

Niche separation increases with genetic distance among bloom-forming cyanobacteria

Authors

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SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES AND TABLES

Table S1. Significant relationships between MED nodes and environmental variables

Predictor	Node #	R2-adj	p-value	Degree	Genera
PP	D2282	0.13	0.0008	linear	Dolicho
	D5630	0.12	0.0013	linear	Dolicho
	M5733	0.05	0.0558	non-linear	Micro
	M5736	0.06	0.0200	linear	Micro
PN	D2282	0.05	0.0322	linear	Dolicho
	D5630	0.09	0.0046	linear	Dolicho
	M5733	0.05	0.0303	linear	Micro
	M5736	0.06	0.0167	linear	Micro
DP	M5732	0.04	0.0429	linear	Micro
	M5734	0.04	0.0461	linear	Micro
	M5738	0.05	0.0280	linear	Micro
DN	D2424	0.16	0.0002	linear	Dolicho
	D5630	0.05	0.0342	linear	Dolicho
	M5732	0.06	0.0248	linear	Micro
	M5734	0.06	0.0184	linear	Micro
Precip	D2282	0.10	0.0029	linear	Dolicho
	D5630	0.10	0.0034	linear	Dolicho
Temp	M5734	0.07	0.0124	linear	Micro
	M5738	0.09	0.0065	linear	Micro
MC	M5734	0.07	0.0271	non-linear	Micro

Table S2. Significant relationships between genera and environmental variables

Predictor	Node #	R2-adj	p-value	Degree
PP	Dolicho	0.15	0.0005	linear
PN	Dolicho	0.16	0.0009	non-linear
DP	Micro	0.06	0.0137	linear
DN	Dolicho	0.07	0.0241	linear

Table S3. Significant (bold font) and non-significant (grey font) correlations between fitted values from LVMs corresponding to the correlation-network in Figure S9.

Predictor	Node pair	r	gen dist
PP	2282-5630	-0.91	0.047
	2424-5630	-0.57	0.012
	5505-2282	-0.30	0.02
	5631-2282	-0.21	0.043
	2424-5505	0.21	0.016
	2424-5631	0.23	0.008
	5505-5630	0.65	0.028
	2424-2282	0.84	0.036
	5631-5505	0.80	0.024
	5631-5630	0.60	0.004
PN	2282-5630	-0.90	0.047
	2424-5505	-0.19	0.016
	2424-5630	-0.49	0.012
	5505-2282	-0.70	0.02
	5631-2282	-0.40	0.043
	2424-5631	0.07	0.008
	5505-5630	0.88	0.028
	2424-2282	0.71	0.036
	5631-5505	0.73	0.024
	5631-5630	0.70	0.004
DP	2282-5630	-0.68	0.047
	2424-5630	-0.06	0.012
	5505-5630	-0.17	0.028
	2424-2282	-0.13	0.036
	5505-2282	0.00	0.02
	5631-5630	-0.33	0.004
	2424-5505	0.68	0.016

	2424-5631	0.64	0.008
	5631-2282	0.17	0.043
	5631-5505	0.47	0.024
DN	2282-5630	-0.43	0.047
	2424-2282	-0.37	0.036
	5505-2282	-0.62	0.02
	2424-5505	0.83	0.016
	2424-5630	0.93	0.012
	2424-5631	0.70	0.008
	5505-5630	0.85	0.028
	5631-2282	0.19	0.043
	5631-5505	0.19	0.024
	5631-5630	0.57	0.004
Precip	2282-5630	-0.85	0.047
	2424-5631	-0.62	0.008
	2424-2282	-0.44	0.036
	5505-2282	-0.87	0.02
	5631-2282	-0.20	0.043
	5631-5630	-0.20	0.004
	2424-5505	0.38	0.016
	2424-5630	0.81	0.012
	5505-5630	0.77	0.028
	5631-5505	0.19	0.024
Temp	2282-5630	-0.33	0.047
	2424-5631	-0.04	0.008
	2424-2282	-0.34	0.036
	5505-2282	-0.15	0.02
	5631-5505	-0.09	0.024
	5631-5630	-0.12	0.004
	2424-5505	0.56	0.016
	2424-5630	0.74	0.012
	5505-5630	0.41	0.028
	5631-2282	0.02	0.043
MC	2282-5630	0.00	0.047
	2424-5630	-0.01	0.012
	5505-5630	-0.16	0.028
	2424-2282	-0.35	0.036
	5505-2282	-0.23	0.02
	5631-2282	-0.11	0.043
	5631-5630	-0.50	0.004
	2424-5505	0.79	0.016
	2424-5631	0.45	0.008
	5631-5505	0.51	0.024

Table S4. Significant ($p < 0.10$) relationships between LVM co-responses and genetic distance as shown in Figures 4 and S8.

Predictor	R2-adj	p-value	Degree	Genera
PP	0.69	0.0184	cubic	Dolicho
PN	0.63	0.0280	cubic	Dolicho
DN	0.25	0.0791	linear	Dolicho
MC	0.29	0.0231	linear	Micro

Table S5. Table of the taxa present in both *D* and *M* networks (Figure S9). In bold are represented taxa that are co-occurrent with both *D* and *M*.

