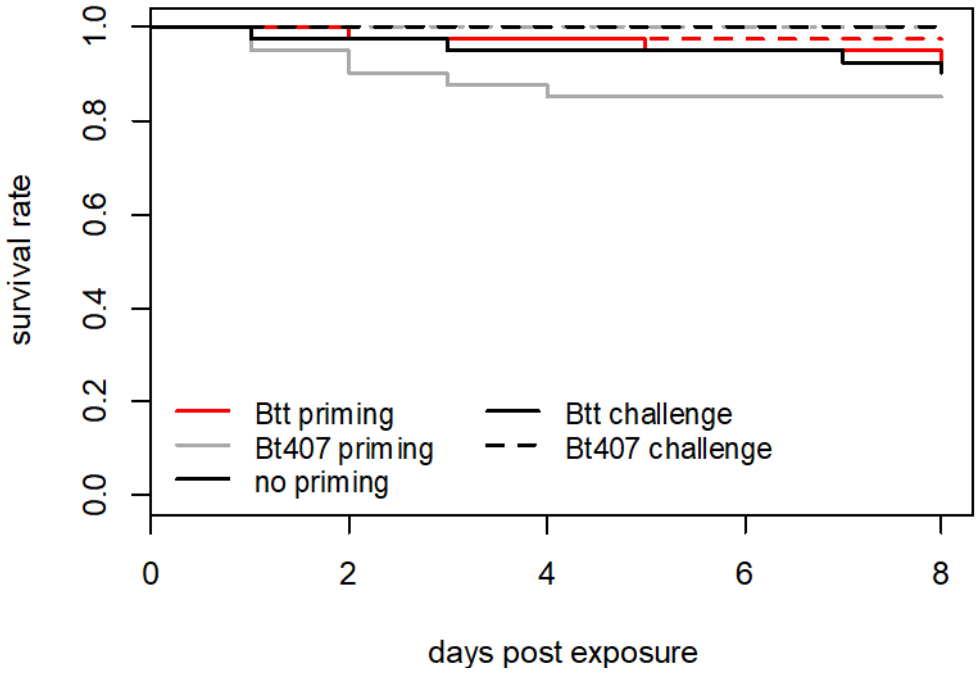

Figure S2 Survival after oral challenge after priming within generation (n=40)

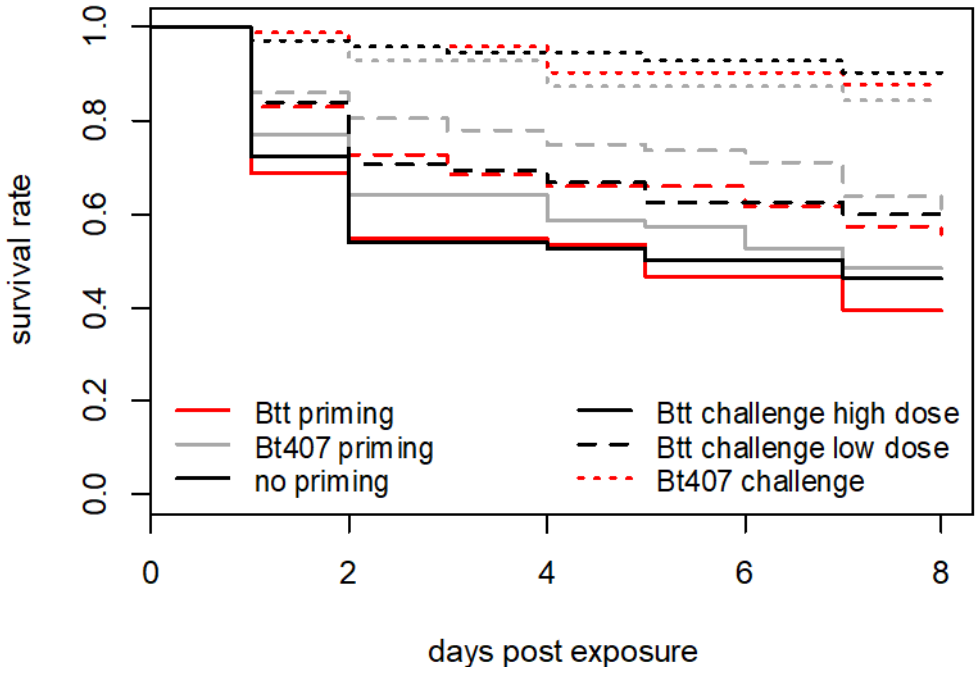

Figure S3 Survival after oral challenge of the offspring generation after parental oral priming (n=71-76). Two concentrations of *Btt* spores were used (low=5*10^9, high=1*10^10)

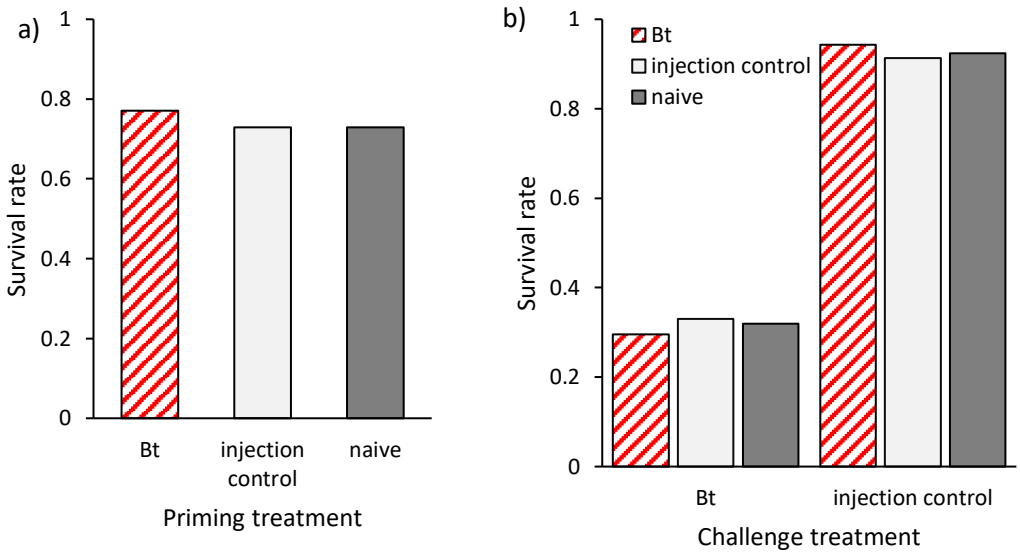

Figure S4 Survival after injection challenge a) Larvae from the parental generation were injected with live *Bt* (n=48) b) Larvae of the offspring generation after parental injection priming were either injected with live *Bt* or PBS as a control (n=96).