Nodes	Taxonomy
2966	p_Bacteroidetes c_[Saprospirae] o_[Saprospirales] bacI bacI-A unclassified
3667	p_Bacteroidetes c_Cytophagia o_Cytophagales f_Cytophagaceae unclassified unclassified
5983	p_Bacteroidetes c_Cytophagia o_Cytophagales f_Cytophagaceae unclassified unclassified
5984	p_Bacteroidetes c_Cytophagia o_Cytophagales f_Cytophagaceae unclassified unclassified
6317	p_Bacteroidetes c_Flavobacteriia o_Flavobacteriales bacII bacII-A unclassified
6331	p_Bacteroidetes c_Sphingobacteriia o_Sphingobacteriales unclassified unclassified
4062	p_Chloroflexi c_SL56 unclassified unclassified unclassified unclassified
1059	p_Cyanobacteria c_Synechococcophycidae o_Pseudanabaenales f_Pseudanabaenaceae g_Pseudanabaena unclassified
1061	p_Cyanobacteria c_Synechococcophycidae o_Pseudanabaenales f_Pseudanabaenaceae g_Pseudanabaena unclassified
2392	p_Gemmatimonadetes c_Gemmatimonadetes o_Gemmatimonadales unclassified unclassified unclassified
4674	p_Proteobacteria c_Alphaproteobacteria o_Caulobacteriales f_Caulobacteraceae g_Phenylobacterium unclassified
4737	p_Proteobacteria c_Alphaproteobacteria o_Rhizobiales alfI alfI-A alfI-A1
3705	p_Proteobacteria c_Alphaproteobacteria o_Rhizobiales f_Xanthobacteraceae unclassified unclassified
3726	p_Proteobacteria c_Alphaproteobacteria o_Rhizobiales unclassified unclassified
5294	p_Proteobacteria c_Alphaproteobacteria o_Rhodospirillales alfVIII unclassified unclassified

5471	p_Proteobacteria c_Alphaproteobacteria o_Rhodospirillales alfVIII unclassified unclassified
7272	p_Proteobacteria c_Alphaproteobacteria o_Rhodospirillales alfVIII unclassified unclassified
7273	p_Proteobacteria c_Alphaproteobacteria o_Rhodospirillales alfVIII unclassified unclassified
7655	p_Proteobacteria c_Betaproteobacteria o_Burkholderiales betVII unclassified unclassified
5221	p_Proteobacteria c_Betaproteobacteria o_Burkholderiales f_Comamonadaceae g_Rubrivivax unclassified
4374	p_Proteobacteria c_Betaproteobacteria o_Burkholderiales f_Comamonadaceae unclassified unclassified
4756	p_Proteobacteria c_Betaproteobacteria o_undefined betV betV-A betV-A1
4757	p_Proteobacteria c_Betaproteobacteria o_undefined betV betV-A betV-A1
4377	p_Proteobacteria c_Betaproteobacteria unclassified unclassified unclassified unclassified
6996	p_Proteobacteria c_Betaproteobacteria unclassified unclassified unclassified unclassified
1286	p_Verrucomicrobia c_[Spartobacteria] o_[Chthoniobacterales] verI-A Xip-A1 unclassified

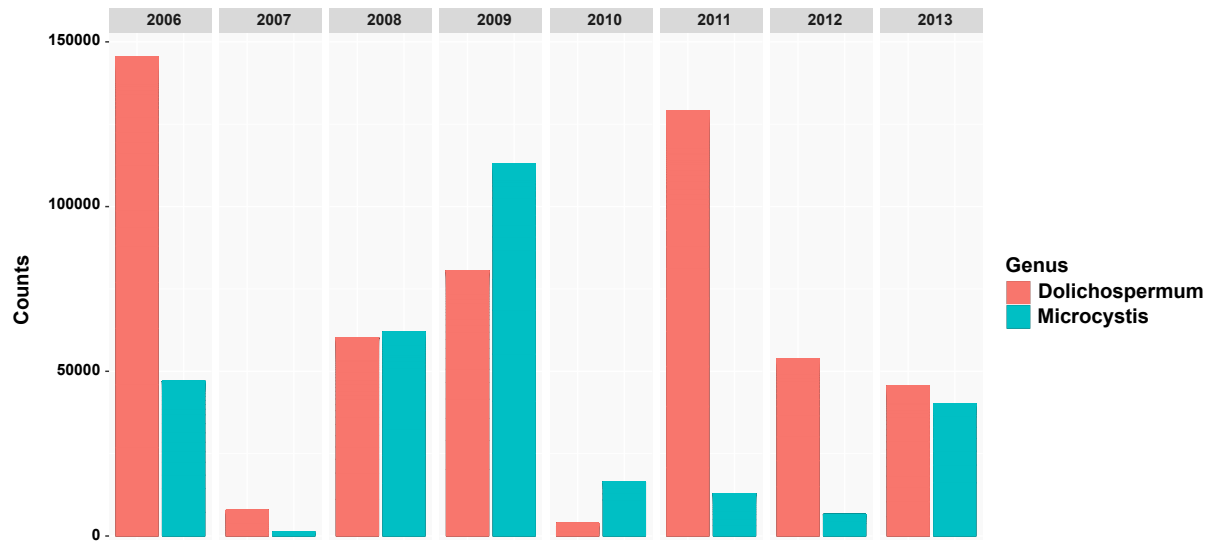


Figure S1

Figure S1. Barplot of the absolute abundance (counts of sequence reads) of *Dolichospermum* and *Microcystis* genera in Lake Champlain's Bay Missisquoi from 2006 to 2013.

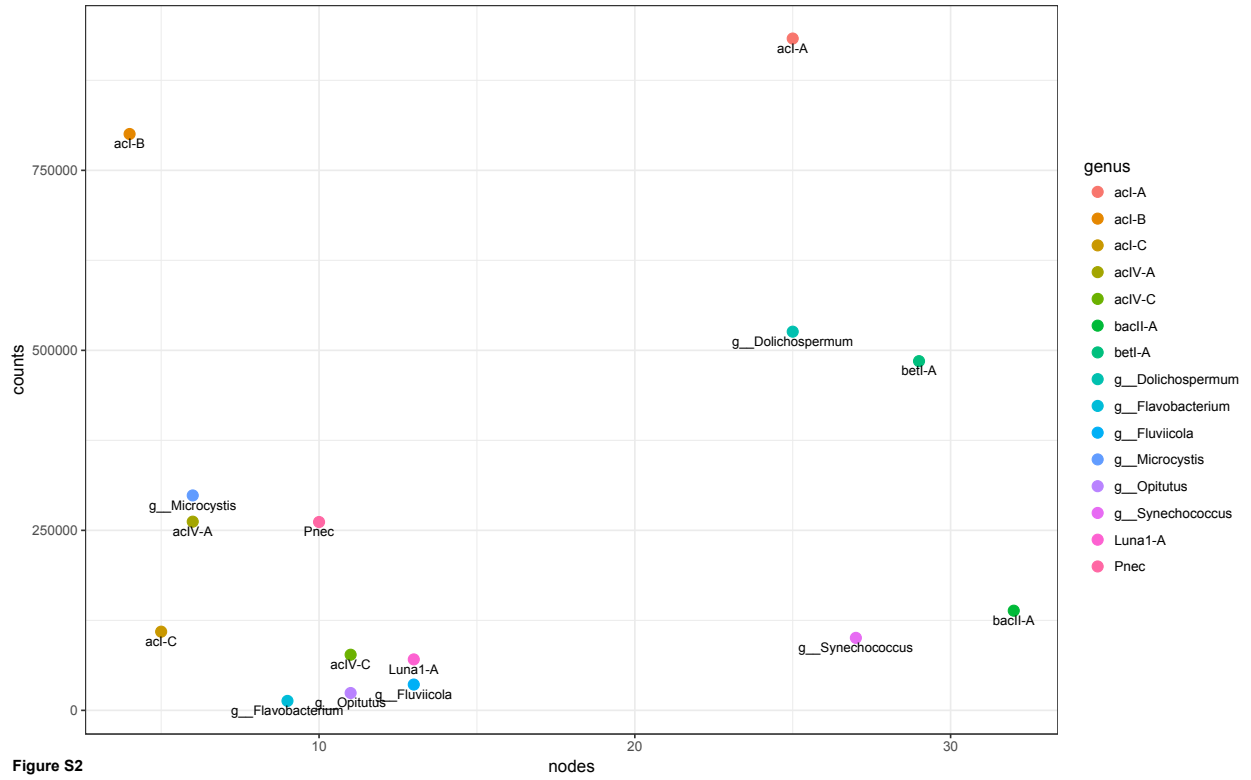


Figure S2. Scatterplot plot illustrating the lack of significant correlation between counts (number of sequence reads per genus) and the number of MED nodes per genus.

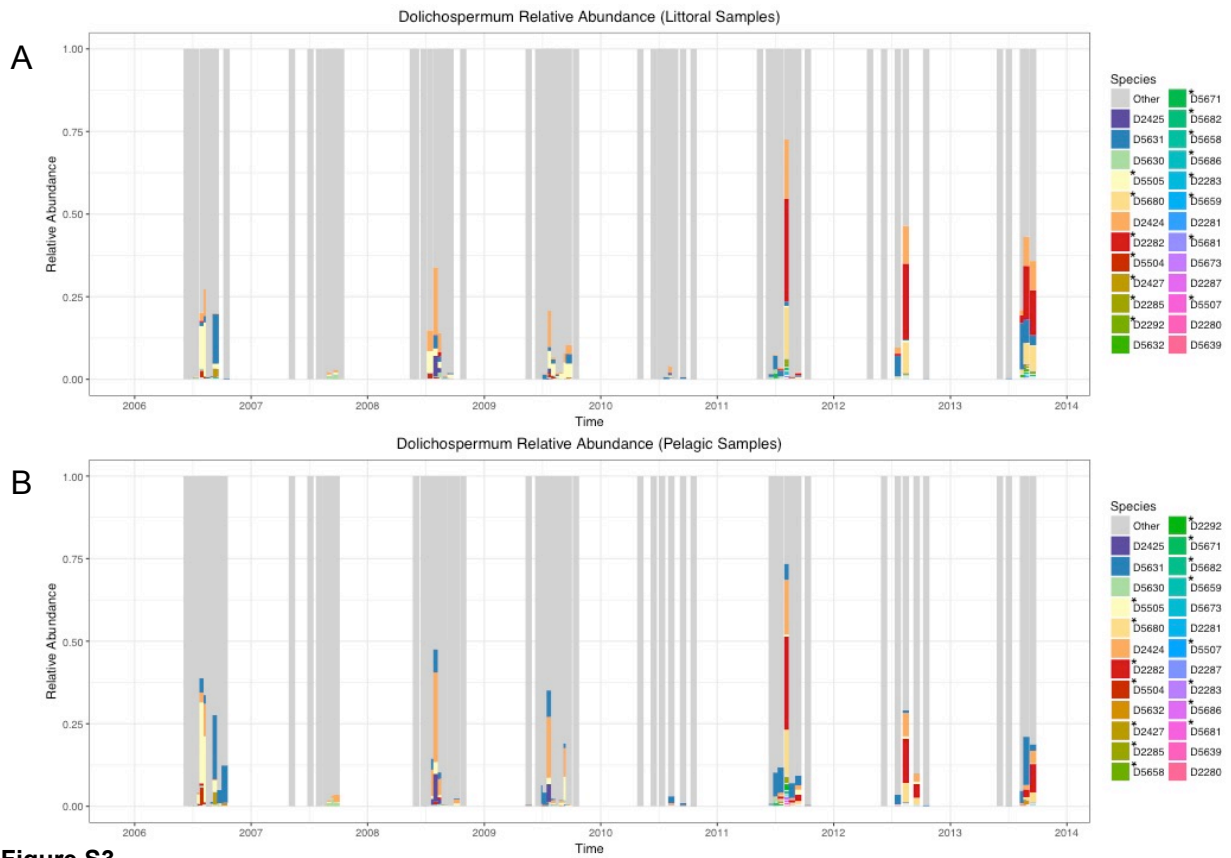


Figure S3

Figure S3. Relative abundance of the different *Dolichospermum* nodes (species) over time.

Conditionally rare nodes are highlighted with an asterisk (*).

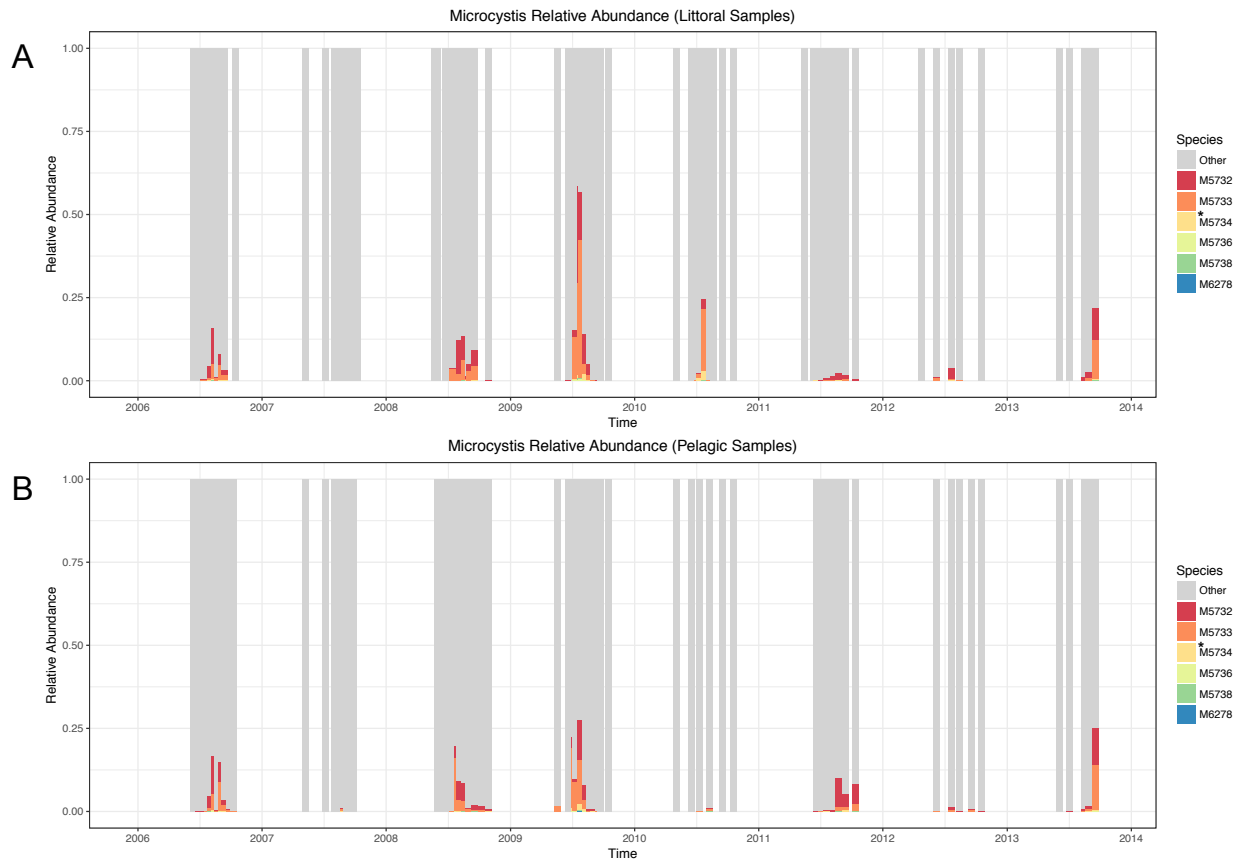


Figure S4

Figure S4. Relative abundance of the different *Microcystis* nodes (species) over time.

Conditionally rare nodes are highlighted with an asterisk (*).

Figure S5

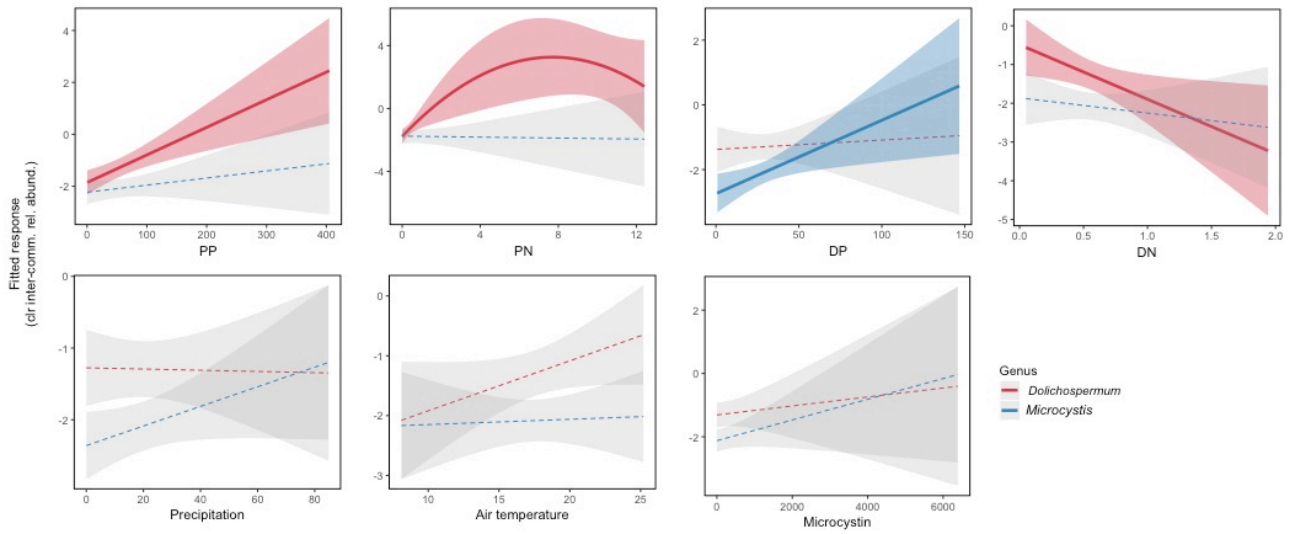


Figure S5. Best-fit polynomial models of the response of *Dolichospermum* (A) and *Microcystis* (B) genera to abiotic factors where the centered-log relative abundance of each genera is expressed in proportion to the total abundance of the bacterial community (clr-inter). Significant relationships are shown by solid lines and coloured confidence intervals. In most cases, the degree-1 polynomial (linear model) provided the best-fit.

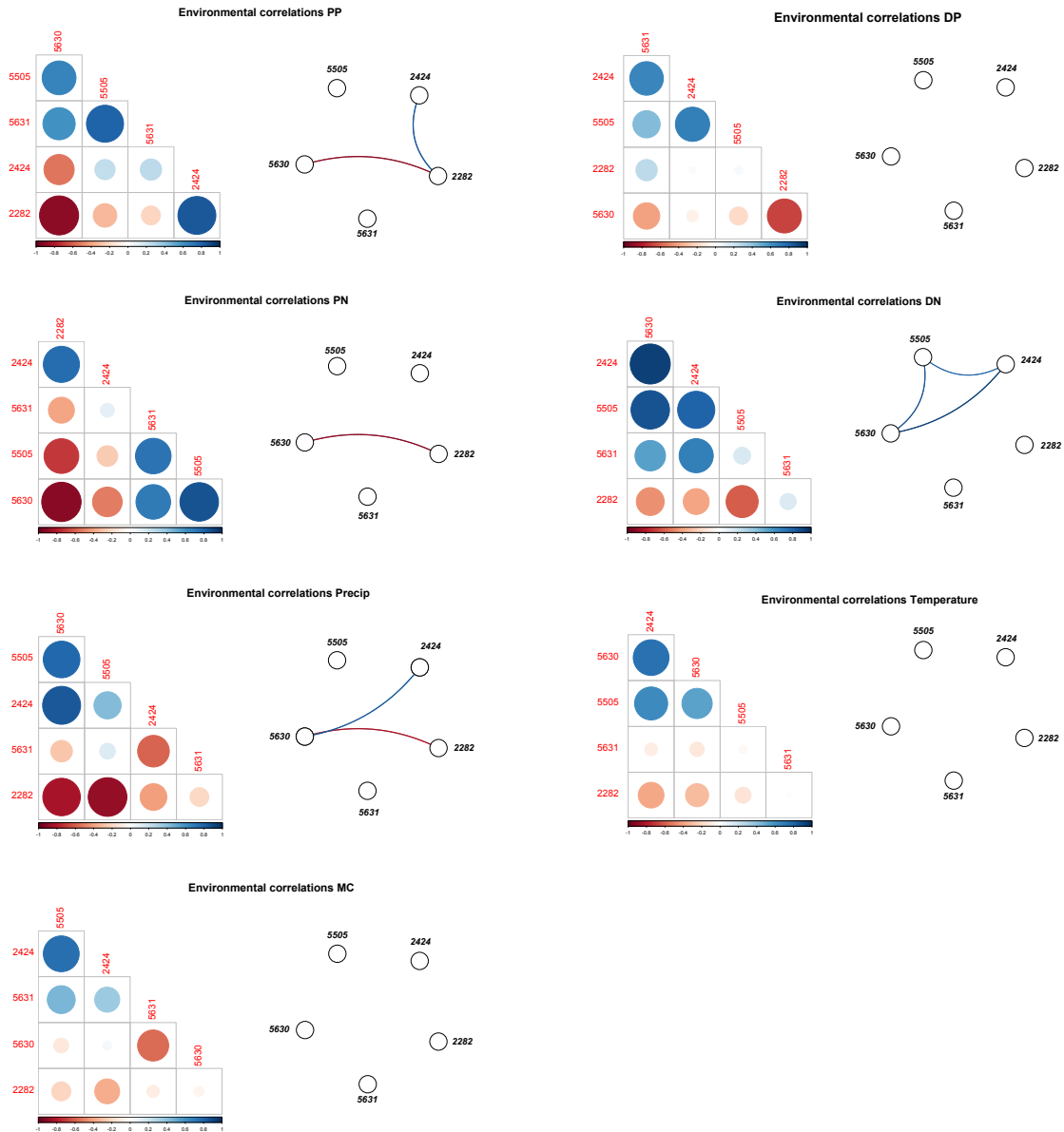


Figure S6

Figure S6. Summary of LVM co-response analysis of *Dolichospermum* nodes to environmental variables. The corrplot (left) shows all correlations among fitted responses, whereas the networks (right) show only the significant correlations among these. The colour of the network lines match those in the corrplot (blues = positive co-response, red = niche separation)

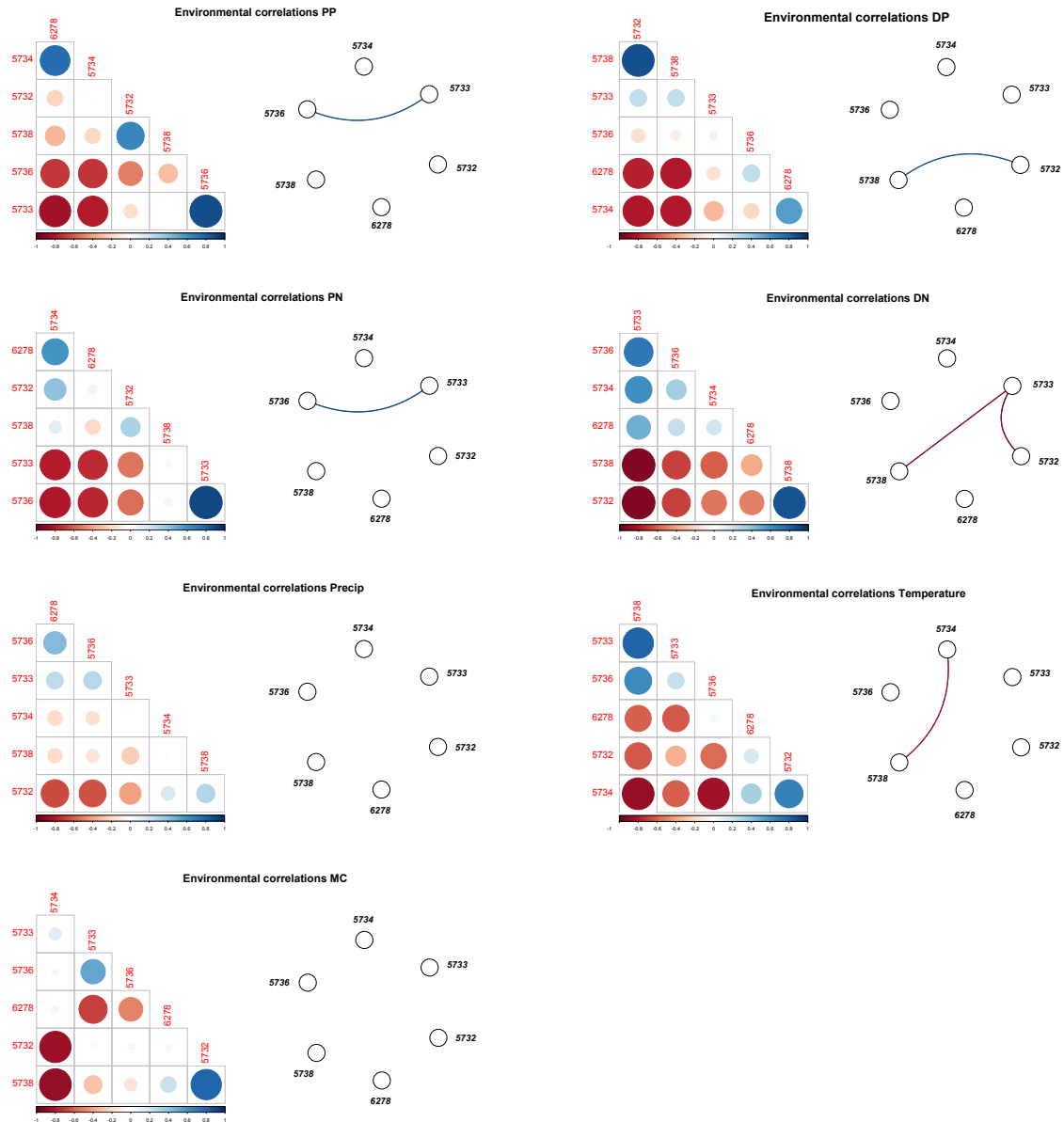


Figure S7

Figure S7. Co-responses analysis of *Microcystis* nodes to environmental variables. See Figure S6 legend for additional details.

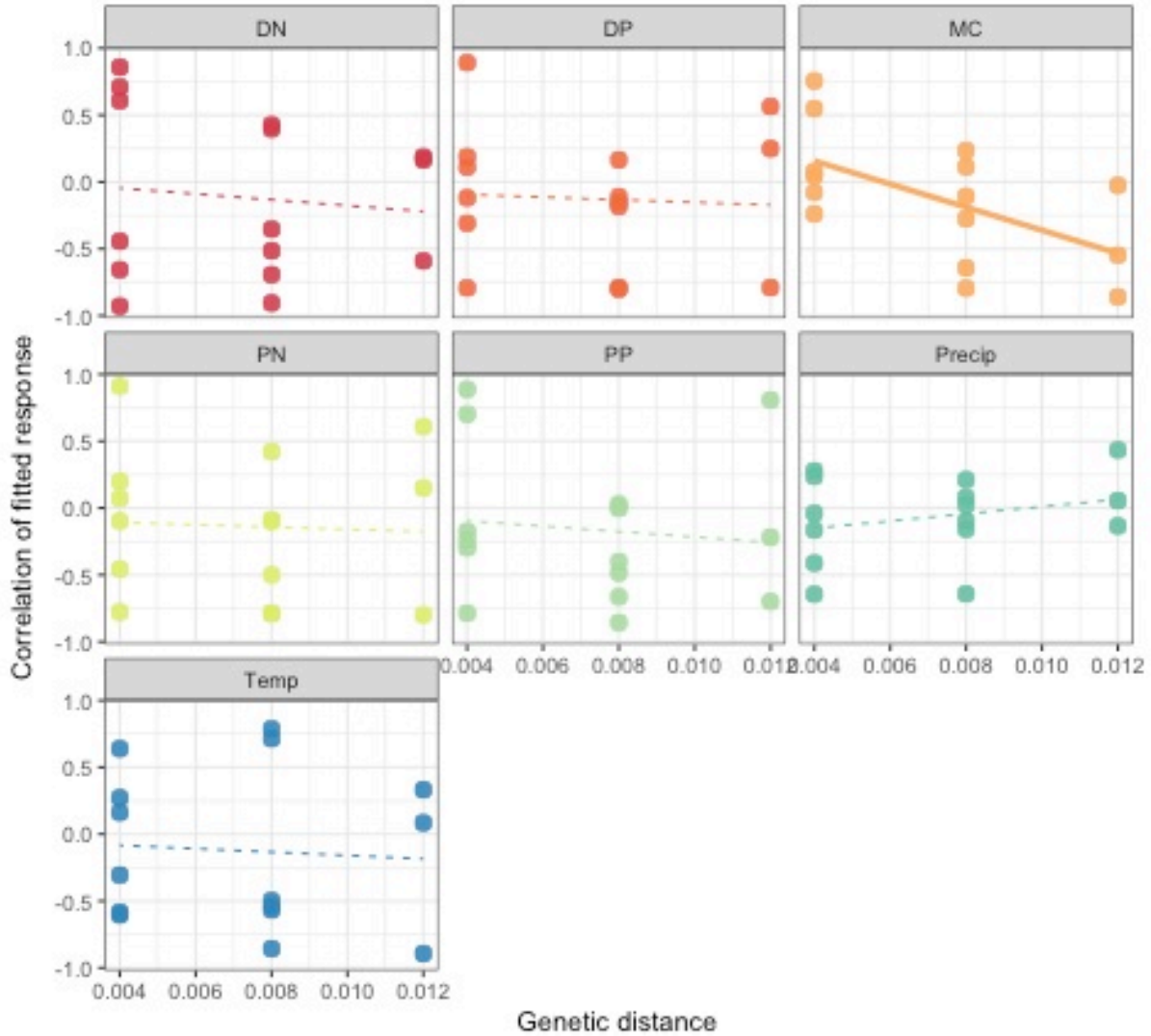


Figure S8. Correlations among the LVM fitted responses of *Microcystis* nodes to each abiotic factor versus their respective pairwise evolutionary distance, where the centered-log relative abundance of each *Microcystis* node is expressed in proportion to the total *Microcystis* abundance (clr-intra). Separate linear and nonlinear models were tested for each abiotic driver; see Table S4 for model results.

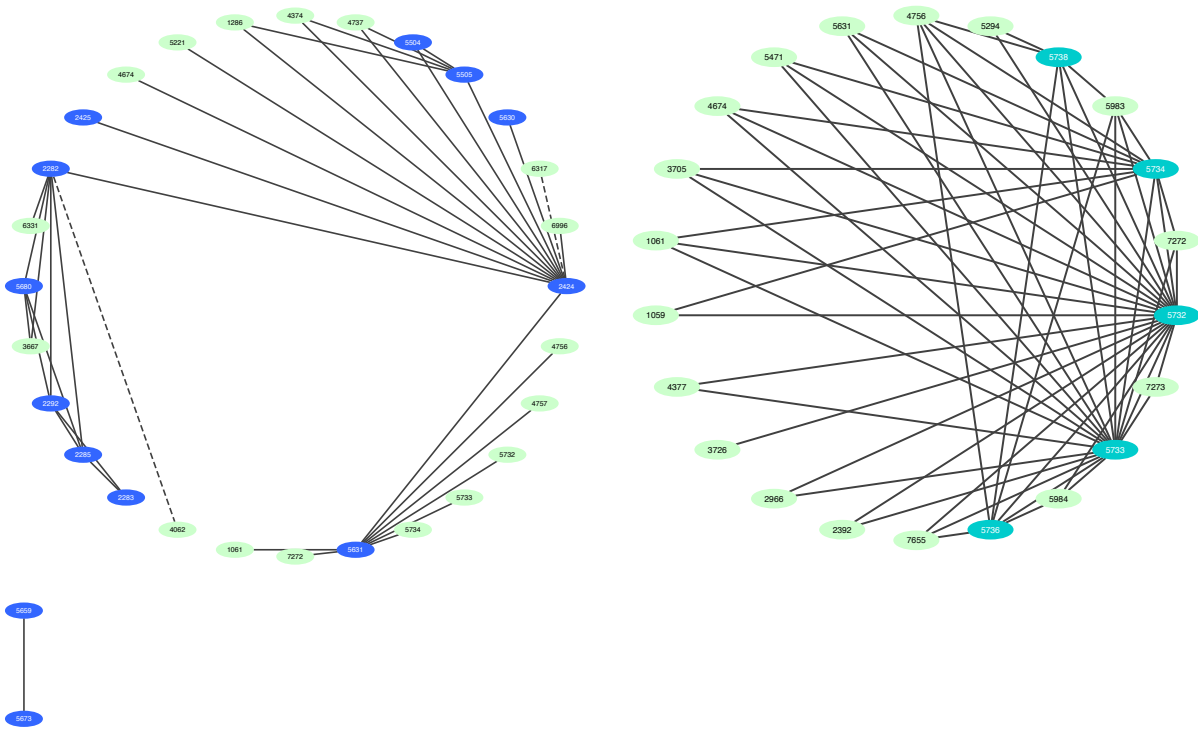


Figure S9. *Dolichospermum* (left) and *Microcystis* (right) SparCC co-occurrence network. Respectively 13/25 *Dolichospermum* and 5/6 *Microcystis* nodes have significant correlations with other taxa. Light green circles indicate taxa that are interacting with *Dolichospermum* or *Microcystis*, blue circles indicate *Dolichospermum* taxa (left), and turquoise circles indicate *Microcystis* taxa (right). Dashed lines show negative correlations.